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Campus QoS Design

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Recuerde siempre:

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- Apagar su teléfono móvil/pager, o usar el modo “silencioso”.



- Completar la evaluación de esta sesión y entregarla a los asistentes de sala.



- Ser puntual para asistir a todas las actividades de entrenamiento, almuerzos y eventos sociales para un desarrollo óptimo de la agenda.



- Completar la evaluación general incluida en su mochila y entregarla el miércoles 8 de Junio en los mostradores de registración. Al entregarla recibirá un regalo recordatorio del evento.

How is QoS Optimally Deployed?

- 1) Strategically define the business objectives to be achieved via QoS.**
- 2) Analyze the service-level requirements of the various traffic classes to be provisioned for.**
- 3) Design and test the QoS policies prior to production-network rollout.**
- 4) Roll-out the tested QoS designs to the production-network in phases, during scheduled downtime.**
- 5) Monitor service levels to ensure that the QoS objectives are being met.**

General QoS Design Principles

Start with the Objectives: Not the Tools

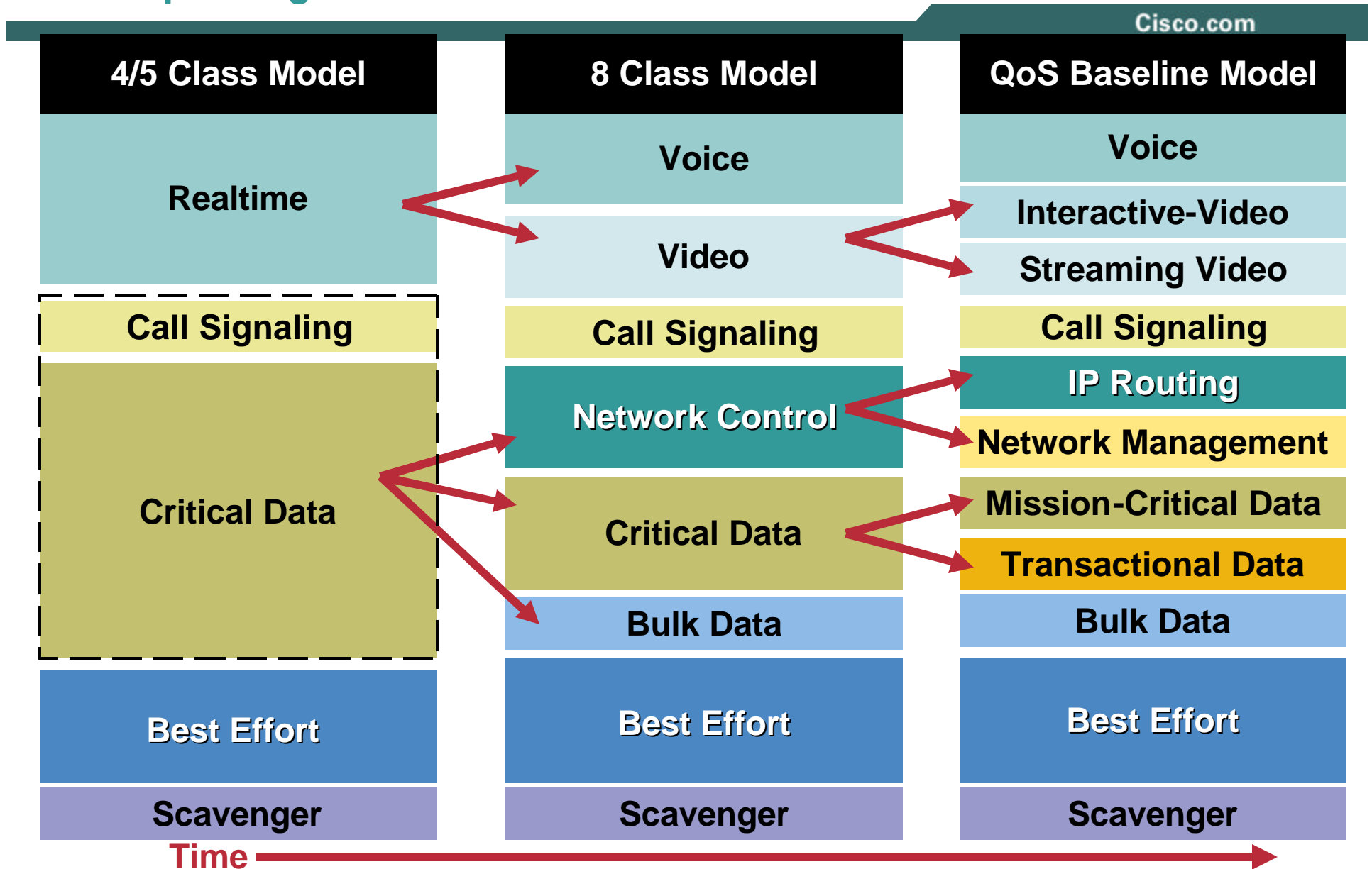
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- **Clearly define the organizational objectives**
Protect voice? video? data? DoS/worm mitigation?
- **Assign as few applications as possible to be treated as “mission-critical”**
- **Seek executive endorsement of the QoS objectives prior to design and deployment**
- **Determine how many classes of traffic are required to meet the organizational objectives**
More classes = more granular service-guarantees

How Many Classes of Service Do I Need?

Expanding the Number of Classes of Service over Time

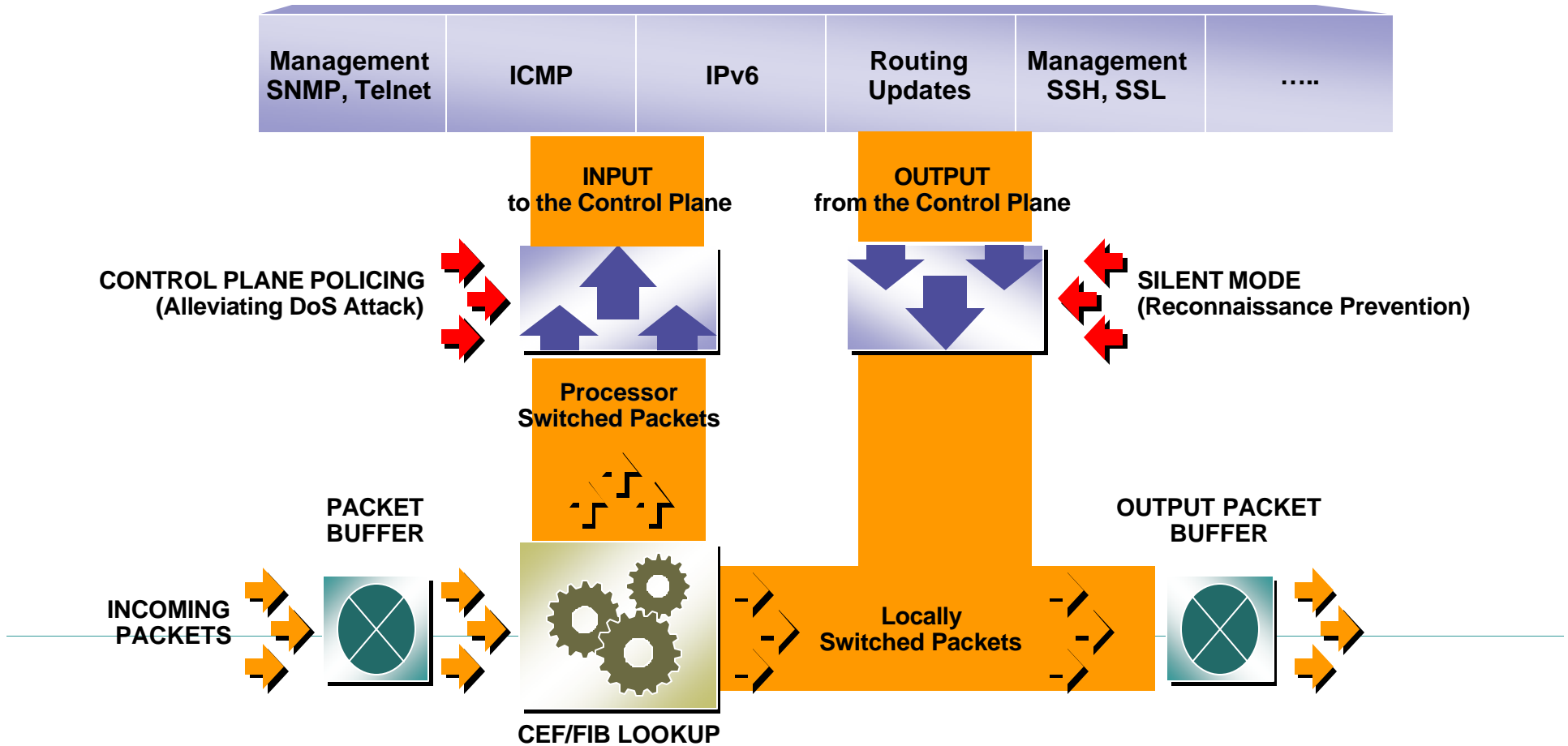
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QoS for DoS/Worm Attack Mitigation

Introduction to Control Plane Policing

CONTROL PLANE



QoS for DoS/Worm Attack Mitigation

Data Plane Policing via the Scavenger-Class

- The **Scavenger** class is an Internet 2 Draft Specification for a “less-than best effort” service
- There is an implied “good faith” commitment for the “best effort” traffic class

It is generally assumed that at least some network resources will be available for the default class

- Scavenger class markings can be used to distinguish out-of-profile/abnormal traffic flows from in-profile/normal flows

The Scavenger class marking is DSCP CS1 (8)

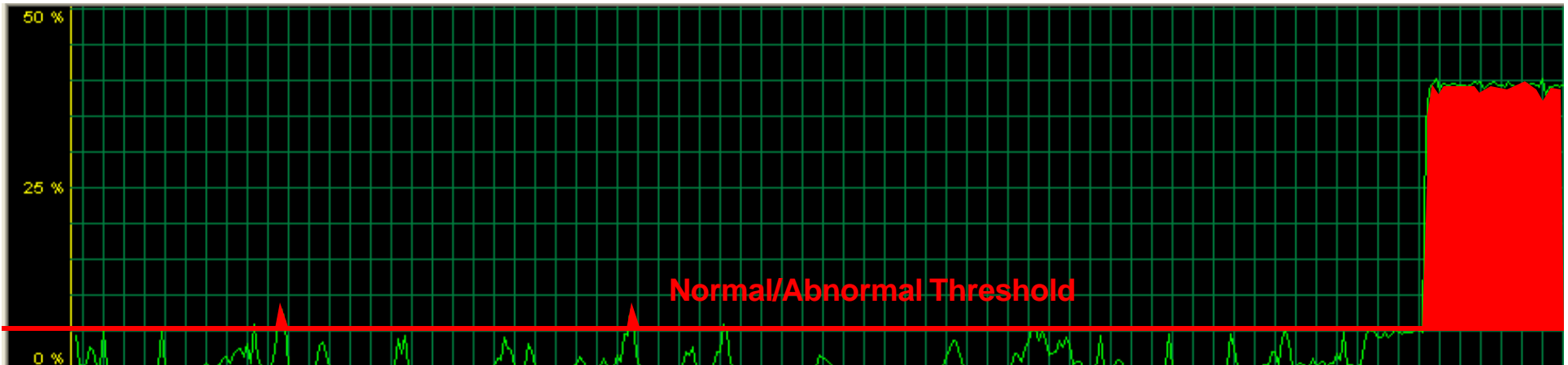
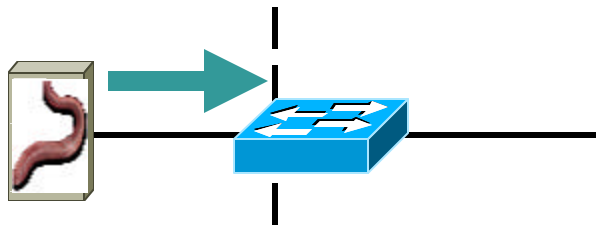
- Scavenger traffic is assigned a “less-than best effort” queuing treatment whenever congestion occurs

Data Plane Policing (Scavenger-Class QoS)

Part 1 - First Order Anomaly Detection

- All end systems generate traffic spikes, but worms create sustained spikes
- Normal/Abnormal threshold set at approx 95% confidence
- No dropping at campus access-edge! Only remarking

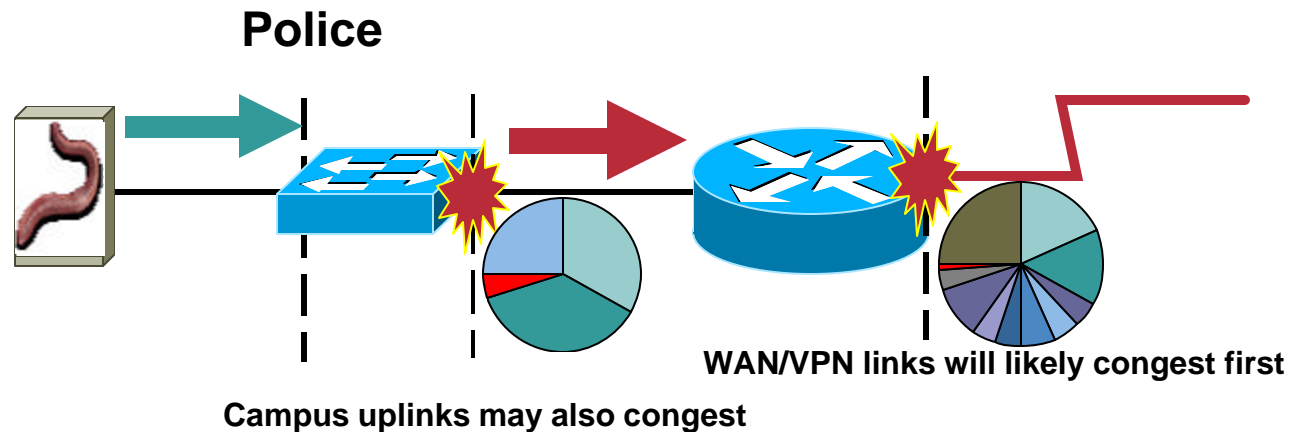
Policing and Remarking (if necessary)



Data Plane Policing (Scavenger-Class QoS)

Part 2 - Second Order Anomaly Reaction

- Queuing only engages if links become congested
 - When congestion occurs, drops will also occur
- Scavenger-class QoS allows for increased intelligence in the dropping decision
 - **'abnormal'** traffic flows will be dropped aggressively
 - **'normal'** traffic flows will continue to receive network service



Queuing will engage when links become congested and traffic previously marked as Scavenger is dropped aggressively

Classification and Marking Design Principles

Where and How Should Marking Be Done?

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- **QoS policies (in general) should always be performed in hardware, rather than software, whenever a choice exists**
- **Classify and mark applications as close to their sources as technically and administratively feasible**
- **Use DSCP markings whenever possible**
- **Follow standards-based DSCP PHBs to ensure interoperability and future expansion**
 - **RFC 2474 Class Selector code points**
 - **RFC 2597 Assured Forwarding classes**
 - **RFC 3246 Expedited Forwarding**

Classification and Marking

QoS Baseline Marking Recommendations

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| Application | L3 Classification | | | L2 CoS |
|-----------------------|-------------------|-------|------|--------|
| | IPP | PHB | DSCP | |
| Routing | 6 | CS6 | 48 | 6 |
| Voice | 5 | EF | 46 | 5 |
| Video Conferencing | 4 | AF41 | 34 | 4 |
| Streaming Video | 4 | CS4 | 32 | 4 |
| Mission-Critical Data | 3 | AF31* | 26 | 3 |
| Call Signaling | 3 | CS3* | 24 | 3 |
| Transactional Data | 2 | AF21 | 18 | 2 |
| Network Management | 2 | CS2 | 16 | 2 |
| Bulk Data | 1 | AF11 | 10 | 1 |
| Scavenger | 1 | CS1 | 8 | 1 |
| Best Effort | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

Policing Design Principles

Where and How Should Policing Be Done?

- **Police traffic flows as close to their sources as possible**
- **Perform markdown according to standards-based rules, whenever supported**
 - **RFC 2597 specifies how assured forwarding traffic classes should be marked down (AF11 → AF12 → AF13) which should be done whenever DSCP-based WRED is supported on egress queues**
 - **Cisco Catalyst platforms currently do not support DSCP-based WRED, so Scavenger-class remarking is a viable alternative**
 - **Additionally, non-AF classes do not have a standards-based markdown scheme, so Scavenger-class remarking is a viable option**

DoS/Worm Mitigation Design Principles

How Can QoS Tools Contain Attacks?

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- **Profile applications to determine what constitutes “normal” vs. “abnormal” flows (within a 95% confidence interval)**
- **Deploy campus access-edge policers to remark abnormal traffic to Scavenger**
 - DSCP CS1 (8)**
- **Deploy a second-line of defense at the Distribution-Layer via per-user rate-limiting or per-user microflow policing**
 - Cisco Catalyst 4500 or Catalyst 6500 PFC3**
- **Provision end-to-end “less-than-Best-Effort” Scavenger-class queuing policies**
 - Campus + WAN + VPN**
- **Protect Control Plane via Control Plane Policing**
 - Catalyst 6500 PFC3**

Queuing Design Principles

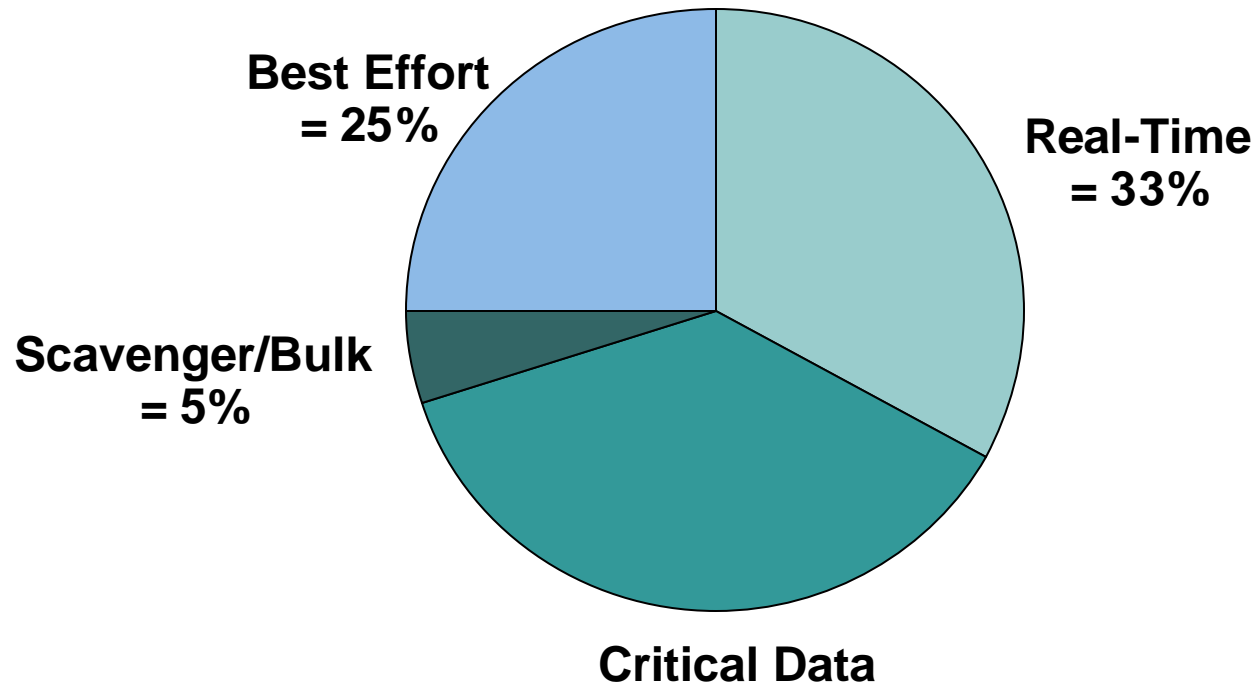
Where and How Should Queuing Be Done?

- The only way to provide service **GUARANTEES** is to enable queuing at any node that has the potential for congestion
 - Regardless of how rarely—in fact—this may occur
- At least 25 percent of a link's bandwidth should be reserved for the default Best Effort class
- Limit the amount of strict-priority queuing to 33 percent of a link's capacity
- Whenever a Scavenger queuing class is enabled, it should be assigned a minimal amount of bandwidth
- To ensure consistent PHBs, configure consistent queuing policies in the Campus + WAN + VPN, according to platform capabilities
- Enable WRED on all TCP flows, whenever supported
 - Preferably DSCP-based WRED

Campus Queuing Design

Realtime, Best Effort and Scavenger Queuing Rules

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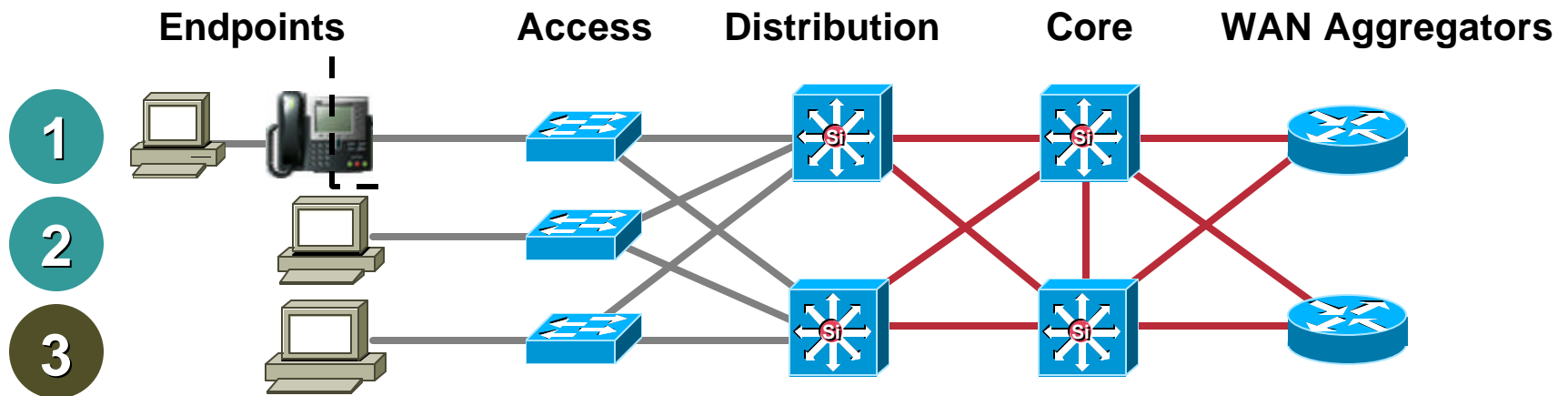


CAMPUS QoS DESIGN CONSIDERATIONS



Campus QoS Considerations

Establishing Trust-Boundaries



TRUST BOUNDARY

- 1 Optimal Trust Boundary: Trusted Endpoint
- 2 Optimal Trust Boundary: Untrusted Endpoint
- 3 Sub-Optimal Trust Boundary

Access-Edge Trust Models

Endpoints and Endpoint-Categories

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Endpoints

- **Analog gateways**
- **IP conferencing stations**
- **Videoconferencing gateways and systems**
- **Video surveillance units**
- **Wireless access points**
- **Wireless IP phones**
- **Servers**
- **Client PCs**

Endpoint Categories

- **Trusted endpoints**
- **Untrusted endpoints**
- **Conditionally-trusted endpoints**

Campus QoS Considerations

Trust Boundary Extension and Operation



- 1 Switch and Phone Exchange CDP; Trust Boundary Is Extended to IP Phone
- 2 Phone Sets CoS to 5 for VoIP and to 3 for Call-Signaling Traffic
- 3 Phone Rewrites CoS from PC Port to 0
- 4 Switch Trusts CoS from Phone and Maps CoS → DSCP for Output Queuing

Campus QoS Considerations

Cisco 7912G Breaks the Conditional Trust Boundary

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- 1 Switch and Phone Exchange CDP; Trust Boundary Is Extended to IP Phone
- 2 Phone Sets CoS to 5 for VoIP and to 3 for Call-Signaling Traffic
- 3 Cisco 7912G IP Phone **Does Not Rewrite CoS from PC Port to 0**
- 4 Switch Trusts CoS from Phone and Maps CoS → DSCP for Output Queuing

Campus QoS Access Edge Trust Models

- **Trusted Endpoint Model**
- **AutoQoS – VoIP Model**
- **PC + SoftPhone + Scavenger Model**
- **IP Phone + PC + Scavenger (Basic) Model**
- **IP Phone + PC + Scavenger (Advanced) Model**

Access-Edge Trust Models

Trusted Endpoint Model

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- DSCP from endpoint is accepted and admitted onto the network unaltered
- Policing is optional



AutoQoS – VoIP Model

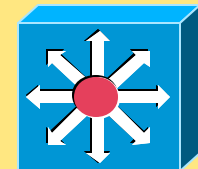
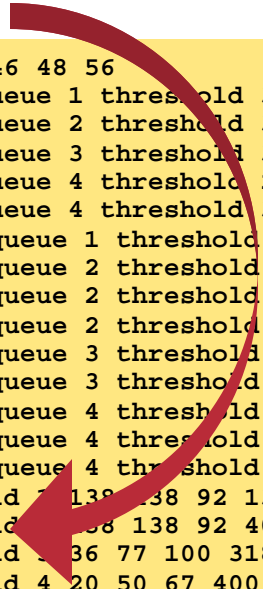
AutoQoS VoIP for Catalyst Switches

CAT2970(config-if)#auto qos voip cisco-phone

```

mls qos map cos-dscp 0 0 10 20 30 40 46 48 56
mls qos srr-queue output cos-map queue 1 threshold 3 5
mls qos srr-queue output cos-map queue 2 threshold 3 3 6 7
mls qos srr-queue output cos-map queue 3 threshold 3 2 4
mls qos srr-queue output cos-map queue 4 threshold 2 1
mls qos srr-queue output cos-map queue 4 threshold 3 0
mls qos srr-queue output dscp-map queue 1 threshold 3 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47
mls qos srr-queue output dscp-map queue 2 threshold 3 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31
mls qos srr-queue output dscp-map queue 2 threshold 3 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55
mls qos srr-queue output dscp-map queue 2 threshold 3 56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63
mls qos srr-queue output dscp-map queue 3 threshold 3 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23
mls qos srr-queue output dscp-map queue 3 threshold 3 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39
mls qos srr-queue output dscp-map queue 4 threshold 1 8
mls qos srr-queue output dscp-map queue 4 threshold 2 9 10 11 12 13 14 15
mls qos srr-queue output dscp-map queue 4 threshold 3 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7
mls qos queue-set output 1 threshold 1 138 138 92 138
mls qos queue-set output 1 threshold 2 138 138 92 400
mls qos queue-set output 1 threshold 3 36 77 100 318
mls qos queue-set output 1 threshold 4 20 50 67 400
mls qos queue-set output 2 threshold 1 149 149 100 149
mls qos queue-set output 2 threshold 2 118 118 100 235
mls qos queue-set output 2 threshold 3 41 68 100 272
mls qos queue-set output 2 threshold 4 42 72 100 242
mls qos queue-set output 1 buffers 10 10 26 54
mls qos queue-set output 2 buffers 16 6 17 61
mls qos
!
!
interface GigabitEthernet0/1
  srr-queue bandwidth share 10 10 60 20
  srr-queue bandwidth shape 10 0 0 0
  queue-set 2
  mls qos trust device cisco-phone
  mls qos trust cos
  auto qos voip cisco-phone
!

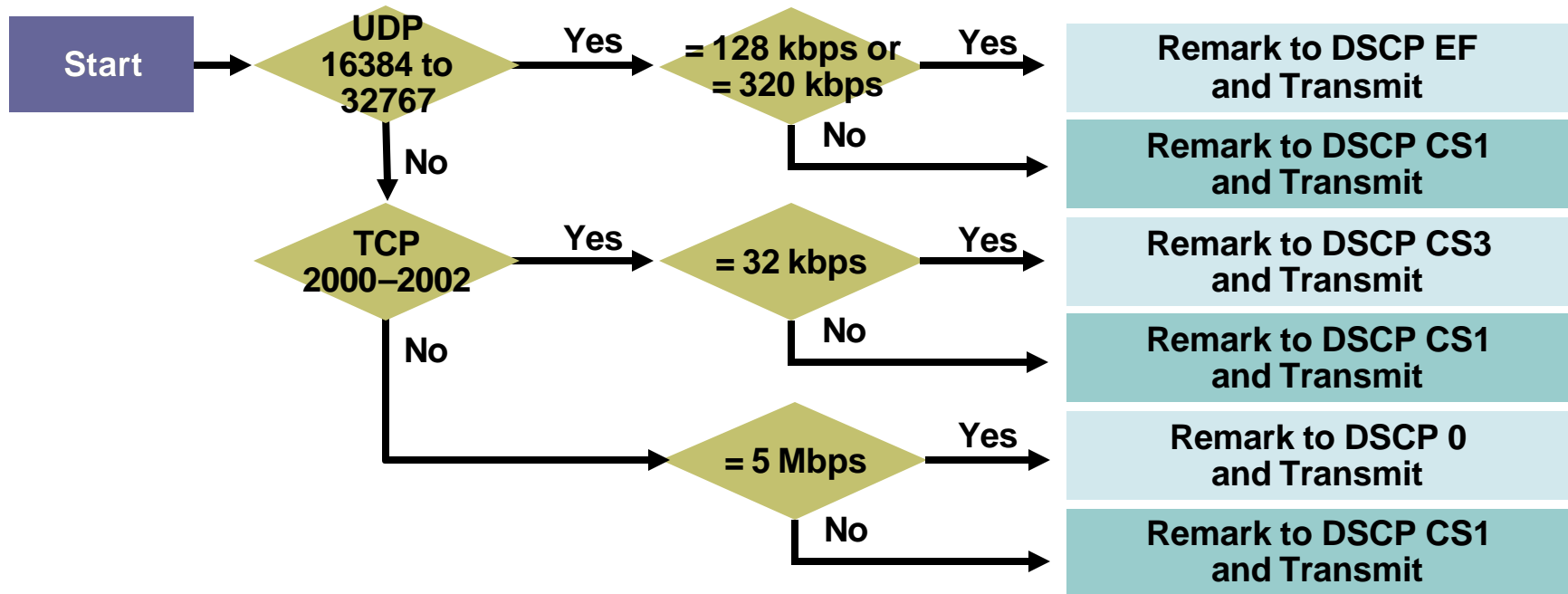
```



Access-Edge Trust Models

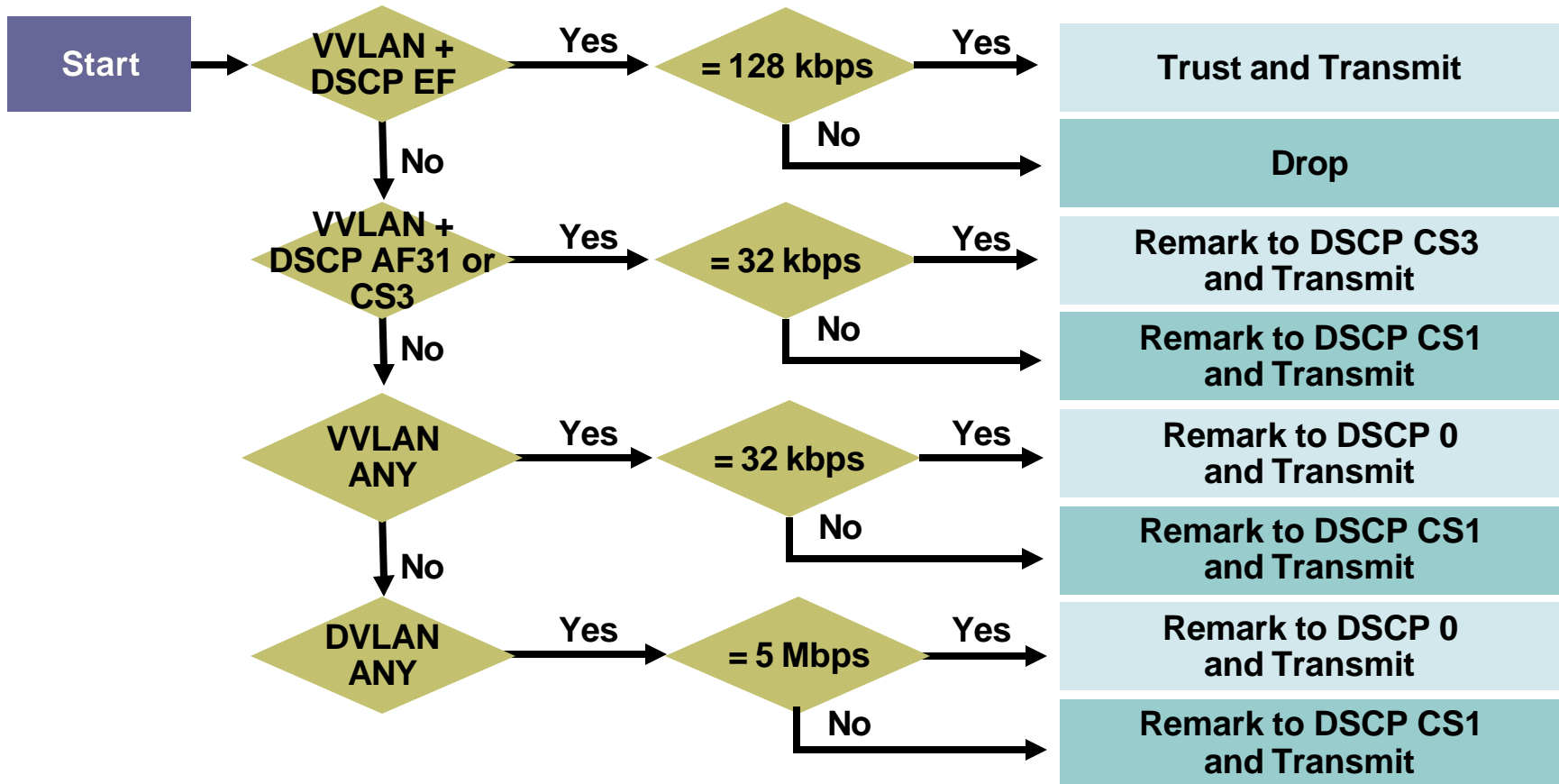
PC + SoftPhone + Scavenger Model

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Access-Edge Trust Models

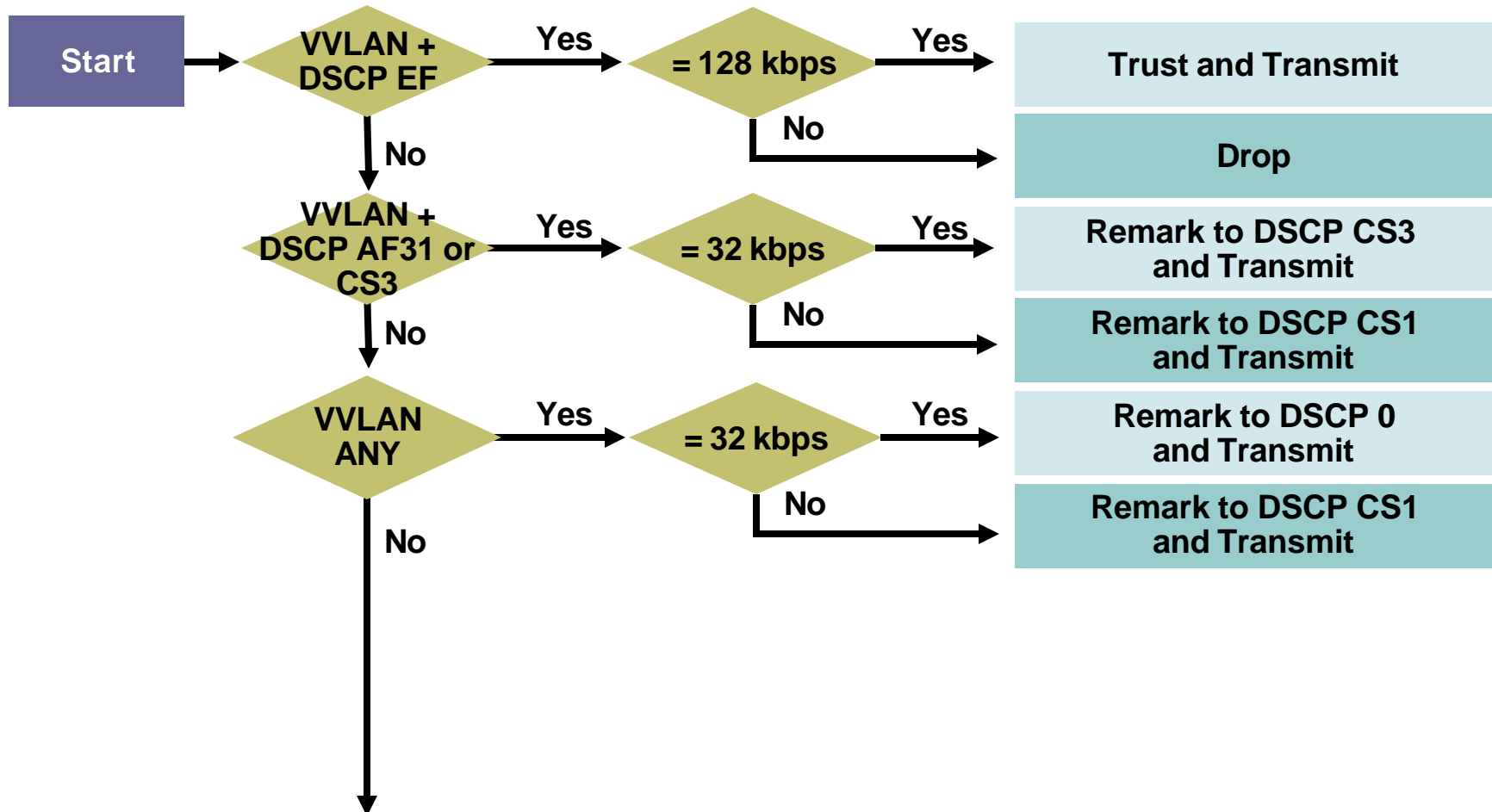
IP Phone + PC + Scavenger (Basic) Model



Access-Edge Trust Models

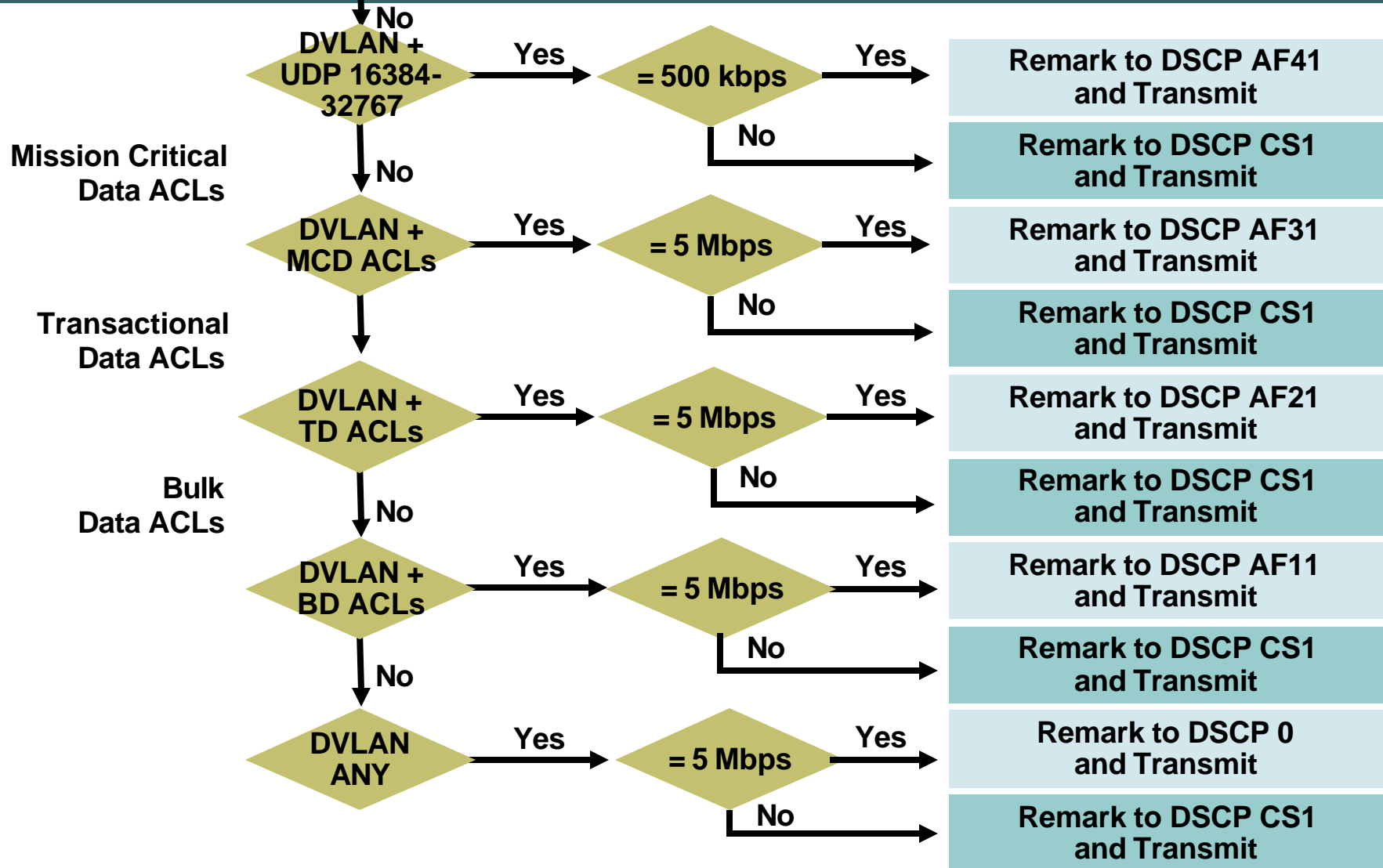
IP Phone + PC + Scavenger (Advanced) Model: Part 1

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Access-Edge Trust Models

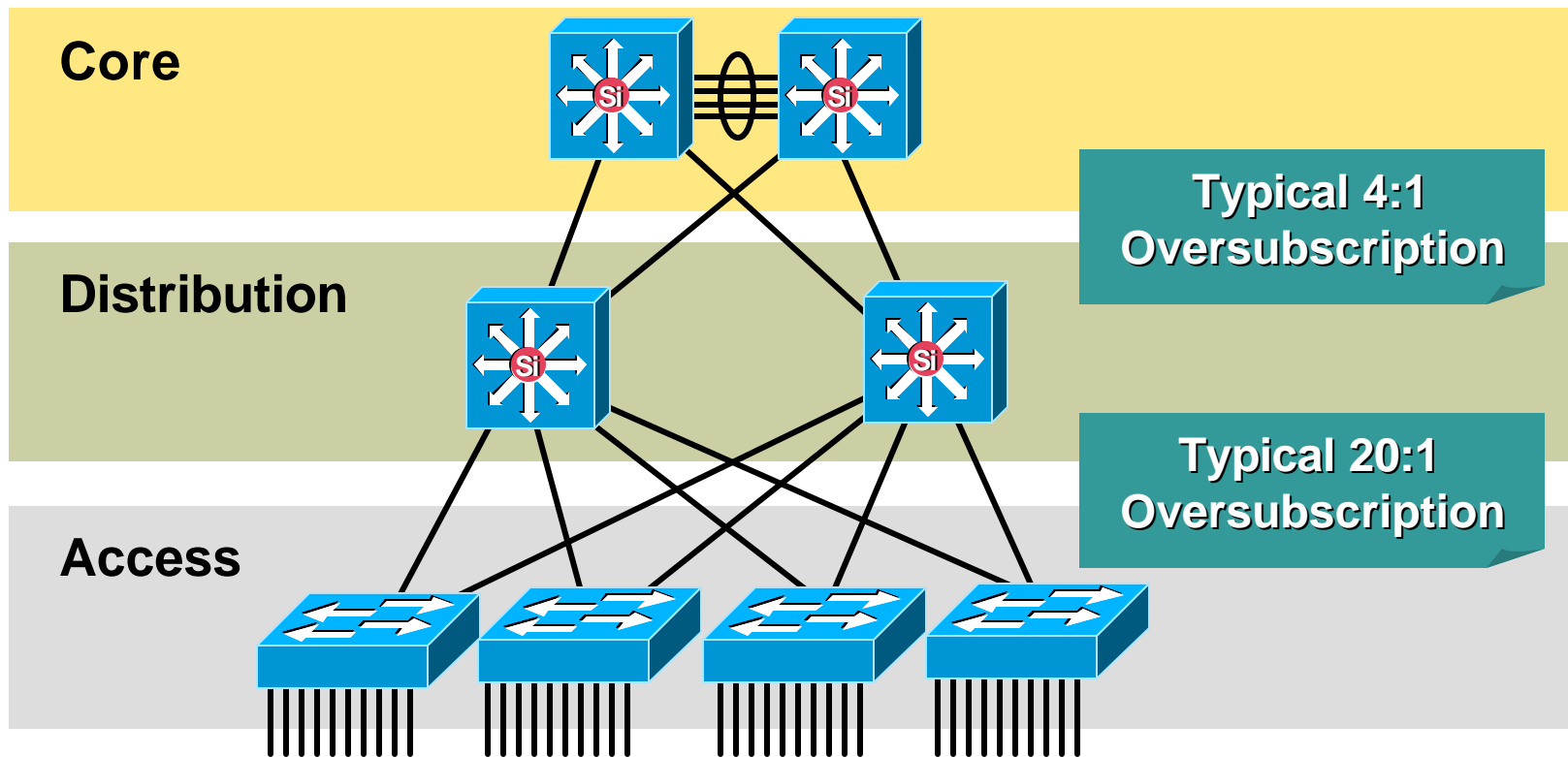
IP Phone + PC + Scavenger (Advanced) Model: Part 2



Campus QoS Considerations

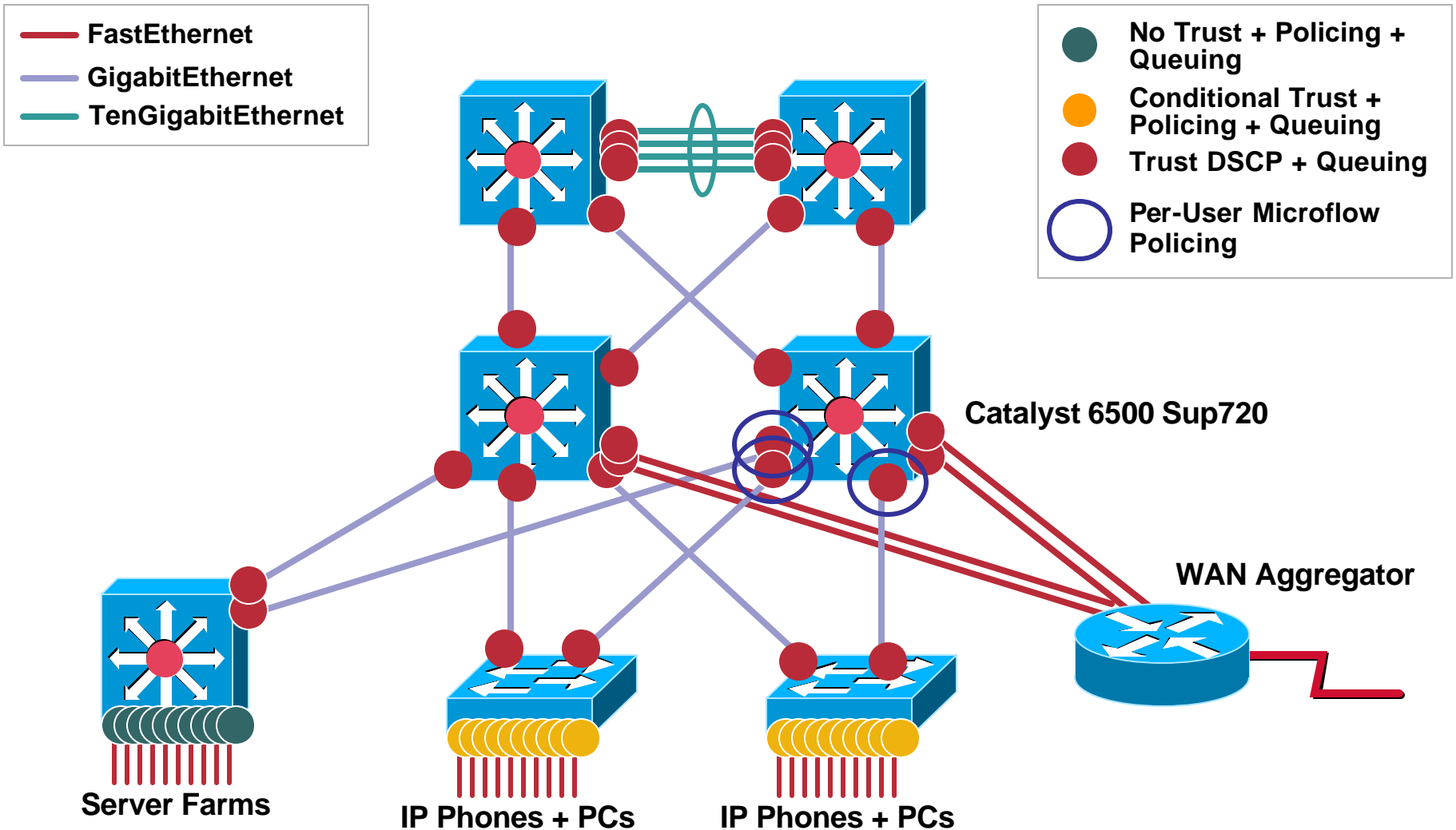
Typical Campus Oversubscription Ratios

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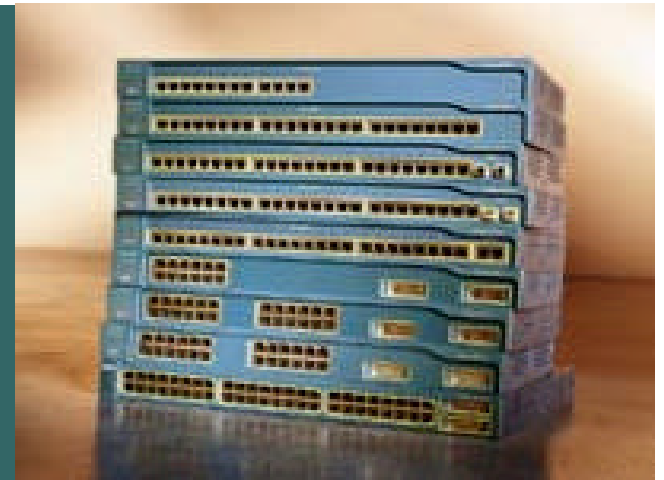


Campus QoS Considerations

Where Is QoS Required Within the Campus?



CISCO CATALYST 2950 QOS DESIGN



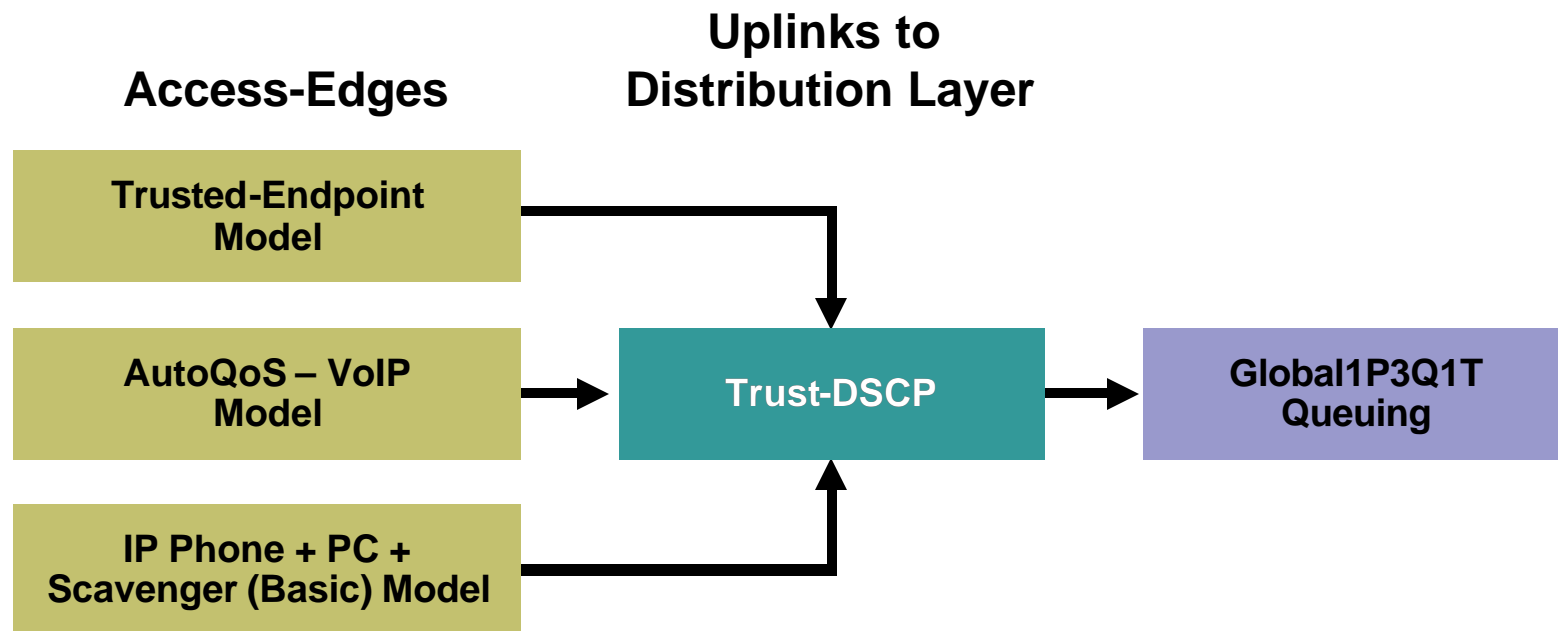
Catalyst 2950

QoS Design Considerations

- **Certain QoS features require the Enhanced Image (EI)**
- **Not all DSCP values are supported**
 - **Only DSCP values 0, 8, 10, 16, 18, 24, 26, 32, 34, 40, 46, 48, and 56**
- **System-defined masks are allowed in class maps restrictions**
- **There is no support for policing at a VLAN level**
- **Minimum policing granularity is 1 Mbps (for 10/100 ports)**
- **Supports 4Q1T queuing or 1P3Q1T queuing**
 - **Q4 can be enabled as a Priority Queue**

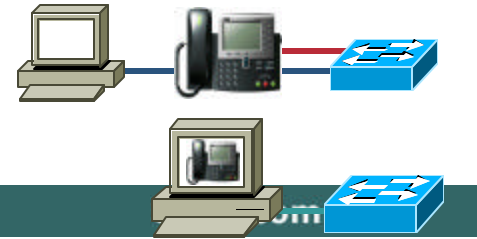
Cisco Catalyst 2950 QoS Design

Access-Layer Cisco Catalyst 2950 Design Options



Cisco Catalyst 2950

AutoQoS VoIP Model Example



```
C2950(config-if)#auto qos voip cisco-phone
```

Options:

```
auto qos voip cisco-phone  
auto qos voip cisco-softphone  
auto qos voip trust
```

```
!  
wrr-queue bandwidth 10 20 70 1  
wrr-queue cos-map 1 0 1  
wrr-queue cos-map 2 2 4  
wrr-queue cos-map 3 3 6 7  
wrr-queue cos-map 4 5  
mls qos map cos-dscp 0 8 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 46 48 56  
!  
!  
interface FastEthernet0/1  
  mls qos trust device cisco-phone  
  mls qos trust cos  
  auto qos voip cisco-phone  
!
```

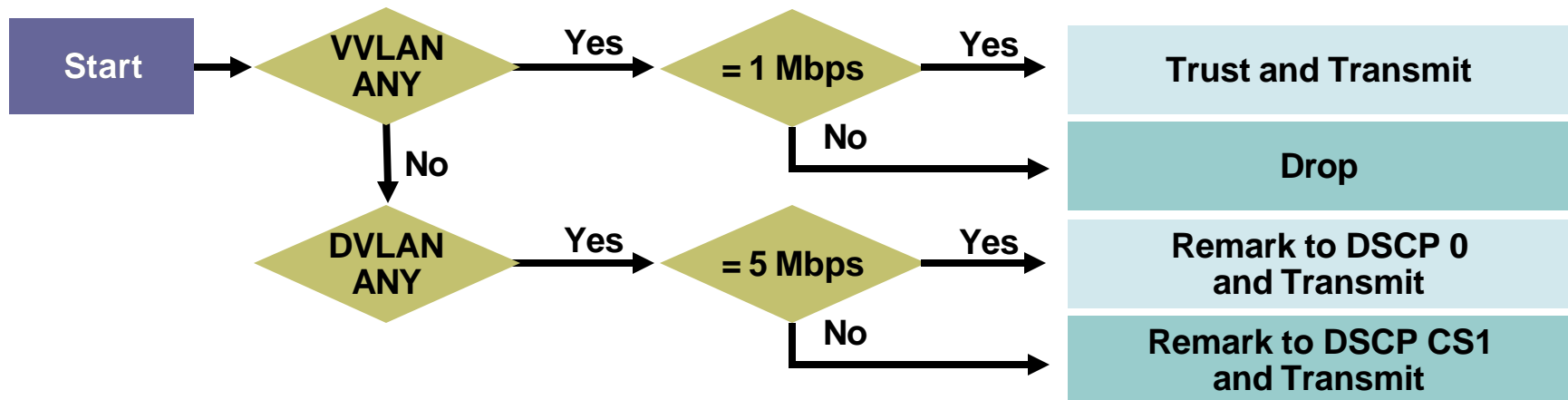


Cisco Catalyst 2950 QoS Design

IP Phone + PC + Scavenger (Basic) Model for the Catalyst 2950

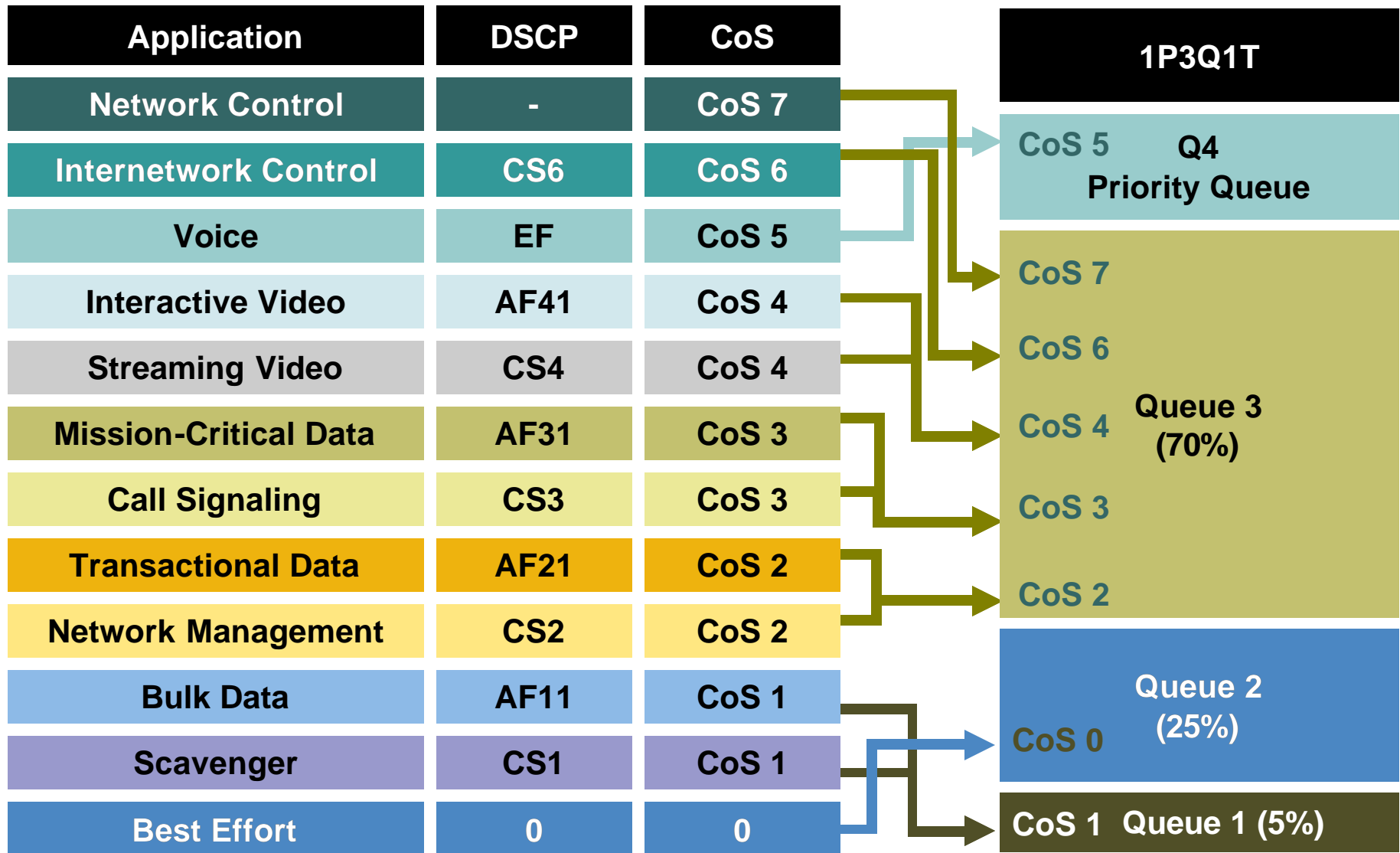


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Cisco Catalyst 2950 QoS Design

Queuing Design (1P3Q1T)



Cisco Catalyst 2950 QoS Design

Queuing Design (1P3Q1T)

```
CAT2950(config)#wrr-queue bandwidth 5 25 70 0
! Q1 gets 5% BW, Q2 gets 25% BW, Q3 gets 70%, Q4 is PQ

CAT2950(config)#
CAT2950(config)#wrr-queue cos-map 1 1 ! Maps Scavenger/Bulk to Q1
CAT2950(config)#wrr-queue cos-map 2 0 ! Maps Best Effort to Q2
CAT2950(config)#wrr-queue cos-map 3 2 3 4 6 7 ! Maps CoS 2,3,4,6,7 to Q3
CAT2950(config)#wrr-queue cos-map 4 5 ! Maps VoIP to Q4 (PQ)
CAT2950(config)#
```

CISCO CATALYST 3550 QOS DESIGN



Catalyst 3550

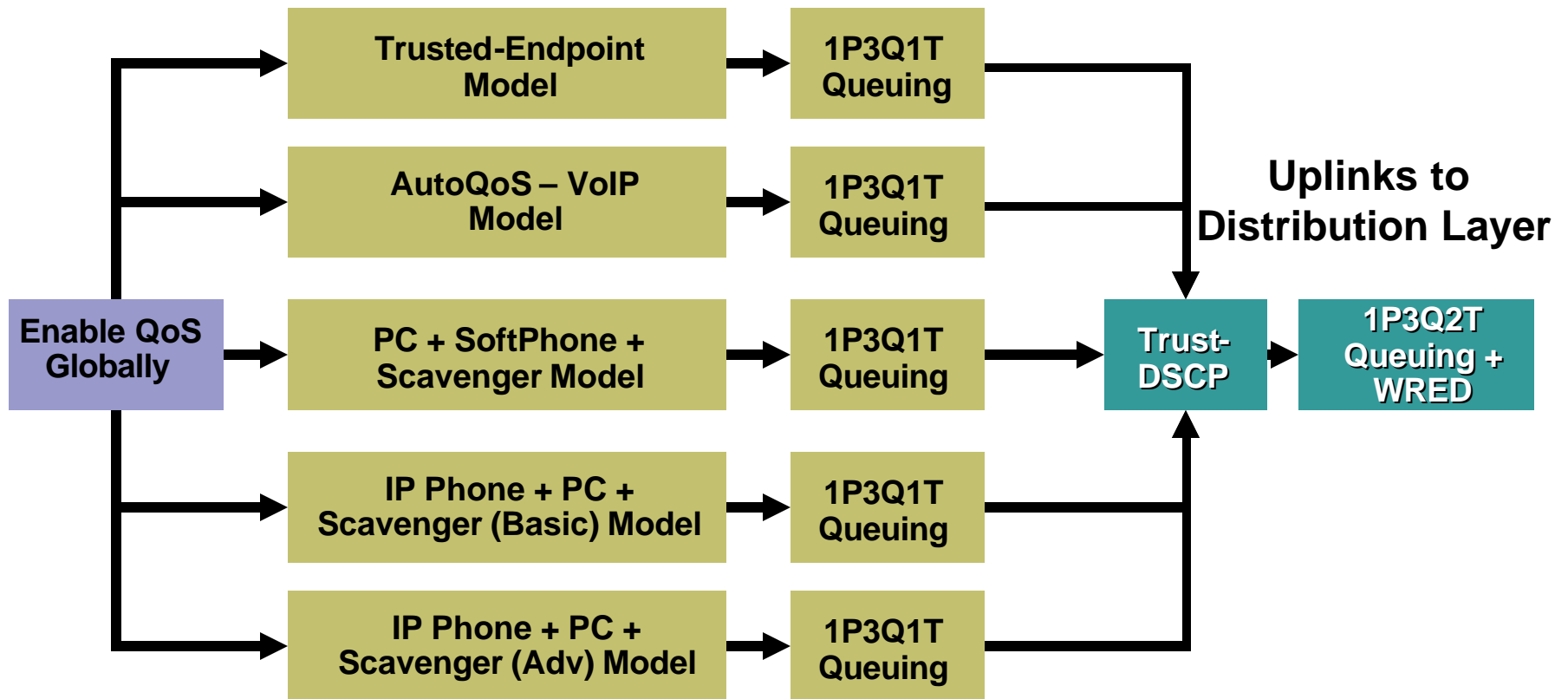
QoS Design Considerations

- QoS disabled by default
- Full DSCP-range is supported
- Classification can be done by trust states, standard and advanced IP ACLs, or MAC ACLs
- Per-Port/Per-VLAN policing is supported
- Minimum policing granularity is 8 kbps
- Supports 4Q1T queuing or 1P3Q1T queuing on FE ports
 - Q4 can be enabled as a Priority Queue
- Supports 4Q2T queuing or 1P3Q2T queuing on GE ports
 - Drop thresholds can be tail drop or WRED

Cisco Catalyst 3550 QoS Design

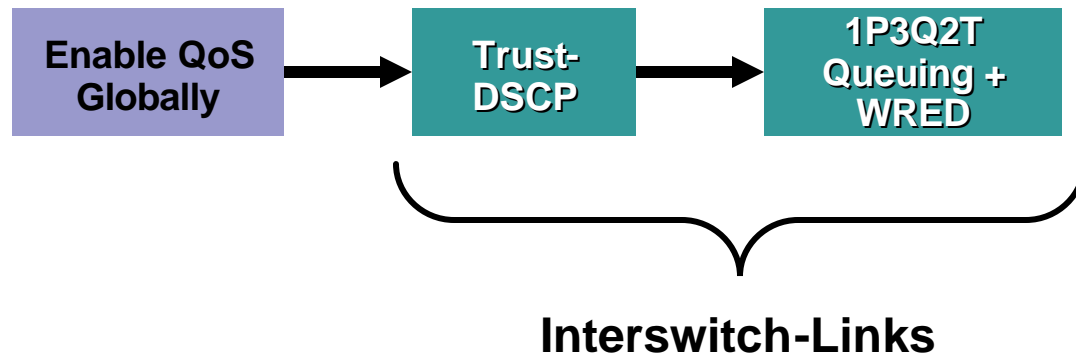
Access-Layer Cisco Catalyst 3550 QoS Design Options

Access-Edges



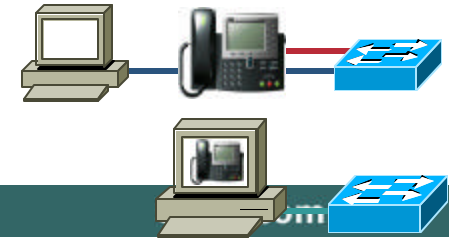
Cisco Catalyst 3550 QoS Design

Distribution-Layer Cisco Catalyst 3550 QoS Design



Cisco Catalyst 3550

AutoQoS VoIP Model Example



C3550(config-if)#auto qos voip cisco-softphone

to 0
46 48 56

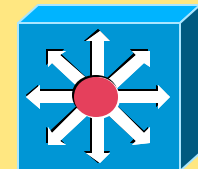
Options:

auto qos voip cisco-phone
auto qos voip cisco-softphone
auto qos voip trust

```

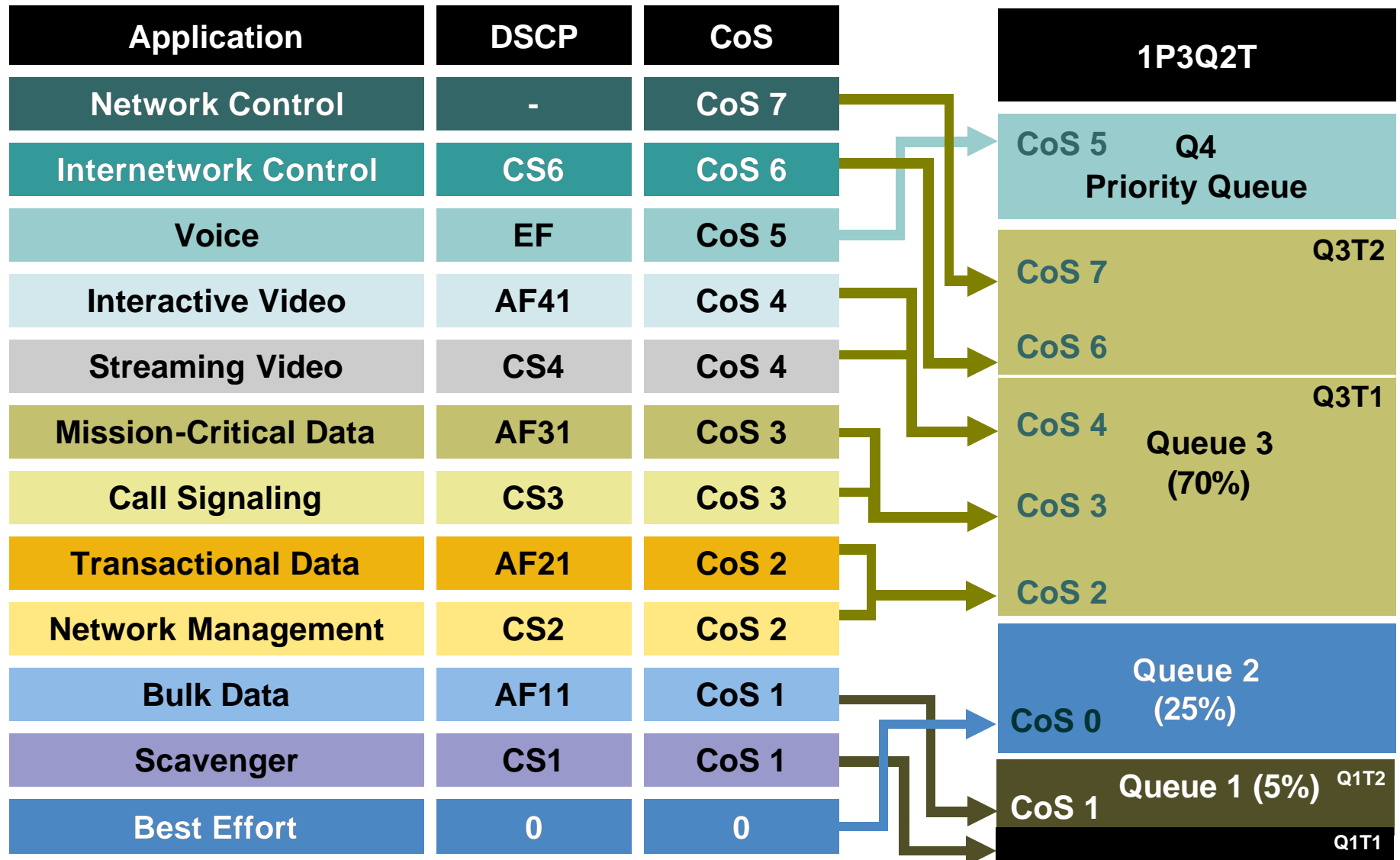
mls qos min-reserve 6 85
mls qos min-reserve 7 51
mls qos min-reserve 8 34
mls qos
!
!
class-map match-all AutoQoS-VoIP-RTP-Trust
  match ip dscp 46
class-map match-all AutoQoS-VoIP-Control-Trust
  match ip dscp 24 26
!
!
policy-map AutoQoS-Police-SoftPhone
  class AutoQoS-VoIP-RTP-Trust
    set ip dscp 46
    police 320000 8000 exceed-action policed-dscp-transmit
  class AutoQoS-VoIP-Control-Trust
    set ip dscp 24
    police 32000 8000 exceed-action policed-dscp-transmit
!
!
interface FastEthernet0/1
  switchport mode dynamic desirable
  auto qos voip cisco-softphone
  wrr-queue bandwidth 10 20 70 1
  wrr-queue min-reserve 1 5
  wrr-queue min-reserve 2 6
  wrr-queue min-reserve 3 7
  wrr-queue min-reserve 4 8
  wrr-queue cos-map 1 0 1
  wrr-queue cos-map 2 2 4
  wrr-queue cos-map 3 3 6 7
  wrr-queue cos-map 4 5
  priority-queue out
  service-policy input AutoQoS-Police-SoftPhone
!

```



Cisco Catalyst 3550 QoS Design

Queuing Design (1P3Q1T on FE and 1P3Q2T on GE)



Cisco Catalyst 3550 QoS Design

Queuing Design (1P3Q1T for FE Interfaces)

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```
CAT3550(config)#interface range FastEthernet0/1 - 48
CAT3550(config-if)# wrr-queue bandwidth 5 25 70 1
                    ! Q1 gets 5 BW%, Q2 gets 25% BW, Q3 gets 70% BW, Q4 is PQ

CAT3550(config-if)# wrr-queue cos-map 1 1                ! Maps Scavenger/Bulk to Q1
CAT3550(config-if)# wrr-queue cos-map 2 0                ! Maps Best Effort to Q2
CAT3550(config-if)# wrr-queue cos-map 3 2 3 4 6 7        ! Maps CoS 2,3,4,6,7 to Q3
CAT3550(config-if)# wrr-queue cos-map 4 5                ! Maps VoIP to Q4 (PQ)
CAT3550(config-if)# priority-queue out                    ! Enables Q4 as PQ
CAT3550(config-if)#exit
CAT3550(config)#
```

Cisco Catalyst 3550 QoS Design

Queuing Design (1P3Q2T for GE Interfaces)

Cisco.com

```
CAT3550(config)#interface range GigabitEthernet 0/1 - 2
CAT3550(config-if-range)# wrr-queue bandwidth 5 25 70 1
    ! Q1 gets 5% BW, Q2 gets 25% BW, Q3 gets 70% BW, Q4 is the PQ
CAT3550(config-if-range)# wrr-queue queue-limit 5 25 40 30
    ! Tunes buffers to 5% for Q1, 25% for Q2, 40% for Q3 and 30% for Q4

CAT3550(config-if-range)# wrr-queue random-detect max-threshold 1 40 100
    ! Sets Q1 WRED threshold 1 to 40% and threshold 2 to 100%
CAT3550(config-if-range)# wrr-queue random-detect max-threshold 2 80 100
    ! Sets Q2 WRED threshold 1 to 80% and threshold 2 to 100%
CAT3550(config-if-range)# wrr-queue random-detect max-threshold 3 80 100
    ! Sets Q3 WRED threshold 1 to 80% and threshold 2 to 100%

CAT3550(config-if)# wrr-queue cos-map 1 1          ! Maps Scavenger/Bulk to Q1
CAT3550(config-if)# wrr-queue cos-map 2 0          ! Maps Best Effort to Q2
CAT3550(config-if)# wrr-queue cos-map 3 2 3 4 6 7 ! Maps CoS 2,3,4,6,7 to Q3
CAT3550(config-if)# wrr-queue cos-map 4 5          ! Assigns VoIP to Q4 (PQ)
CAT3550(config-if-range)# wrr-queue dscp-map 2 10 12 14 48 56
    ! Maps Bulk (10/12/14), Routing (48) and Spanning Tree (Internal DSCP 56)
    ! to WRED threshold 2 of their respective queues;
    ! All other DSCP values are mapped (by default) to WRED threshold 1
    ! of their respective queues
CAT3550(config-if)# priority-queue out             ! Enables Q4 as PQ
CAT3550(config-if-range)#end
CAT3550#
```

CISCO CATALYST 2970/3560/3750 QOS DESIGN



Catalyst 2970/3560/3750

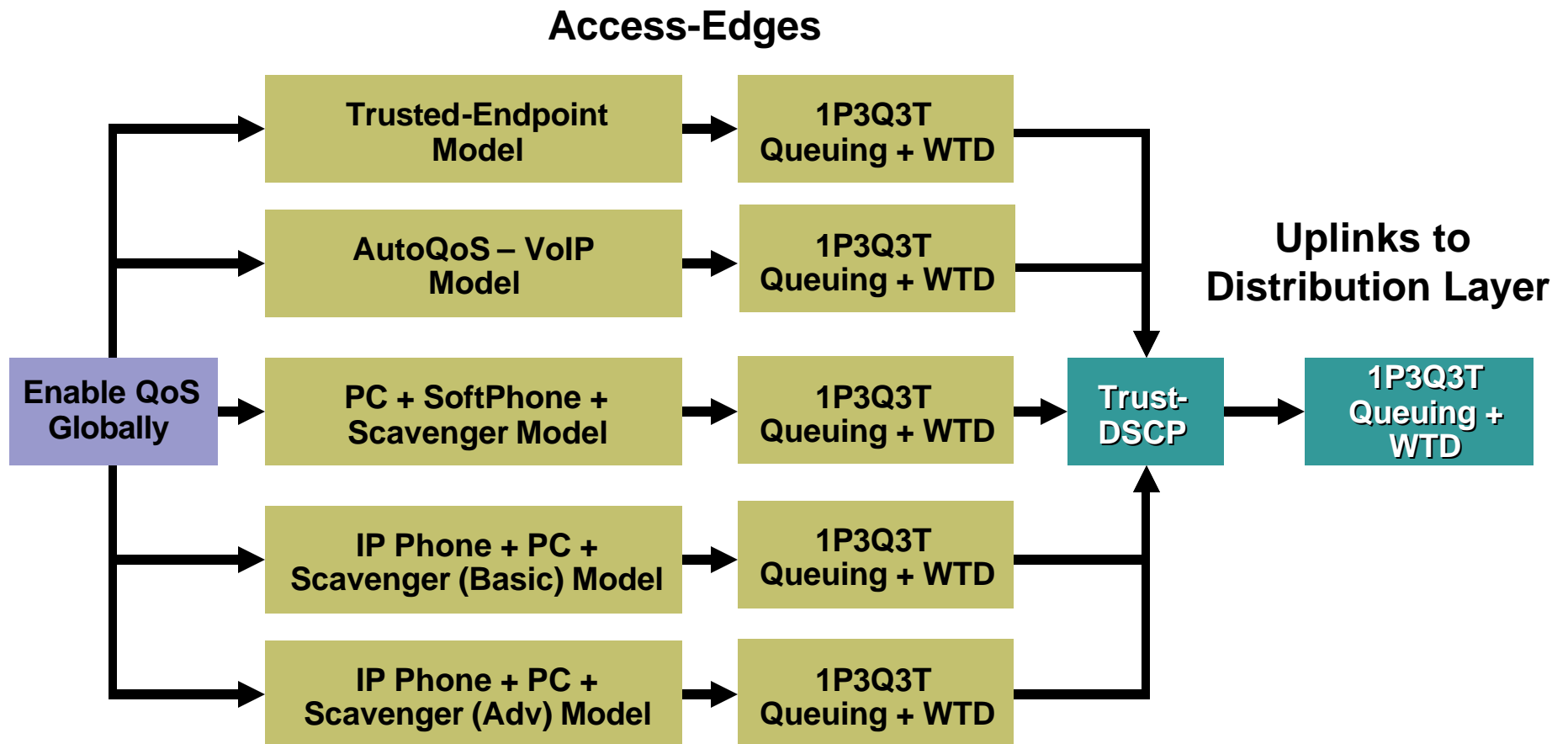
QoS Design Considerations

- **QoS disabled by default**
- **Full DSCP-range is supported**
- **Classification can be done by trust states, standard and advanced IP ACLs, or MAC ACLs**
- **Supports classification, marking & policing by port or by Switched Virtual Interface (SVI) via hierarchical class maps**
- **Minimum policing granularity is 8 kbps**
- **Supports 4Q3T queuing or 1P3Q3T queuing**
 - Q1 can be configured as a Priority Queue**
 - Queues can operate in Shaped or Sharing modes**
 - Each interface can be assigned to one of two queue-sets**
 - Congestion Avoidance algorithm is Weighted Tail Drop (WTD)**

Cisco Catalyst 2970/3560/3750 QoS Design

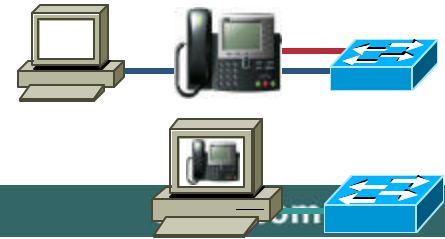
Access-Layer Cisco Catalyst 2970/3560/3750 QoS Design Options

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Cisco Catalyst 2970/3560/3750

AutoQoS VoIP Model Example



CAT2970(config-if)#auto qos voip cisco-phone

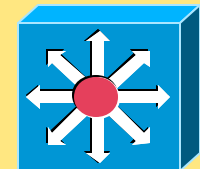
Options:

- auto qos voip cisco-phone
- auto qos voip cisco-softphone
- auto qos voip trust

```

mls qos map cos-dscp 0 0 10 20 30 40 46 48 56
mls qos srr-queue output cos-map queue 1 threshold 3 5
mls qos srr-queue output cos-map queue 2 threshold 3 3 6 7
mls qos srr-queue output cos-map queue 3 threshold 3 2 4
mls qos srr-queue output cos-map queue 4 threshold 2 1
mls qos srr-queue output cos-map queue 4 threshold 3 0
mls qos srr-queue output dscp-map queue 1 threshold 3 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47
mls qos srr-queue output dscp-map queue 2 threshold 3 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31
mls qos srr-queue output dscp-map queue 2 threshold 3 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55
mls qos srr-queue output dscp-map queue 2 threshold 3 56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63
mls qos srr-queue output dscp-map queue 3 threshold 3 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23
mls qos srr-queue output dscp-map queue 3 threshold 3 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39
mls qos srr-queue output dscp-map queue 4 threshold 1 8
mls qos srr-queue output dscp-map queue 4 threshold 2 9 10 11 12 13 14 15
mls qos srr-queue output dscp-map queue 4 threshold 3 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7
mls qos queue-set output 1 threshold 1 138 138 92 138
mls qos queue-set output 1 threshold 2 138 138 92 400
mls qos queue-set output 1 threshold 3 36 77 100 318
mls qos queue-set output 1 threshold 4 20 50 67 400
mls qos queue-set output 2 threshold 1 149 149 100 149
mls qos queue-set output 2 threshold 2 118 118 100 235
mls qos queue-set output 2 threshold 3 41 68 100 272
mls qos queue-set output 2 threshold 4 42 72 100 242
mls qos queue-set output 1 buffers 10 10 26 54
mls qos queue-set output 2 buffers 16 6 17 61
mls qos
!
!
interface GigabitEthernet0/1
  srr-queue bandwidth share 10 10 60 20
  srr-queue bandwidth shape 10 0 0 0
  queue-set 2
  mls qos trust device cisco-phone
  mls qos trust cos
  auto qos voip cisco-phone
!

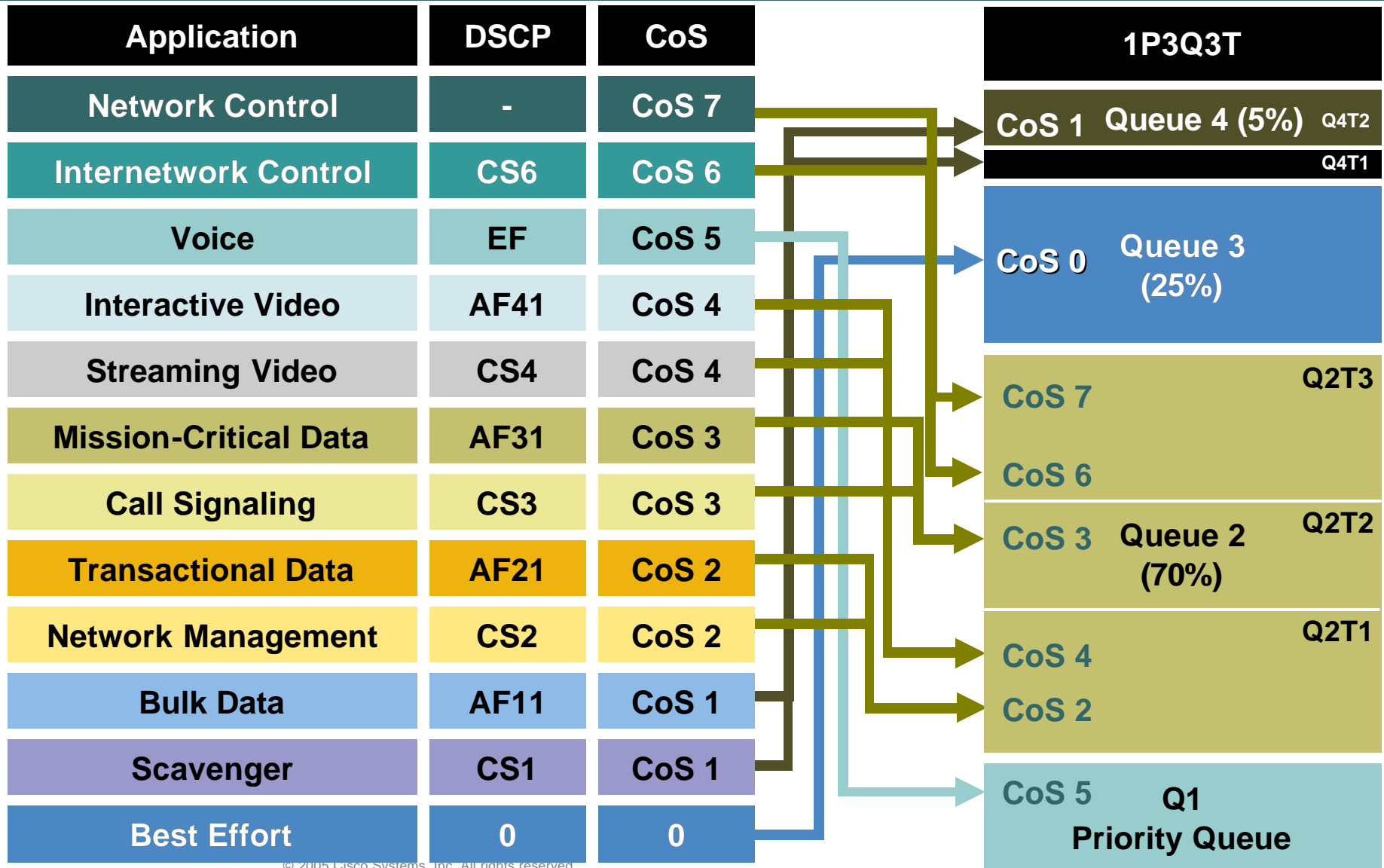
```



Cisco Catalyst 2970/3560/3750 QoS Design

Queuing Design (1P3Q3T)

Cisco.com



Cisco Catalyst 2970/3560/3750 QoS Design

Queuing Design (1P3Q3T): Part 1

Cisco.com

```
CAT2970(config)#mls qos srr-queue output cos-map queue 1 threshold 3 5
! Maps CoS 5 to Queue 1 Threshold 3 (Voice gets all of Queue 1)
CAT2970(config)#mls qos srr-queue output cos-map queue 2 threshold 1 2 4
! Maps CoS 2 and CoS 4 to Queue 2 Threshold 1
CAT2970(config)#mls qos srr-queue output cos-map queue 2 threshold 2 3
! Maps CoS 3 to Queue 2 Threshold 2
CAT2970(config)#mls qos srr-queue output cos-map queue 2 threshold 3 6 7
! Maps CoS 6 and CoS 7 to Queue 2 Threshold 3
CAT2970(config)#mls qos srr-queue output cos-map queue 3 threshold 3 0
! Maps CoS 0 to Queue 3 Threshold 3 (Best Efforts gets all of Q3)
CAT2970(config)#mls qos srr-queue output cos-map queue 4 threshold 3 1
! Maps CoS1 to Queue 4 Threshold 3 (Scavenger/Bulk gets all of Q4)
CAT2970(config)#
```

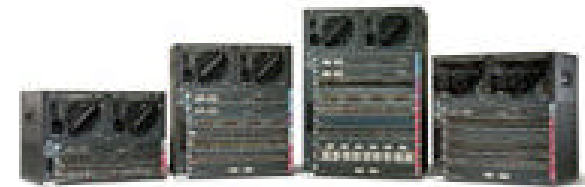
Cisco Catalyst 2970/3560/3750 QoS Design

Queuing Design (1P3Q3T): Part 2

Cisco.com

```
CAT2970(config)#mls qos srr-queue output dscp-map queue 1 threshold 3 46
! Maps DSCP EF (Voice) to Queue 1 Threshold 3
CAT2970(config)#mls qos srr-queue output dscp-map queue 2 threshold 1 16
! Maps DSCP CS2 (Network Management) to Queue 2 Threshold 1
CAT2970(config)#mls qos srr-queue output dscp-map queue 2 threshold 1 18 20 22
! Maps DSCP AF21, AF22, AF23 (Transactional Data) to Queue 2 Threshold 1
CAT2970(config)#mls qos srr-queue output dscp-map queue 2 threshold 1 26
! Maps DSCP AF31 (Mission-Critical Data) to Queue 2 Threshold 1
CAT2970(config)#mls qos srr-queue output dscp-map queue 2 threshold 1 32
! Maps DSCP CS4 (Streaming Video) to Queue 2 Threshold 1
CAT2970(config)#mls qos srr-queue output dscp-map queue 2 threshold 1 34 36 38
! Maps DSCP AF41, AF42, AF43 (Interactive-Video) to Queue 2 Threshold 1
CAT2970(config)#mls qos srr-queue output dscp-map queue 2 threshold 2 24
! Maps DSCP CS3 (Call-Signaling) to Queue 2 Threshold 2
CAT2970(config)#mls qos srr-queue output dscp-map queue 2 threshold 3 48 56
! Maps DSCP CS6 and CS7 (Network/Internetwork) to Queue 2 Threshold 3
CAT2970(config)#mls qos srr-queue output dscp-map queue 3 threshold 3 0
! Maps DSCP 0 (Best Effort) to Queue 3 Threshold 3
CAT2970(config)#mls qos srr-queue output dscp-map queue 4 threshold 1 8
! Maps DSCP CS1 (Scavenger) to Queue 4 Threshold 1
CAT2970(config)#mls qos srr-queue output dscp-map queue 4 threshold 3 10 12 14
! Maps DSCP AF11, AF12, AF13 (Bulk Data) to Queue 4 Threshold 3
CAT2970(config)#
```

CISCO CATALYST 4500 (SUP II+ through SUP V) QOS DESIGN

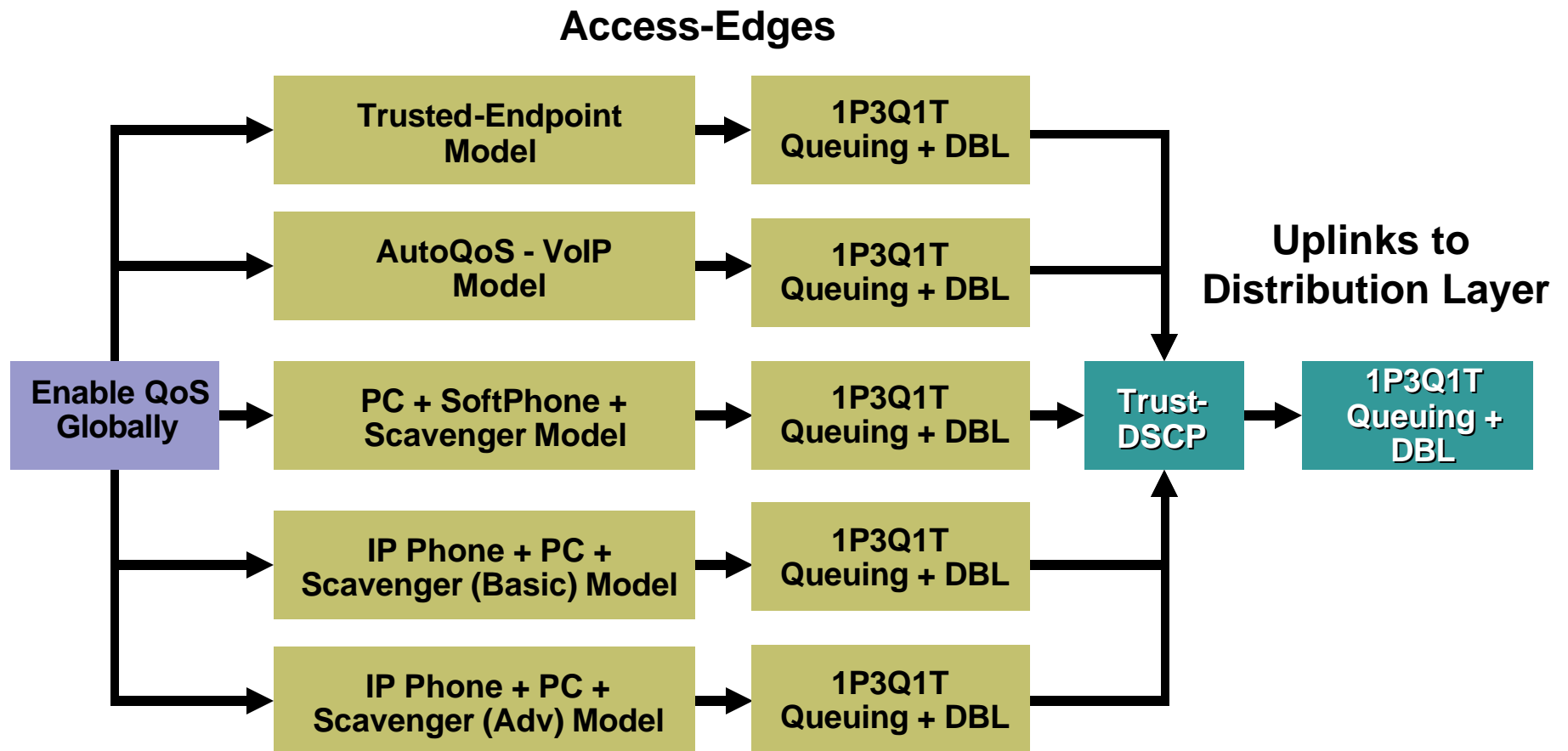


Catalyst 4500 (Sup II+ through Sup V) QoS Design Considerations

- QoS disabled by default
- Full DSCP-range is supported
- Classification can be done by trust states, standard and advanced IP ACLs, or MAC ACLs
- No “mls” prefix in command syntax
- Policing rates can use ‘k’, ‘m’ or ‘g’ for kbps, mbps or gbps
- Supports per-port/per-VLAN policing
- SupV-10GE supports user-based rate limiting and hierarchical policing
- Minimum policing granularity is 8 kbps
- Supports 4Q1T queuing or 1P3Q1T queuing
 - Q3 can be configured as a Priority Queue
 - DSCP values can be mapped to queues
 - Supports bandwidth allocation and shaping on certain linecards
 - Congestion Avoidance algorithm is Dynamic Buffer Limiting (DBL)

Cisco Catalyst 4500 QoS Design

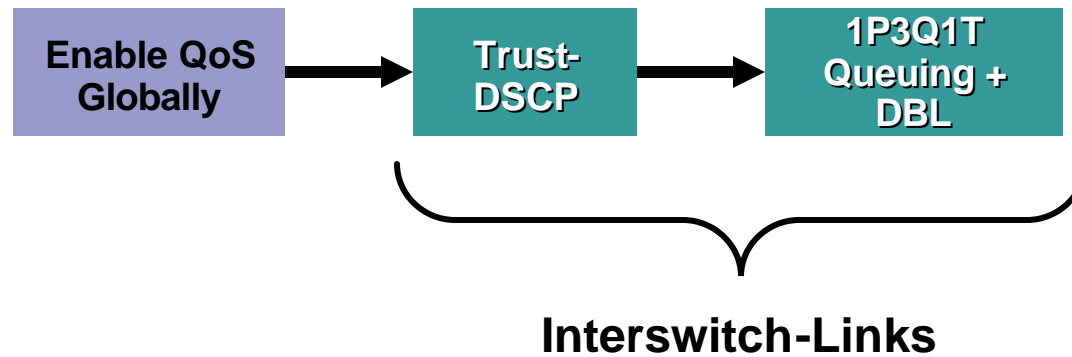
Access-Layer Cisco Catalyst 4500 QoS Design Options



Cisco Catalyst 4500 QoS Design

Distribution and/or Core-Layer Cisco Catalyst 4500 QoS Design

Cisco.com



Cisco Catalyst 4500

AutoQoS – VoIP Model



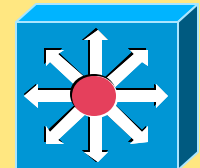
Cisco.com

```
CAT4500(config-if)#auto qos voip cisco-phone
```

Options:

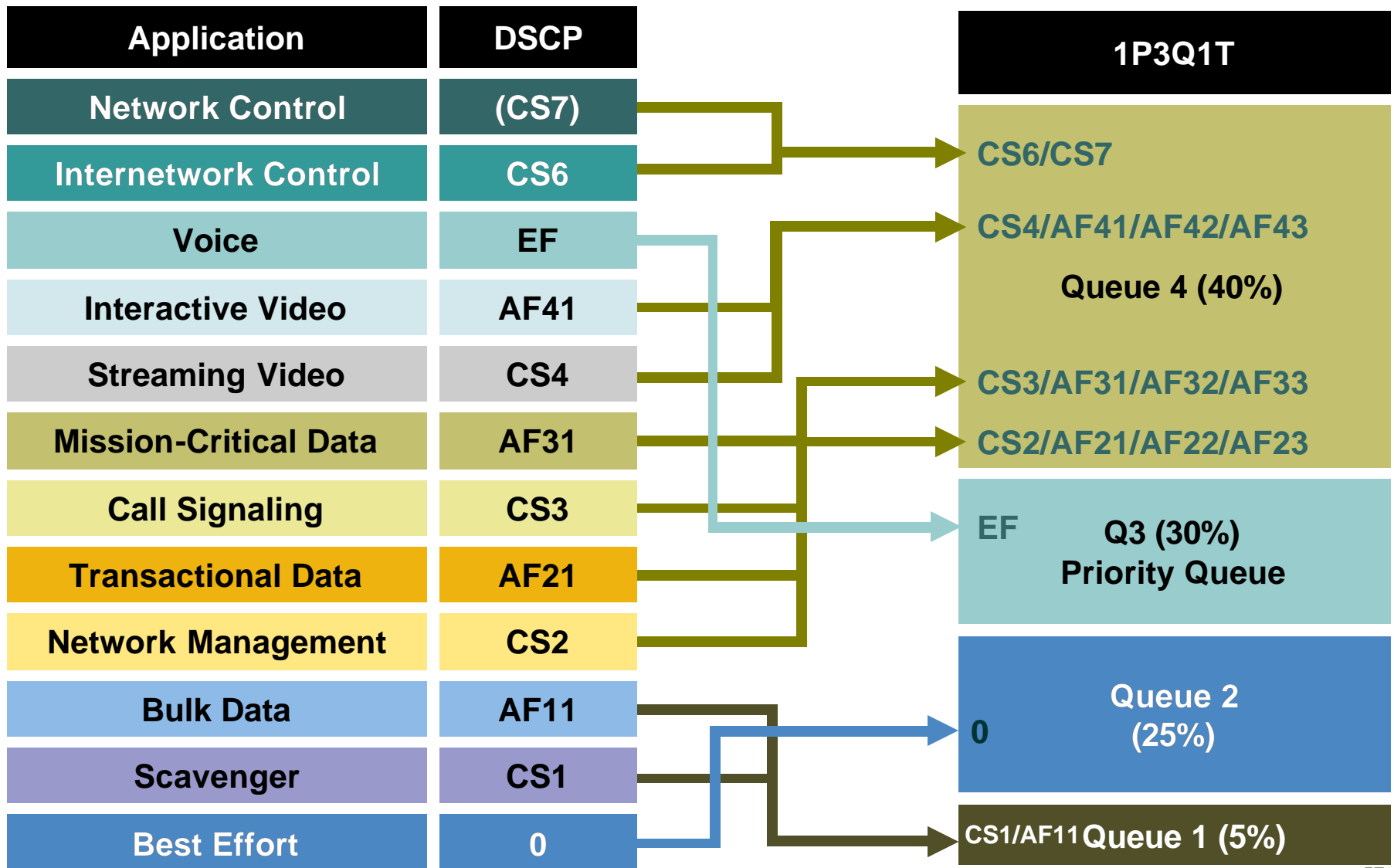
```
auto qos voip cisco-phone  
auto qos voip trust
```

```
!  
qos  
qos dbl  
qos map cos 3 to 26  
qos map cos 5 to 46  
qos map dscp 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 to tx-queue 4  
qos map dscp 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 to tx-queue 4  
!  
policy-map autoqos-voip-policy  
  class class-default  
    dbl  
!  
Interface GigabitEthernet0/1  
  qos trust device cisco-phone  
  qos trust cos  
  tx-queue 3  
    priority high  
    shape percent 33  
    bandwidth percent 33  
!
```



Cisco Catalyst 4500 QoS Design

Queuing Design (1P3Q1T + DBL)



Cisco Catalyst 4500 QoS Design

Queuing Design (1P3Q1T + DBL): Part 1

```
CAT4500-SUP4(config)#qos dbl
    ! Globally enables DBL
CAT4500-SUP4(config)#qos dbl exceed-action ecn
    ! Optional: Enables DBL to mark RFC 3168 ECN bits in the IP ToS Byte
CAT4500-SUP4(config)#
CAT4500-SUP4(config)#qos map dscp 0 to tx-queue 2
    ! Maps DSCP 0 (Best Effort) to Q2
CAT4500-SUP4(config)#qos map dscp 8 10 12 14 to tx-queue 1
    ! Maps DSCP CS1 (Scavenger) and AF11/AF12/AF13 (Bulk) to Q1
CAT4500-SUP4(config)#qos map dscp 16 18 20 22 to tx-queue 4
    ! Maps DSCP CS2 (Net-Mgmt) and AF21/AF22/AF23 (Transactional) to Q4
CAT4500-SUP4(config)#qos map dscp 24 26 28 30 to tx-queue 4
    ! Maps DSCP CS3 (Call-Signaling) and AF31/AF32/AF33 (MC Data) to Q4
CAT4500-SUP4(config)#qos map dscp 32 34 36 38 to tx-queue 4
    ! Maps DSCP CS4 (Str-Video) and AF41/AF42/AF43 (Int-Video) to Q4
CAT4500-SUP4(config)#qos map dscp 46 to tx-queue 3
    ! Maps DSCP EF (VoIP) to Q3 (PQ)
CAT4500-SUP4(config)#qos map dscp 48 56 to tx-queue 4
    ! Maps DSCP CS6 (Internetwork) and CS7 (Network) Control to Q4
CAT4500-SUP4(config)#
CAT4500-SUP4(config)#policy-map DBL
CAT4500-SUP4(config-pmap)#class class-default
CAT4500-SUP4(config-pmap-c)# dbl ! Enables DBL on all traffic flows
CAT4500-SUP4(config-pmap-c)# exit
CAT4500-SUP4(config-pmap)#exit
CAT4500-SUP4(config)#
```

Cisco Catalyst 4500 QoS Design

Queuing Design (1P3Q1T + DBL): Part 2 (FE + GE)

Cisco.com

```
CAT4500-SUP4(config)#interface range FastEthernet2/1 - 48
CAT4500-SUP4(config-if-range)# service-policy output DBL
CAT4500-SUP4(config-if-range)# tx-queue 3
CAT4500-SUP4(config-if-tx-queue)# priority high           ! Enables Q3 as PQ
CAT4500-SUP4(config-if-tx-queue)# shape percent 30       ! Shapes PQ to 30%
CAT4500-SUP4(config-if-tx-queue)# exit
CAT4500-SUP4(config-if-range)#exit
CAT4500-SUP4(config)#
```

```
CAT4500-SUP4(config)#interface range GigabitEthernet1/1 - 2
CAT4500-SUP4(config-if-range)# service-policy output DBL
CAT4500-SUP4(config-if-range)# tx-queue 1
CAT4500-SUP4(config-if-tx-queue)# bandwidth percent 5    ! Q1 gets 5%
CAT4500-SUP4(config-if-tx-queue)# tx-queue 2
CAT4500-SUP4(config-if-tx-queue)# bandwidth percent 25  ! Q2 gets 25%
CAT4500-SUP4(config-if-tx-queue)# tx-queue 3
CAT4500-SUP4(config-if-tx-queue)# priority high         ! Enables Q3 as PQ
CAT4500-SUP4(config-if-tx-queue)# bandwidth percent 30  ! PQ gets 30%
CAT4500-SUP4(config-if-tx-queue)# shape percent 30     ! Shapes PQ to 30%
CAT4500-SUP4(config-if-tx-queue)# tx-queue 4
CAT4500-SUP4(config-if-tx-queue)# bandwidth percent 40  ! Q4 gets 40%
CAT4500-SUP4(config-if-tx-queue)#end
CAT4500-SUP4#
```

CISCO CATALYST 6500-PFC2/PFC3 ACCESS-LAYER QOS DESIGN



Catalyst 6500 (PFC2/PFC3) QoS Design Considerations

- QoS disabled by default
- Configuration may be CatOS or IOS
 - IOS does not (yet) support Conditional Trust or AutoQoS
- Classification can be done by trust states, standard and advanced IP ACLs, or MAC ACLs
- PFC3 supports per-user microflow policing and control plane policing (Sup720 & Sup32)
- Linecards determine queuing structure

2Q2T

1P2Q1T

1P2Q2T

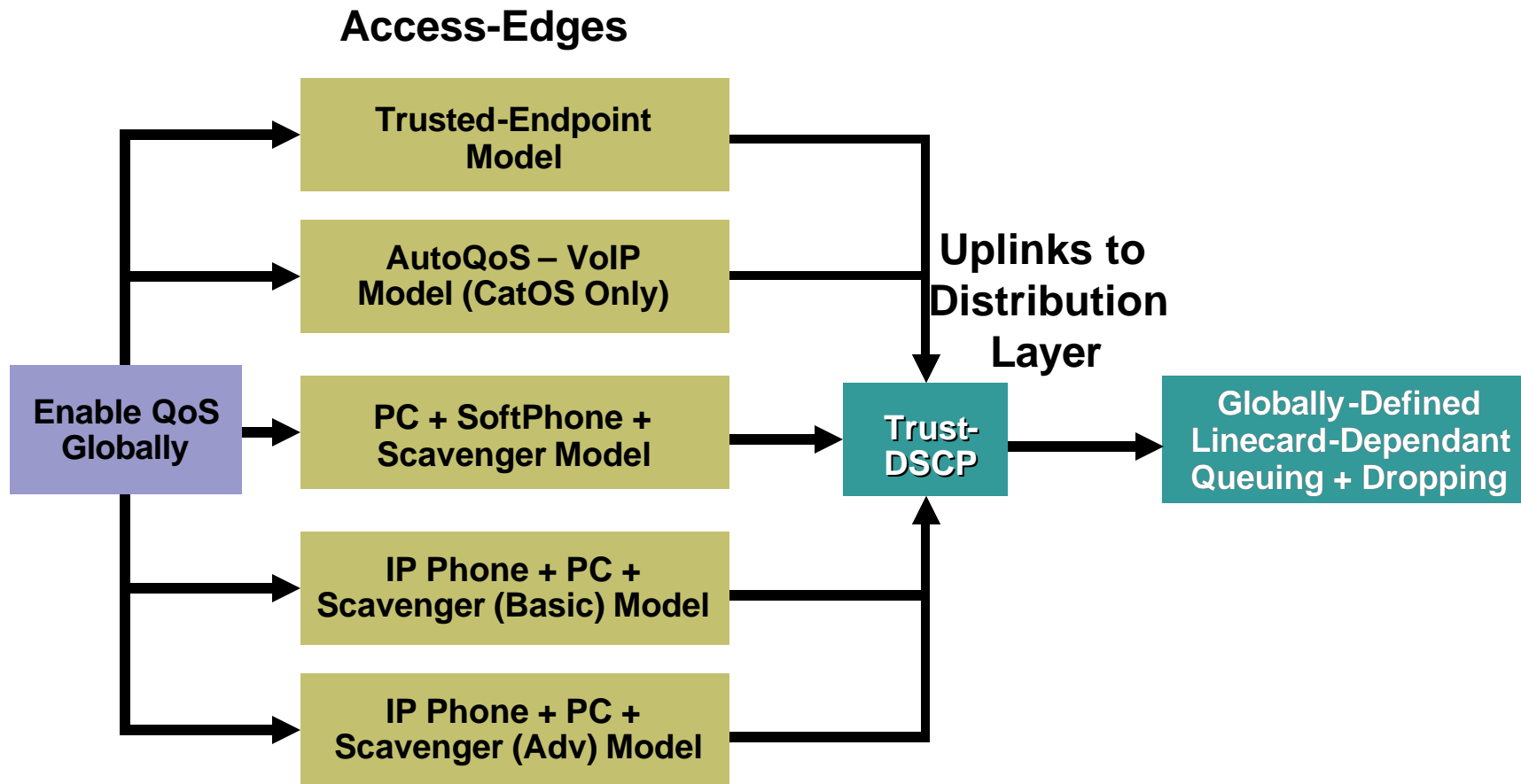
1P3Q1T

1P3Q8T

1P1Q8T

Cisco Catalyst 6500 QoS Design

Access-Layer Cisco Catalyst 6500 QoS Design Options

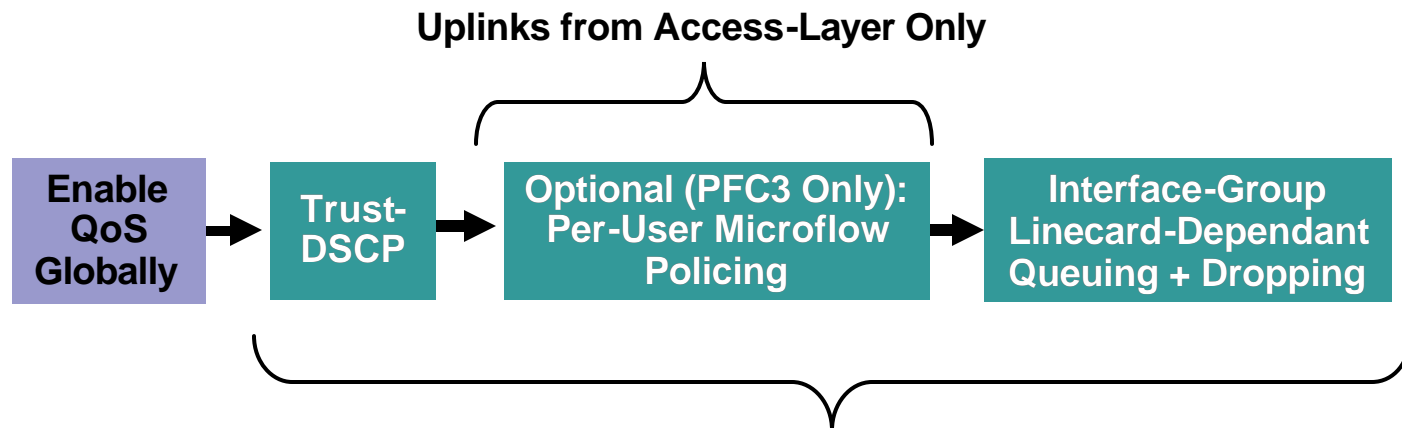


Cisco Catalyst 6500 QoS Design

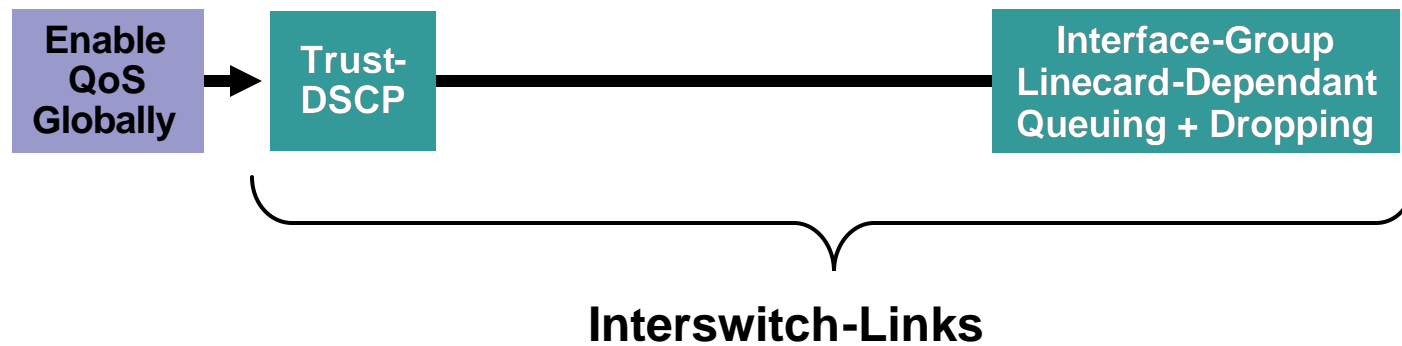
Distribution and/or Core-Layer (Cisco IOS) Cisco Catalyst 6500 QoS Design

Cisco.com

Distribution Layer:

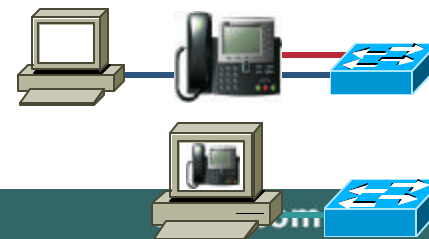


Core Layer:



Cisco Catalyst 6500

AutoQoS VoIP (CatOS Only)

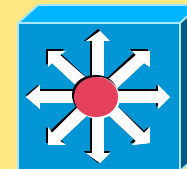


```
set qos autoqos
set port qos 3/1 autoqos voip ciscoipphone
```

Options:

```
autoqos voip cisco-phone
autoqos voip ciscosoftphone
auto qos voip trust
```

```
set qos enable
set qos map 2q2t tx 2 1 cos 1
set qos map 2q2t tx 2 1 cos 2
set qos map 2q2t tx 2 1 cos 3
set qos map 2q2t tx 2 2 cos 5
set qos drop-threshold 2q2t tx queue 1 100 100
...
set qos cos-dscp-map 0 10 18 26 34 46 48 56
set qos ipprec-dscp-map 0 10 18 26 34 46 48 56
set qos policed-dscp-map 0,26,46:0
set qos policed-dscp-map 1:1
...
set qos policed-dscp-map 63:63
clear qos acl all
#ACL_IP-PHONES
set qos acl ip ACL_IP-PHONES trust-cos ip any any
#
commit qos acl all
!
set vlan 100 3/1
set port qos 3/1 trust-device ciscoipphone
set trunk 3/1 off negotiate 1-1005,1025-4094
set spantree portfast 3/1 enable
set port qos 3/1 trust trust-cos
set qos acl map ACL_IP-PHONES 3/1
set port qos 3/1-48 policy-source local
set port channel 3/1 mode off
```



CISCO CATALYST 6500-PFC2/PFC3 LINECARD QUEUING DESIGN



Cisco Catalyst 6500 QoS Design

Queuing Structures by Linecard

Cisco.com

| Classic/CEF256 Ethernet Modules | Description | Rx Queuing | Tx Queuing | Buffer Size |
|---------------------------------|--|------------|------------|-----------------|
| WS-X6024-10FL-MT | Catalyst 6000 24-Port 10BaseFL MT-RJ Module | 1Q4T | 2Q2T | 64KB per Port |
| WS-X6148-RJ21 | Catalyst 6500 48-Port 10/100 RJ-21 Module (Upgradable to Voice) | 1Q4T | 2Q2T | 128KB per Port |
| WS-X6148-RJ21V | Catalyst 6500 48-Port 10/100 Inline Power RJ-21 Module | 1Q4T | 2Q2T | 128KB per Port |
| WS-X6148-RJ45 | Catalyst 6500 48-Port 10/100; RJ-45 Module (Upgradable to Voice) | 1Q4T | 2Q2T | 128KB per Port |
| WS-X6148-RJ45V | Catalyst 6500 48-Port 10/100 Inline Power RJ-45 Module | 1Q4T | 2Q2T | 128KB per Port |
| WS-X6148-GE-TX | Catalyst 6500 48-Port 10/100/1000 RJ-45 Module | 1Q2T | 1P2Q2T | 1MB per 8 Ports |
| WS-X6148V-GE-TX | Catalyst 6500 48-Port 10/100/1000 Inline Power RJ-45 Module | 1Q2T | 1P2Q2T | 1MB per 8 Ports |
| WS-X6316-GE-TX | Catalyst 6000 16-Port 1000TX GigabitEthernet RJ-45 Module | 1P1Q4T | 1P2Q2T | 512KB per Port |
| WS-X6324-100FX-MM | Catalyst 6000 24-Port 100FX MT-RJ MMF Module (with Enhanced QoS) | 1Q4T | 2Q2T | 128KB per Port |
| WS-X6324-100FX-SM | Catalyst 6000 24-Port 100FX MT-RJ SMF Module (with Enhanced QoS) | 1Q4T | 2Q2T | 128KB per Port |
| WS-X6348-RJ-21 | Catalyst 6000 48-Port 10/100 RJ-21 Module | 1Q4T | 2Q2T | 128KB per Port |
| WS-X6348-RJ21V | Catalyst 6000 48-Port 10/100 Inline Power RJ-21 Module | 1Q4T | 2Q2T | 128KB per Port |
| WS-X6348-RJ-45 | Catalyst 6500 48-Port 10/100 RJ-45 Module (Upgradable to Voice) | 1Q4T | 2Q2T | 128KB per Port |
| WS-X6348-RJ45V | Catalyst 6500 48-Port 10/100 Inline Power RJ-45 Module | 1Q4T | 2Q2T | 128KB per Port |

Cisco Catalyst 6500 QoS Design

Queuing Structures by Linecard

Cisco.com

| Classic/CEF256 Ethernet Modules | Description | Rx Queuing | Tx Queuing | Buffer Size |
|---------------------------------|---|------------|------------|-----------------|
| WS-X6408A-GBIC | Catalyst 6000 8 Port GigabitEthernet Module (with Enhanced QoS; Requires GBICs) | 1P1Q4T | 1P2Q2T | 512KB per Port |
| WS-X6416-GBIC | Catalyst 6000 16-Port GigabitEthernet Module (Requires GBICs) | 1P1Q4T | 1P2Q2T | 512KB per Port |
| WS-X6416-GE-MT | Catalyst 6000 16-Port GigabitEthernet MT-RJ Module | 1P1Q4T | 1P2Q2T | 512KB per Port |
| WS-X6501-10GEX4 | Port 10 GigabitEthernet Module | 1P1Q8T | 1P2Q1T | 64MB per Port |
| WS-X6502-10GE | Catalyst 6500 10 GigabitEthernet Base Module (Requires OIM) | 1P1Q8T | 1P2Q1T | 64MB per Port |
| WS-X6516A-GBIC | Catalyst 6500 16-Port GigabitEthernet Module (Fabric-Enabled; Requires GBICs) | 1P1Q4T | 1P2Q2T | 1MB per Port |
| WS-X6516-GBIC | Catalyst 6500 16-Port GigabitEthernet Module (Fabric-Enabled; Requires GBICs) | 1P1Q4T | 1P2Q2T | 512KB per Port |
| WS-X6516-GE-TX | Catalyst 6500 16-Port GigabitEthernet Copper Module; (Crossbar-Enabled) | 1P1Q4T | 1P2Q2T | 512KB per Port |
| WS-X6524-100FX-MM | Catalyst 6500 24-Port 100FX MT-RJ Module (Fabric-Enabled) | 1P1Q0T | 1P3Q1T | 1MB per Port |
| WS-X6548-RJ-21 | Catalyst 6500 48-Port 10/100 RJ-21 Module (Fabric-Enabled) | 1P1Q0T | 1P3Q1T | 1MB per Port |
| WS-X6548-RJ-45 | Catalyst 6500 48-Port 10/100 RJ-45 Module (Crossbar-Enabled) | 1P1Q0T | 1P3Q1T | 1MB per Port |
| WS-X6548V-GE-TX | Catalyst 6500 48-Port 10/100/1000 Inline Power RJ-45 Module (Fabric-Enabled) | 1Q2T | 1P2Q2T | 1MB per 8 Ports |
| WS-X6548-GE-TX | Catalyst 6500 48-Port 10/100/1000 RJ-45 Module (Fabric-Enabled) | 1Q2T | 1P2Q2T | 1MB per 8 Ports |
| WS-X6816-GBIC | Catalyst 6500 16-Port GigabitEthernet Module (Fabric-Enabled; Requires GBICs) | 1P1Q4T | 1P2Q2T | 512KB per Port |

Cisco Catalyst 6500 QoS Design

Queuing Structures by Linecard

Cisco.com

| C2 (xCEF720) Modules | Description | Rx-Queuing | Tx-Queuing | Buffer Size |
|----------------------|--|----------------------------|------------|---------------|
| WS-X6704-10GE | Catalyst 6500 4-Port 10 GigabitEthernet Module | 1Q8T (8Q8T with DFC3a) | 1P7Q8T | 16MB per Port |
| WS-X6724-SFP | Catalyst 6500 24-Port GigabitEthernet SFP Module | 1Q8T; (2Q8T with DFC3a) | 1P3Q8T | 1MB per Port |
| WS-X6748-GE-TX | Catalyst 6500 48-Port 10/100/1000 RJ-45 Module | 1Q8T; (2Q8T with DFC3a) | 1P3Q8T | 1MB per Port |
| WS-X6748-SFP | Catalyst 6500 48-Port GigabitEthernet SFP Module | 1Q8T; (2Q8T with DFC3a) | 1P3Q8T | 1MB per Port |

Cisco Catalyst 6500 QoS Design

Queuing Design (2Q2T)

| Application | DSCP | CoS | 2Q2T |
|-----------------------|------|-------|--------------------------|
| Network Control | - | CoS 7 | Q2T2 |
| Internetwork Control | CS6 | CoS 6 | |
| Voice | EF | CoS 5 | Q2T1 Queue 2 (70%) |
| Interactive Video | AF41 | CoS 4 | |
| Streaming Video | CS4 | CoS 4 | |
| Mission-Critical Data | AF31 | CoS 3 | |
| Call Signaling | CS3 | CoS 3 | |
| Transactional Data | AF21 | CoS 2 | |
| Network Management | CS2 | CoS 2 | |
| Bulk Data | AF11 | CoS 1 | Q1T2 Queue 1 (30%) |
| Scavenger | CS1 | CoS 1 | |
| Best Effort | 0 | 0 | Q1T1 |

Cisco Catalyst 6500 QoS Design

Queuing Design (2Q2T: Cisco Catalyst OS)

Cisco.com

```
CAT6500-PFC2-CATOS> (enable) set qos txq-ratio 2q2t 30 70
    ! Sets the buffer allocations to 30% for Q1 and 70% for Q2
CAT6500-PFC2-CATOS> (enable) set qos wrr 2q2t 30 70
    ! Sets the WRR weights for 30:70 (Q1:Q2) bandwidth servicing
CAT6500-PFC2-CATOS> (enable)

CAT6500-PFC2-CATOS> (enable) set qos drop-threshold 2q2t tx queue 1 40 100
    ! Sets Q1T1 to 40% to limit Scavenger/Bulk within Q1
CAT6500-PFC2-CATOS> (enable) set qos drop-threshold 2q2t tx queue 2 80 100
    ! Sets Q2T1 to 80% to always have room in Q2 for VoIP
CAT6500-PFC2-CATOS> (enable)

CAT6500-PFC2-CATOS> (enable) set qos map 2q2t tx 1 1 cos 1
    ! Maps Scavenger/Bulk to Q1T1
CAT6500-PFC2-CATOS> (enable) set qos map 2q2t tx 1 2 cos 0
    ! Maps Best Effort to Q1T2
CAT6500-PFC2-CATOS> (enable) set qos map 2q2t tx 2 1 cos 2,3,4,6,7
    ! Maps CoS 2,3,4,6 and 7 to Q2T1
CAT6500-PFC2-CATOS> (enable) set qos map 2q2t tx 2 2 cos 5
    ! Maps VoIP to Q2T2
CAT6500-PFC2-CATOS> (enable)
```

Cisco Catalyst 6500 QoS Design

Queuing Design (2Q2T: Cisco IOS)

```
CAT6500-PFC3-IOS(config)# interface range FastEthernet6/1 - 48
CAT6500-PFC3-IOS(config-if)# wrr-queue queue-limit 30 70
    ! Sets the buffer allocations to 30% for Q1 and 70% for Q2
CAT6500-PFC3-IOS(config-if)# wrr-queue bandwidth 30 70
    ! Sets the WRR weights for 30:70 (Q1:Q2) bandwidth servicing
CAT6500-PFC3-IOS(config-if)#
```

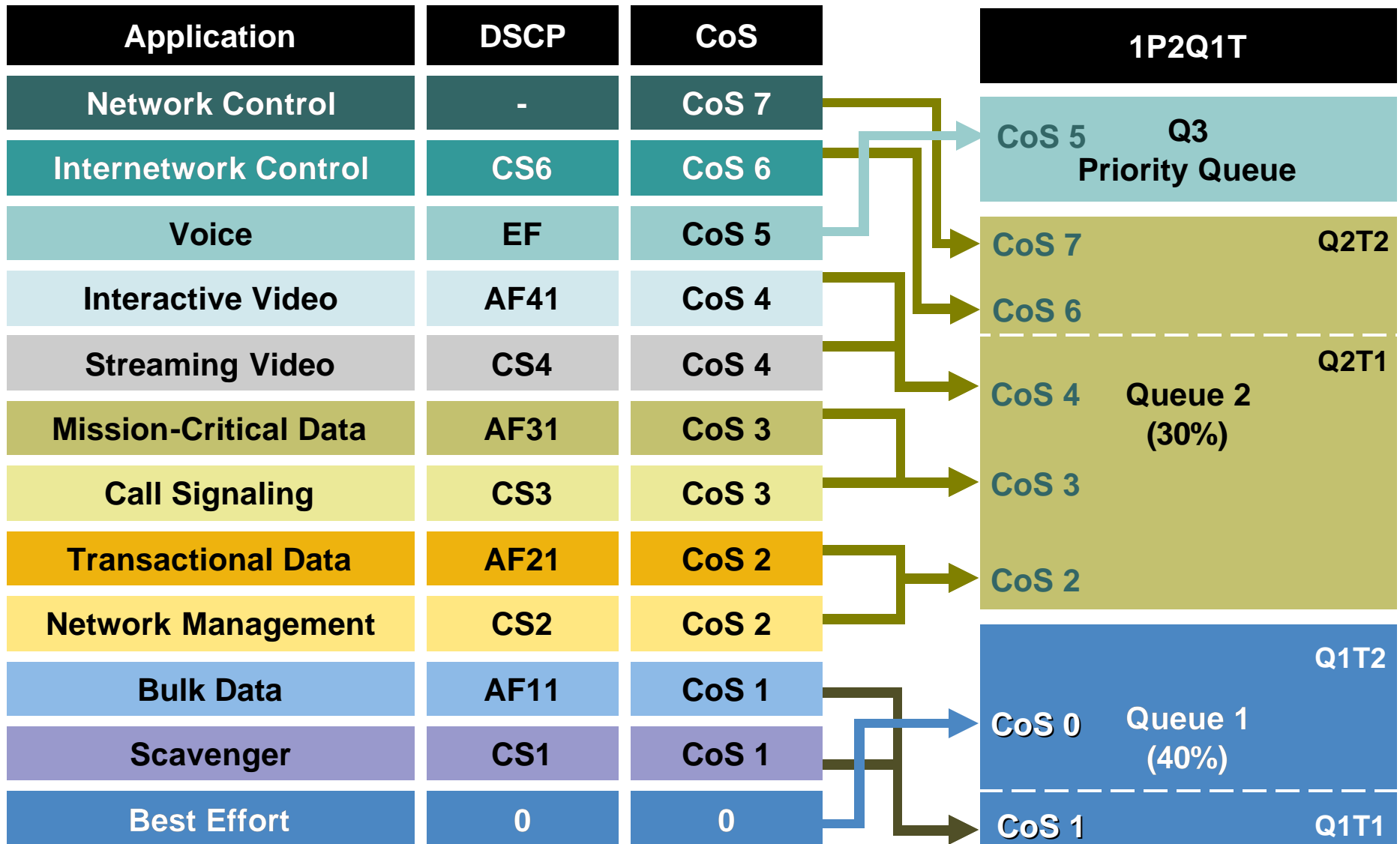
```
CAT6500-PFC3-IOS(config-if)# wrr-queue threshold 1 40 100
    ! Sets Q1T1 to 40% to limit Scavenger/Bulk within Q1
CAT6500-PFC3-IOS(config-if)# wrr-queue threshold 2 80 100
    ! Sets Q2T1 to 80% to always have room in Q2 for VoIP
CAT6500-PFC3-IOS(config-if)#
```

```
CAT6500-PFC3-IOS(config-if)# wrr-queue cos-map 1 1 1
    ! Maps Scavenger/Bulk to Q1T1
CAT6500-PFC3-IOS(config-if)# wrr-queue cos-map 1 2 0
    ! Maps Best Effort to Q1T2
CAT6500-PFC3-IOS(config-if)# wrr-queue cos-map 2 1 2 3 4 6 7
    ! Maps CoS 2,3,4,6 and 7 to Q2T1
CAT6500-PFC3-IOS(config-if)# wrr-queue cos-map 2 2 5
    ! Maps VoIP to Q2T2
CAT6500-PFC3-IOS(config-if)#end
CAT6500-PFC3-IOS#
```

Cisco Catalyst 6500 QoS Design

Queuing Design (1P2Q1T: Cisco Catalyst OS Supports 1P2Q2T)

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Cisco Catalyst 6500 QoS Design

Queuing Design (1P2Q1T: Cisco Catalyst OS)

Cisco.com

```
CAT6500-PFC2-CATOS> (enable) set qos txq-ratio lp2q1t 40 30 30
! Allocates buffers: 40% for Q1, 30% for Q2, 30% for Q3 (PQ)
CAT6500-PFC2-CATOS> (enable) set qos wrr lp2q1t 30 70
! Sets the WRR weights for 30:70 (Q1:Q2) bandwidth servicing
CAT6500-PFC2-CATOS> (enable)

CAT6500-PFC2-CATOS> (enable) set qos wred lp2q1t tx queue 1 40:80
! Sets Q1 WRED Threshold to 40:80 to limit Scavenger/Bulk within Q1
CAT6500-PFC2-CATOS> (enable) set qos wred lp2q1t tx queue 2 70:80
! Sets Q2 WRED Threshold to 70:80 to force room for Network Control traffic
CAT6500-PFC2-CATOS> (enable)

CAT6500-PFC2-CATOS> (enable) set qos map lp2q1t tx 1 1 cos 1
! Maps Scavenger/Bulk to Q1 WRED Threshold
CAT6500-PFC2-CATOS> (enable) set qos map lp2q1t tx 1 cos 0
! Maps Best Effort to Q1 tail (100%) threshold
CAT6500-PFC2-CATOS> (enable) set qos map lp2q1t tx 2 1 cos 2,3,4
! Maps CoS 2,3,4 to Q2 WRED Threshold
CAT6500-PFC2-CATOS> (enable) set qos map lp2q1t tx 2 cos 6,7
! Maps Network/Internet Control to Q2 tail (100%) threshold
CAT6500-PFC2-CATOS> (enable) set qos map lp2q1t tx 3 cos 5
! Maps VoIP to PQ (Q3)
CAT6500-PFC2-CATOS> (enable)
```

Cisco Catalyst 6500 QoS Design

Queuing Design (1P2Q1T: Cisco IOS)

```
CAT6500-PFC3-IOS(config)#interface TenGigabitEthernet1/1
CAT6500-PFC3-IOS(config-if)# wrr-queue queue-limit 40 30
    ! Sets the buffer allocations to 30% for Q1 and 40% for Q2
CAT6500-PFC3-IOS(config-if)# wrr-queue bandwidth 30 70
    ! Sets the WRR weights for 30:70 (Q1:Q2) bandwidth servicing
CAT6500-PFC3-IOS(config-if)#

CAT6500-PFC3-IOS(config-if)# wrr-queue random-detect min-threshold 1 80
    ! Sets Min WRED Threshold for Q1T1 to 80%
CAT6500-PFC3-IOS(config-if)# wrr-queue random-detect max-threshold 1 100
    ! Sets Max WRED Threshold for Q1T1 to 100%
CAT6500-PFC3-IOS(config-if)# wrr-queue random-detect min-threshold 2 80
    ! Sets Min WRED Threshold for Q2T1 to 80%
CAT6500-PFC3-IOS(config-if)# wrr-queue random-detect max-threshold 2 100
    ! Sets Max WRED Threshold for Q2T1 to 100%
CAT6500-PFC3-IOS(config-if)#

CAT6500-PFC3-IOS(config-if)# wrr-queue cos-map 1 1 1 0
    ! Maps Scavenger/Bulk and Best Effort to Q1 WRED Threshold 1
CAT6500-PFC3-IOS(config-if)# wrr-queue cos-map 2 1 2 3 4 6 7
    ! Maps CoS 2,3,4,6 and 7 to Q2 WRED Threshold 1
CAT6500-PFC3-IOS(config-if)# priority-queue cos-map 1 5
    ! Assigns VoIP to PQ (Q3)
CAT6500-PFC3-IOS(config-if)#end
CAT6500-PFC3-IOS(config-if)#
```

CISCO CATALYST 6500 (PFC3) PER-USER MICROFLOW POLICING & CONTROL PLANE POLICING



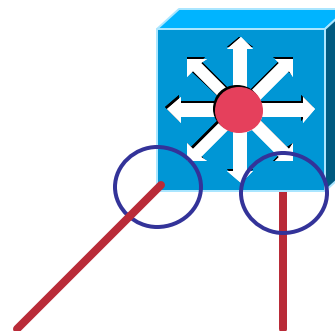
C6500 (PFC3) QoS Design

PFC3 Per-User Microflow Policing: Part 1

Cisco.com

```
CAT6500-PFC3-IOS(config)#mls qos map policed-dscp normal 0 24 26 34 36 to 8  
! Excess traffic marked 0,CS3,AF31,AF41 or AF42 will be remarked to CS1
```

```
CAT6500-PFC3-IOS(config)#class-map match-all VOIP  
CAT6500-PFC3-IOS(config-cmap)# match ip dscp ef  
CAT6500-PFC3-IOS(config-cmap)#class-map match-all INTERACTIVE-VIDEO  
CAT6500-PFC3-IOS(config-cmap)# match ip dscp af41 af42  
CAT6500-PFC3-IOS(config-cmap)#class-map match-all CALL-SIGNALING  
CAT6500-PFC3-IOS(config-cmap)# match ip dscp cs3 af31  
CAT6500-PFC3-IOS(config-cmap)#class-map match-all BEST-EFFORT  
CAT6500-PFC3-IOS(config-cmap)# match ip dscp 0
```

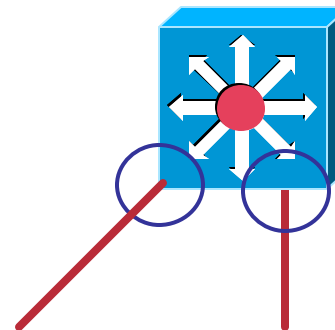


Distribution-Layer
Catalyst 6500 Sup720

C6500 (PFC3) QoS Design

PFC3 Per-User Microflow Policing: Part 2

```
CAT6500-PFC3-IOS(config-cmap)#policy-map PER-USER-POLICING
CAT6500-PFC3-IOS(config-pmap)# class VOIP
CAT6500-PFC3-I(config-pmap-c)# police flow mask src-only 128000 8000
conform-action transmit exceed-action drop
! No source can send more than 128k worth of DSCP EF traffic
CAT6500-PFC3-I(config-pmap-c)# class INTERACTIVE-VIDEO
CAT6500-PFC3-I(config-pmap-c)# police flow mask src-only 500000 8000
conform-action transmit exceed-action policed-dscp-transmit
! Excess IP/VC traffic from any source is marked down to CS1
CAT6500-PFC3-I(config-pmap-c)# class CALL-SIGNALING
CAT6500-PFC3-I(config-pmap-c)# police flow mask src-only 32000 8000
conform-action transmit exceed-action policed-dscp-transmit
! Excess Call-Signaling traffic from any source is marked down to CS1
CAT6500-PFC3-I(config-pmap-c)# class BEST-EFFORT
CAT6500-PFC3-I(config-pmap-c)# police flow mask src-only 5000000 8000
conform-action transmit exceed-action policed-dscp-transmit
! Excess PC Data traffic from any source is marked down to CS1
CAT6500-PFC3-I(config-pmap-c)# exit
```



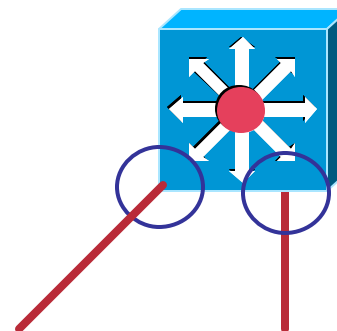
Distribution-Layer
Catalyst 6500 Sup720

C6500 (PFC3) QoS Design

PFC3 Per-User Microflow Policing: Part 3

Cisco.com

```
CAT6500-PFC3-IOS(config)#  
CAT6500-PFC3-IOS(config)#interface range GigabitEthernet4/1 - 4  
CAT6500-PFC3(config-if-range)# mls qos trust dscp  
CAT6500-PFC3(config-if-range)# service-policy input PER-USER-POLICING  
    ! Attaches Per-User Microflow policing policy to Uplinks from Access  
CAT6500-PFC3(config-if-range)#end  
CAT6500-PFC3-IOS#
```

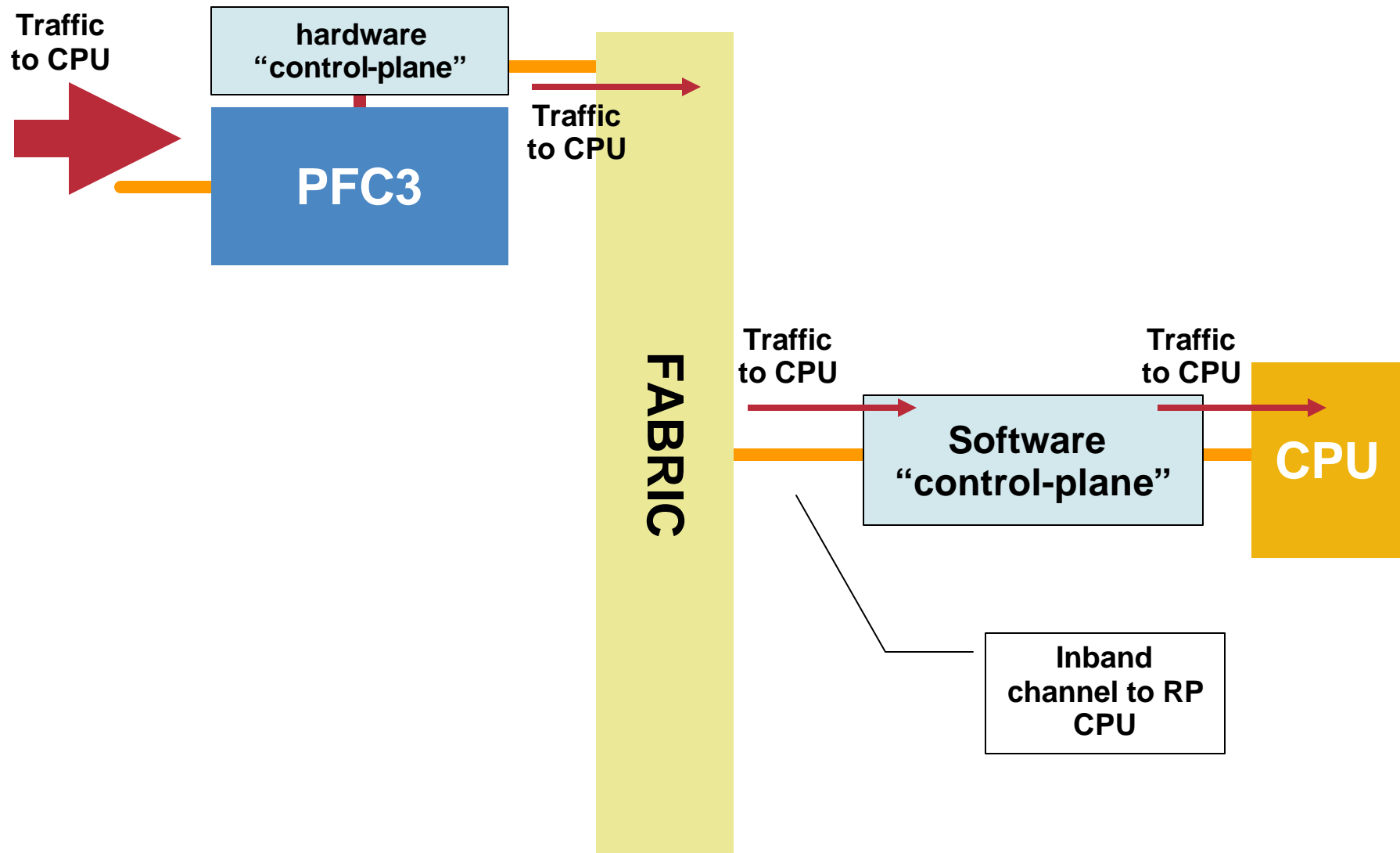


**Distribution-Layer
Catalyst 6500 Sup720**

C6500 (PFC3) QoS Design

C6500 Control Plane Policing Implementation – Part 1

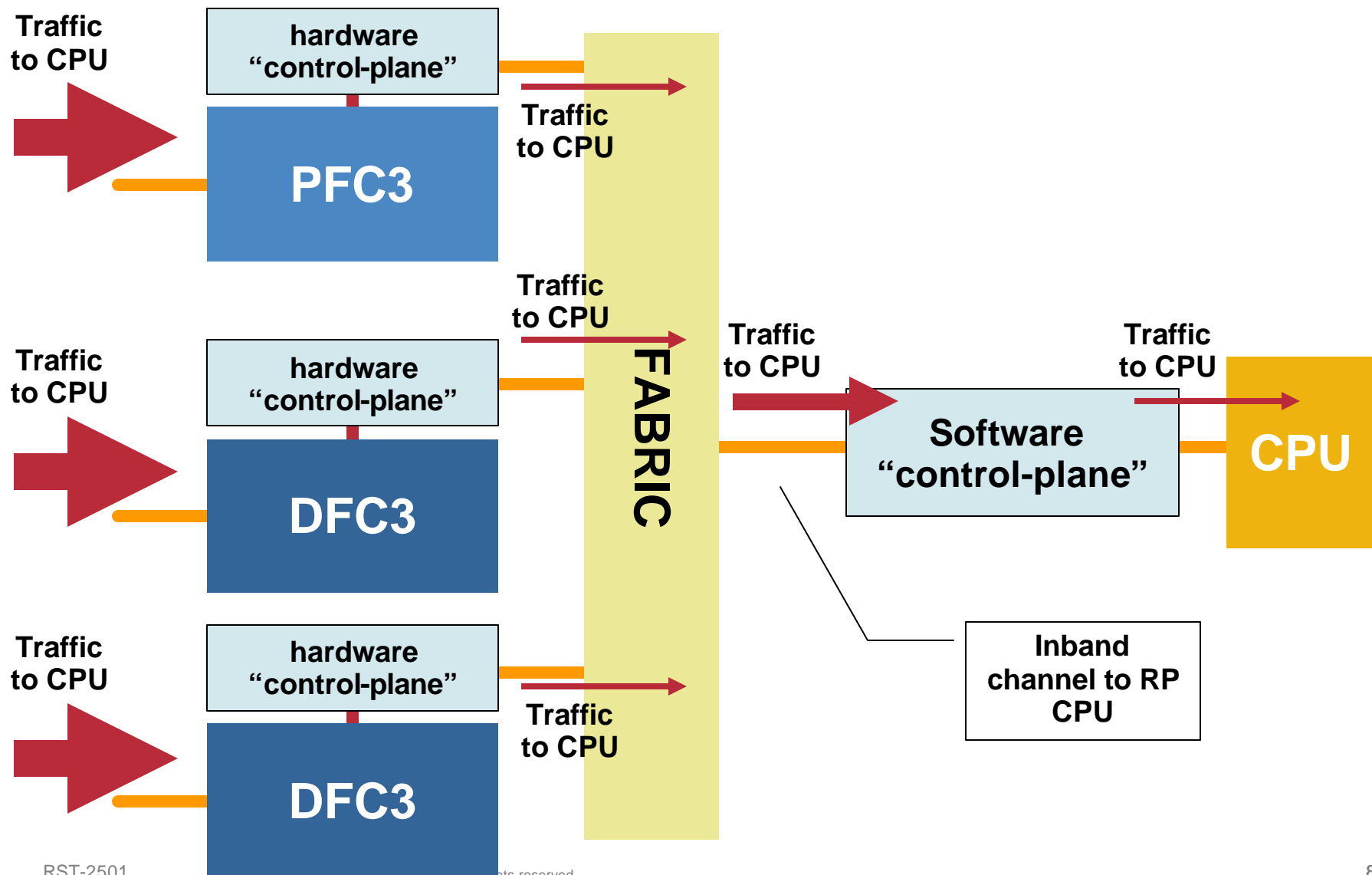
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C6500 (PFC3) QoS Design

C6500 Control Plane Policing Implementation – Part 2


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C6500 (PFC3) QoS Design

What CPU Rate Limiters are Available?


UNICAST RATE LIMITERS

| | |
|---------------|--|
| CEF Receive | Traffic destined to the Router |
| CEF Glean | ARP packets |
| CEF No Route | Packets with no route in the FIB |
| IP Errors | Packets with IP checksum or length errors |
| ICMP Redirect | Packets that require ICMP redirects |
| ICMP No Route | ICMP unreachables for unroutable packets |
| ICMP ACL Drop | ICMP unreachables for admin deny packets |
| RPF Failure | Packets that fail uRPF check |
| L3 Security | CBAC, Auth-Proxy, and IPSEC traffic |
| ACL Input | NAT, TCP Int, Reflexive ACLs, Log on ACLs |
| ACL Output | NAT, TCP Int, Reflexive ACLs, Log on ACLs |
| VACL Logging | CLI notification of VACL denied packets |
| IP Options | Unicast traffic with IP Options set  |
| Capture | Used with Optimized ACL Logging |

LAYER 2 RATE LIMITERS

| | |
|------|----------------------------------|
| L2PT | L2PT encapsulation/decapsulation |
| PDU | Layer 2 PDUs |

MULTICAST RATE LIMITERS

| | |
|---------------------|---|
| Multicast FIB-Miss | Packets with no mroute in the FIB |
| IGMP | IGMP packets |
| Partial Shortcut | Partial shortcut entries |
| Directly Connected | Local multicast on connected interface |
| IP Options | Multicast traffic with IP Options set  |
| V6 Directly Connect | Packets with no mroute in the FIB |
| V6 *,G M Bridge | IGMP packets |
| V6 *,G Bridge | Partial shortcut entries |
| V6 S,G Bridge | Partial shortcut entries |
| V6 Route Control | Partial shortcut entries |
| V6 Default Route | Multicast traffic with IP Options set |
| V6 Second Drop | Multicast traffic with IP Options set |

Shared across the 10 hardware RL's.

GENERAL RATE LIMITERS

| | |
|-------------|---------------------------------|
| MTU Failure | Packets requiring fragmentation |
| TTL Failure | Packets with TTL<=1 |

C6500 (PFC3) QoS Design

Configuring Control Plane Policing

There are 4 steps:

1. Define a packet classification criteria

```
router(config) # class-map <traffic_class_name>  
router(config-cmap) # match <access-group>
```

2. Define a service policy

```
router(config-pmap) # policy-map<service_policy_name>  
router(config-pmap) # class <traffic_class_name>  
router(config-pmap) # police <rate> conform-action transmit  
                        exceed-action drop
```

3. Enter control-plane configuration mode

```
router(config) # control-plane  
router(config-cp) #
```

4. Apply QoS Policy

```
router(config-cp) # service-policy [input | output]  
                    <service_policy_name>
```

C6500 (PFC3) QoS Design

CPP Deployment Guide

- **Explicitly allow needed, known critical protocols such as BGP and EIGRP**
 - Conform and exceed action → **transmit**
- **Define other required but not critical traffic such as ICMP, SNMP, SSH, Telnet and default**
 - Conform action → **transmit**, exceed action → **drop**
- **Drop all other undesirable traffic**
- **Depending on class defined, apply appropriate policy**
 - Routing Protocol traffic (BGP, IGP) - **no rate limit**
 - Management traffic (SNMP, SSH, NTP, etc) – **conservative rate limit**
 - Reporting traffic (SAA combined with DSCP) – **conservative rate limit**
 - Monitoring traffic (ICMP, traceroute) – **conservative rate limit**
 - Critical traffic (HSRP, SIP/VoIP, DLSw) – **conservative rate limit**
 - Default traffic – **low rate limit**
 - Undesirable traffic (DoS Attacks) – **drop**

Summary



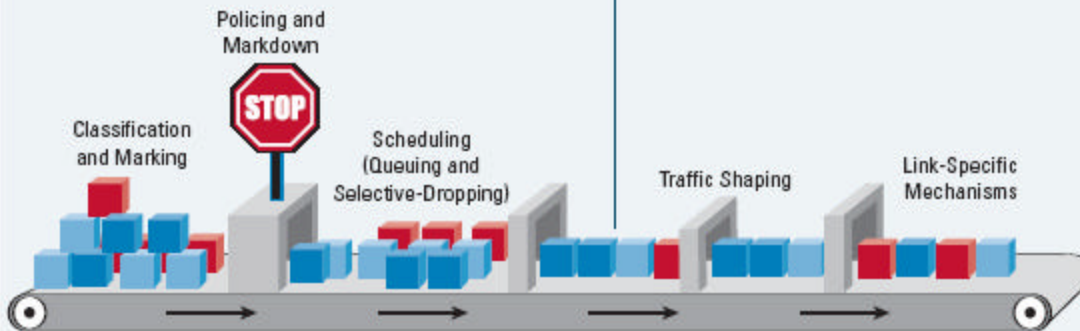
Quality of Service (QoS) is the measure of transmission quality and service availability of a network (or internetworks). The transmission quality of the network is determined by the following factors: Latency, Jitter, and Loss.



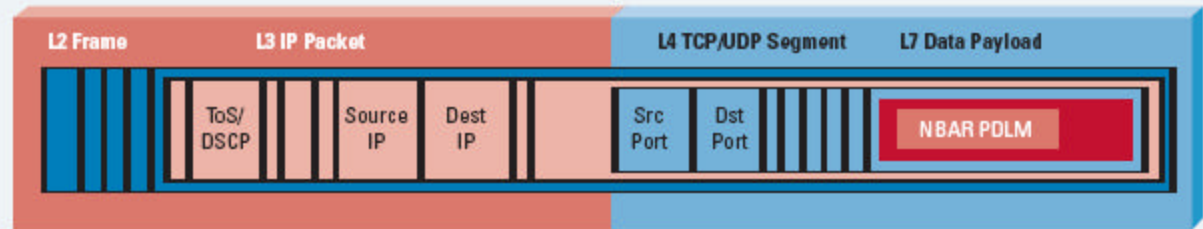
QoS technologies refer to the set of tools and techniques to manage network resources and are considered the key enabling technologies for the transparent convergence of voice, video, and data networks. Additionally, QoS tools can play a strategic role in significantly mitigating DoS/worm attacks.

Cisco QoS toolset consists of the following:

- Classification and Marking tools
- Policing and Markdown tools
- Scheduling tools
- Link-specific tools
- AutoQoS tools



Classification can be Done at Layers 2-7

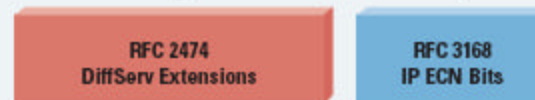


Marking can be done at Layers 2 or Layer 3:

- Layer 2: 802.1Q/p CoS, MPLS EXP
- Layer 3: IP Precedence, DSCP and/or IP ECN

Layer 3 (IP ToS Byte) Marking Options

| | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|---|---|---|--------|--------|---|---|
| 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| IP Precedence | | | | Unused | | | |
| DiffServ Code Point (DSCP) | | | | | IP ECN | | |



Cisco recommends end-to-end marking at Layer 3 with standards-based DSCP values.

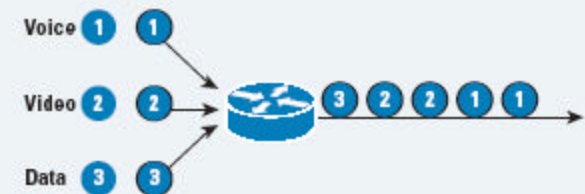
Policing tools can complement marking tools by marking metering flows and marking-down out-of-contract traffic.



Policers Meter Traffic Into Three Categories:

- Violate: No More Traffic is Allowed Beyond This Upper-Limit (Red Light)
- Exceed: Moderate Bursting is Allowed (Yellow Light)
- Conform: Traffic is Within the Defined Rate (Green Light)

Scheduling tools re-order and selectively-drop packets whenever congestion occurs.



Link-Specific tools are useful on slow-speed WAN/VPN links and include shaping, compression, fragmentation, and interleaving.

AutoQoS features automatically configure Cisco recommended QoS on Cisco Catalyst® switches and Cisco IOS® Software routers with just one or two commands.

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THE QoS BASELINE AT-A-GLANCE

The QoS Baseline is a strategic document designed to unify QoS within Cisco. The QoS Baseline provides uniform, standards-based recommendations to help ensure that QoS products, designs, and deployments are unified and consistent.

The QoS Baseline defines up to 11 classes of traffic that may be viewed as critical to a given enterprise. A summary of these classes and their respective standards-based markings and recommended QoS configurations are shown below.

Interactive-Video refers to IP Video-Conferencing; Streaming Video is either unicast or multicast uni-directional video.

The (Locally-Defined) Mission-Critical class is intended for a subset of Transactional Data applications that contribute most significantly to the business objectives (this is a non-technical assessment).

The Transactional Data class is intended for foreground, user-interactive applications such as database access, transaction services, interactive messaging, and preferred data services.

The Bulk Data class is intended for background, non-interactive traffic flows, such as large file transfers, content distribution, database synchronization, backup operations, and email.

The IP Routing class is intended for IP Routing protocols, such as Border Gateway Protocol (BGP), Open Shortest Path First (OSPF), and etc.

The Call-Signaling class is intended for voice and/or video signaling traffic, such as Skinny, SIP, H.323, etc.

The Network Management class is intended for network management protocols, such as SNMP, Syslog, DNS, etc.

Standards-based marking recommendations allow for better integration with service-provider offerings as well as other internetworking scenarios.

In Cisco IOS Software, rate-based queuing translates to CBWFQ; priority queuing is LLQ.

| Application | L3 Classification | | Referencing Standard | Recommended Configuration |
|--------------------|-------------------|------|----------------------|---|
| | PHB | DSCP | | |
| IP Routing | CS6 | 48 | RFC 2474-4.2.2 | Rate-Based Queuing + RED |
| Voice | EF | 46 | RFC 3246 | RSVP Admission Control + Priority Queuing |
| Interactive-Video | AF41 | 34 | RFC 2597 | RSVP + Rate-Based Queuing + DSCP-WRED |
| Streaming Video | CS4 | 32 | RFC 2474-4.2.2 | RSVP + Rate-Based Queuing + RED |
| Mission-Critical | AF31 | 26 | RFC 2597 | Rate-Based Queuing + DSCP-WRED |
| Call-Signaling | CS3 | 24 | RFC 2474-4.2.2 | Rate-Based Queuing + RED |
| Transactional Data | AF21 | 18 | RFC 2597 | Rate-Based Queuing + DSCP-WRED |
| Network Mgmt | CS2 | 16 | RFC 2474-4.2.2 | Rate-Based Queuing + RED |
| Bulk Data | AF11 | 10 | RFC 2597 | Rate-Based Queuing + DSCP-WRED |
| Scavenger | CS1 | 8 | Internet 2 | No BW Guarantee + RED |
| Best Effort | 0 | 0 | RFC 2474-4.1 | BW Guarantee Rate-Based Queuing + RED |

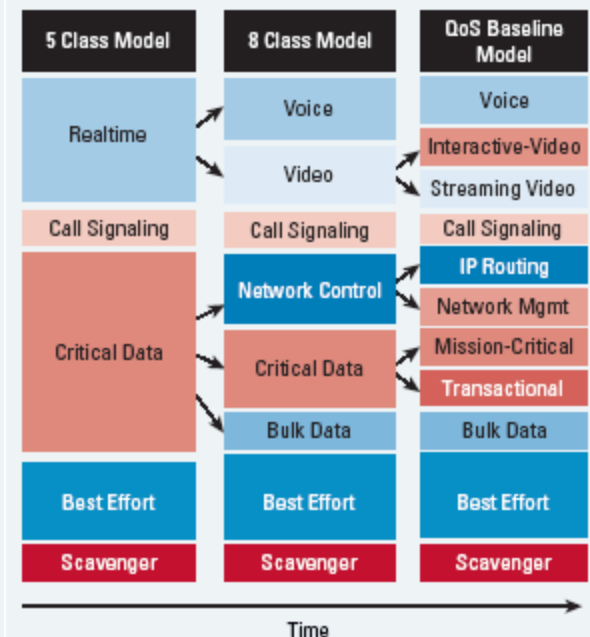
DSCP-Based WRED (based on RFC 2597) drops AFx3 before AFx2, and in turn drops AFx2 before AFx1. RSVP is recommended (whenever supported) for Voice and/or Interactive-Video admission control.

Cisco products that support QoS features will use these QoS Baseline recommendations for marking, scheduling, and admission control.

The Scavenger class is based on an Internet 2 draft that defines a “less-than-Best Effort” service. In the event of link congestion, this class will be dropped the most aggressively.

The Best Effort class is also the default class. Unless an application has been assigned for preferential/deferential service, it will remain in this default class. Most enterprises have hundreds—if not thousands—of applications on their networks; the majority of which will remain in the Best Effort service class.

The QoS Baseline recommendations are intended as a standards-based guideline for customers—not as a mandate.



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QoS BEST-PRACTICES AT-A-GLANCE

A successful QoS deployment includes three key phases:

- 1) Strategically defining the business objectives to be achieved via QoS
- 2) Analyzing the service-level requirements of the traffic classes
- 3) Designing and testing QoS policies

1) STRATEGICALLY DEFINING THE BUSINESS OBJECTIVES TO BE ACHIEVED BY QoS

Business QoS objectives need to be defined:

- Is the objective to enable VoIP only or is video also required?
- If so, is video-conferencing or streaming video required? Or both?
- Are there applications that are considered mission-critical? If so, what are they?
- Does the organization wish to squelch certain types of traffic? If so, what are they?
- Does the business want to use QoS tools to mitigate DoS/worm attacks?
- How many classes of service are needed to meet the business objectives?

Because QoS introduces a system of managed unfairness, most QoS deployments inevitably entail political repercussions when implemented. To minimize the effects of non-technical obstacles to deployment, address political/organizational issues as early as possible, garnishing executive endorsement whenever possible.

2) ANALYZE THE APPLICATION SERVICE-LEVEL REQUIREMENTS

Voice

- Predictable Flows
- Drop + Delay Sensitive
- UDP Priority
- 150 ms One-Way Delay
- 30 ms Jitter
- 1% Loss
- 17 kbps-106 kbps VoIP + Call-Signaling

Video

- Unpredictable Flows
- Drop + Delay Sensitive
- UDP Priority
- 150 ms One-Way Delay
- 30 ms Jitter
- 1% Loss
- Overprovision Stream by 20% to Account for Headers + Bursts

Data

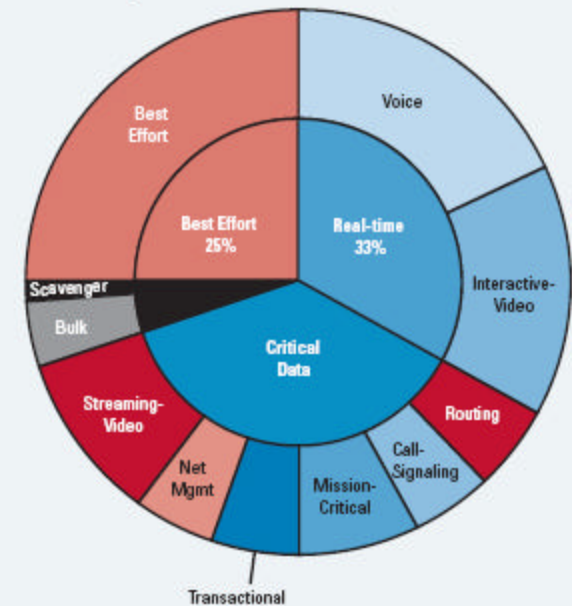
- No "One-Size Fits All"
- Smooth/Bursty
- Benign/Greedy
- TCP Retransmits/UDP Does Not

3) DESIGN AND TEST THE QoS POLICIES

| Application | L3 Classification | |
|--------------------|-------------------|------|
| | PHB | DSCP |
| Routing | CS6 | 48 |
| Voice | EF | 46 |
| Interactive-Video | AF41 | 34 |
| Streaming Video | CS4 | 32 |
| Mission-Critical | AF31 | 26 |
| Call-Signaling | CS3 | 24 |
| Transactional Data | AF21 | 18 |
| Network Mgmt | CS2 | 16 |
| Bulk Data | AF11 | 10 |
| Scavenger | CS1 | 8 |
| Best Effort | 0 | 0 |

Classify, mark, and police as close to the traffic-sources as possible; following Differentiated-Services standards, such as RFC 2474, 2475, 2597, 2698 and 3246.

Provision queuing in a consistent manner (according to hardware capabilities).



Thoroughly test QoS policies prior to production-network deployment.

A successful QoS policy rollout is followed by ongoing monitoring of service levels and periodic adjustments and tuning of QoS policies.

As business conditions change, the organization will need to adapt to these changes and may be required to begin the QoS deployment cycle anew, by redefining their objectives, tuning and testing corresponding designs, rolling these new designs out and monitoring them to see if they match the redefined objectives.

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SCAVENGER-CLASS QoS STRATEGY FOR DOS/WORM ATTACK MITIGATION AT-A-GLANCE

DoS and worm attacks are exponentially increasing in frequency, complexity, and scope of damage.

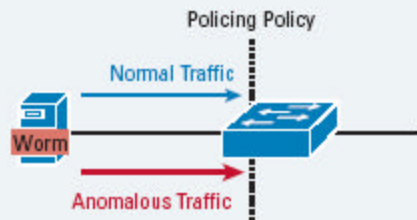
QoS tools and strategic designs can mitigate the effects of worms and keep critical applications available during DoS attacks.

One such strategy, referred to as Scavenger-class QoS, uses a two-step tactical approach to provide first- and second-order anomaly detection and reaction to DoS/worm attack-generated traffic.

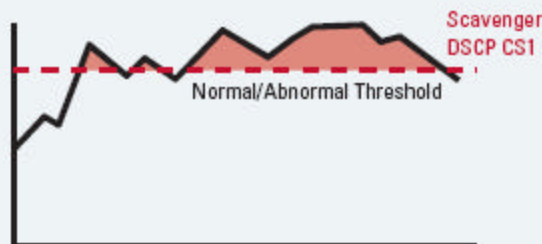
The first step in deploying Scavenger-class QoS is to profile applications to determine what constitutes a normal vs. abnormal flow (within a 95% confidence interval).

Application traffic exceeding this normal rate will be subject to first-order anomaly detection at the Campus Access-Edge, specifically: excess traffic will be marked down to Scavenger (DSCP CS1/8).

Note that anomalous traffic is not dropped or penalized at the edge; it is simply remarked.



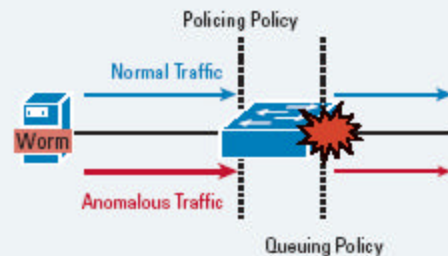
Only traffic in excess of the normal/abnormal threshold is remarked to Scavenger.



Campus Access-Edge policing policies are coupled with Scavenger-class queuing policies on the uplinks to the Campus Distribution Layer.

Queuing policies only engage when links are congested. Therefore, only if uplinks become congested, traffic begin to be dropped.

Anomalous traffic—previously marked to Scavenger—is dropped the most aggressively (only after all other traffic types have been fully-served).

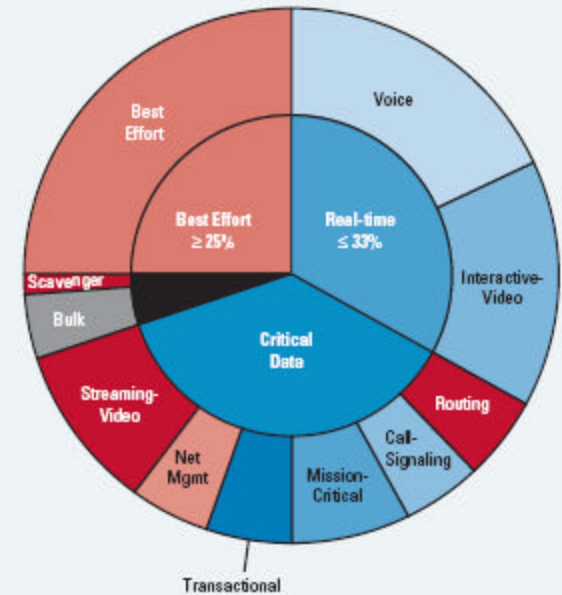


A key point of this strategy is that legitimate traffic flows that temporarily exceed thresholds are not penalized by Scavenger-class QoS.

Only sustained, abnormal streams generated simultaneously by multiple hosts (highly-indicative of DoS/worm attacks) are subject to aggressive dropping—and such dropping only occurs *after* legitimate traffic has been fully-served.

The Campus uplinks are not the only points in the network infrastructure where congestion could occur. Typically WAN and VPN links are the first to congest.

Therefore, Scavenger-class “less-than-Best-Effort” queuing should be provisioned on all network devices in a consistent manner (according to hardware capabilities).



Thoroughly test QoS policies prior to production-network deployment.

It is critically important to recognize, that even when Scavenger-class QoS has been deployed end-to-end, this tactic only mitigates the effects of certain types of DoS/worm attacks, and does not prevent them or remove them entirely. Scavenger-class QoS is just one element of a comprehensive Cisco Self-Defending Networks (SDN) strategy.



CAMPUS QoS DESIGN

AT-A-GLANCE

QoS policies should always be enabled in Cisco Catalyst® switches—rather than router software—whenever a choice exists.

Three main types of QoS policies are required within the Campus:

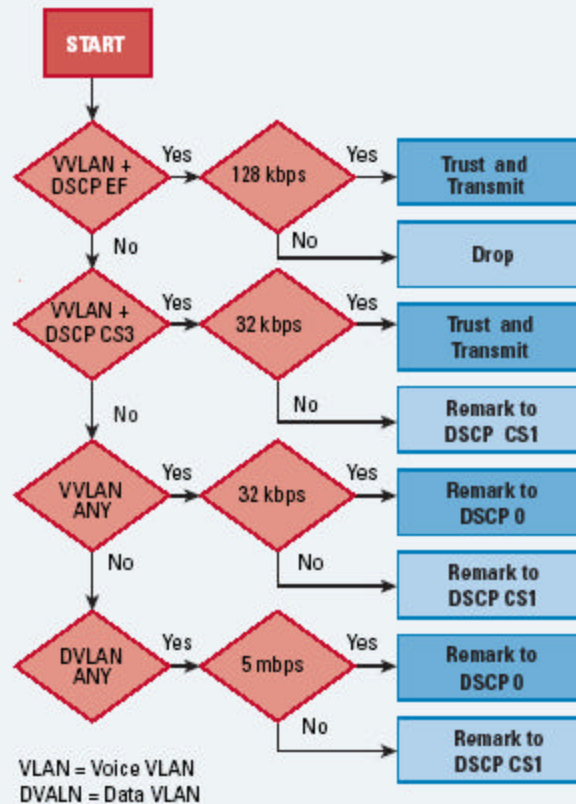
- 1) Classification and Marking
- 2) Policing and Markdown
- 3) Queuing

Classification, marking, and policing should be performed as close to the traffic-sources as possible, specifically at the Campus Access-Edge. Queuing, on the other hand, needs to be provisioned at all Campus Layers (Access, Distribution, Core) due to oversubscription ratios.

Classify and mark as close to the traffic-sources as possible following Cisco QoS Baseline marking recommendations, which are based on Differentiated-Services standards, such as: RFC 2474, 2597 & 3246.

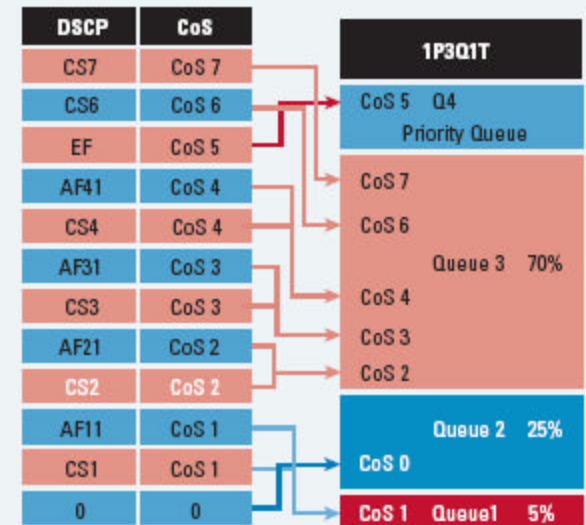
| Application | L3 Classification | |
|--------------------|-------------------|------|
| | PHB | DSCP |
| Routing | CS6 | 48 |
| Voice | EF | 46 |
| Interactive-Video | AF41 | 34 |
| Streaming Video | CS4 | 32 |
| Mission-Critical | AF31 | 26 |
| Call-Signaling | CS3 | 24 |
| Transactional Data | AF21 | 18 |
| Network Mgmt | CS2 | 16 |
| Bulk Data | AF11 | 10 |
| Scavenger | CS1 | 8 |
| Best Effort | 0 | 0 |

Access-Edge policers, such as this one, detect anomalous flows and remark these to Scavenger (DSCP CS1).



Queuing policies will vary by platform:

E.g. 1P3Q1T P = Priority Queue
Q = Non-Priority Queue
T = WRED Threshold



Campus Access switches require the following QoS policies:

- Appropriate (endpoint-dependant) trust policies, and/or classification and marking policies
- Policing and markdown policies
- Queuing policies.

Campus Distribution and Core switches require the following QoS policies:

- DSCP trust policies
- Queuing policies
- Optional per-user microflow policing policies (only on distribution layer Catalyst 6500s with Sup720s.)

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Q and A



REFERENCES



References

DiffServ Standards

- **RFC 2474 “Definition of the Differentiated Services Field (DS Field) in the IPv4 and IPv6 Headers”**
<http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2474>
- **RFC 2475 “An Architecture for Differentiated Services”**
<http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2475>
- **RFC 2597 “Assured Forwarding PHB Group”**
<http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2597>
- **RFC 2697 “A Single Rate Three Color Marker”**
<http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2697>
- **RFC 2698 “A Two Rate Three Color Marker”**
<http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2698>
- **RFC 3246 “An Expedited Forwarding PHB (Per-Hop Behavior)”**
<http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc3246>

References

Cisco Catalyst QoS Documentation

Cisco.com

- **Cisco Catalyst 2950 QoS Configuration Documentation**
<http://www.cisco.com/univercd/cc/td/doc/product/lan/cat2950/12122ea2/2950scg/swqos.htm>
- **Cisco Catalyst 2970 QoS Configuration Documentation**
<http://www.cisco.com/univercd/cc/td/doc/product/lan/cat2970/12225sea/2970scg/swqos.htm>
- **Cisco Catalyst 3550 QoS Configuration Documentation**
<http://www.cisco.com/univercd/cc/td/doc/product/lan/c3550/12225seb/scg/swqos.htm>
- **Cisco Catalyst 3560 QoS Configuration Documentation**
<http://www.cisco.com/univercd/cc/td/doc/product/lan/cat3560/1225sea/3560scg/swqos.htm>
- **Cisco Catalyst 3750 QoS Configuration Documentation**
<http://www.cisco.com/univercd/cc/td/doc/product/lan/cat3750/12225sea/3750scg/swqos.htm>
- **Cisco Catalyst 4500 QoS Configuration Documentation**
http://www.cisco.com/univercd/cc/td/doc/product/lan/cat4000/12_2_25a/conf/qos.htm
- **Cisco Catalyst 6500 QoS Configuration Documentation (CatOS)**
http://www.cisco.com/univercd/cc/td/doc/product/lan/cat6000/sw_8_4/config_gd/qos.htm
- **Cisco Catalyst 6500 QoS Configuration Documentation (IOS)**
<http://www.cisco.com/univercd/cc/td/doc/product/lan/cat6000/122sx/swcg/qos.htm>

References

Cisco Catalyst AutoQoS Documentation

Cisco.com

- **AutoQoS VoIP for the Cisco Catalyst 2950**
<http://www.cisco.com/univercd/cc/td/doc/product/lan/cat2950/12122ea2/2950scg/swqos.htm#wp1125412>
- **AutoQoS VoIP for the Cisco Catalyst 2970**
<http://www.cisco.com/univercd/cc/td/doc/product/lan/cat2970/12225sea/2970scg/swqos.htm#wp1231112>
- **AutoQoS VoIP for the Cisco Catalyst 3550**
<http://www.cisco.com/univercd/cc/td/doc/product/lan/c3550/12225seb/scg/swqos.htm#wp1185065>
- **AutoQoS VoIP for the Cisco Catalyst 3560**
<http://www.cisco.com/univercd/cc/td/doc/product/lan/cat3560/1225sea/3560scg/swqos.htm#wp1231112>
- **AutoQoS VoIP for the Cisco Catalyst 3750**
<http://www.cisco.com/univercd/cc/td/doc/product/lan/cat3750/12225sea/3750scg/swqos.htm#wp1231112>
- **AutoQoS VoIP for the Cisco Catalyst 4550**
http://www.cisco.com/univercd/cc/td/doc/product/lan/cat4000/12_2_25a/conf/qos.htm#wp1281380
- **AutoQoS VoIP for the Cisco Catalyst 6500 (Cisco Catalyst OS)**
http://www.cisco.com/univercd/cc/td/doc/product/lan/cat6000/sw_8_4/config_gd/autoqos.htm

References

Cisco User-Based Rate Limiting and Control Plane Policing Links:

Cisco.com

- **User-Based Rate Limiting (Cat4500)**

http://www.cisco.com/univercd/cc/td/doc/product/lan/cat4000/12_2_25a/conf/qos.htm#wp1327746

- **Per-User Microflow Policing (C6500 – IOS)**

<http://www.cisco.com/univercd/cc/td/doc/product/lan/cat6000/122sx/swcg/qos.htm#wp1020702>

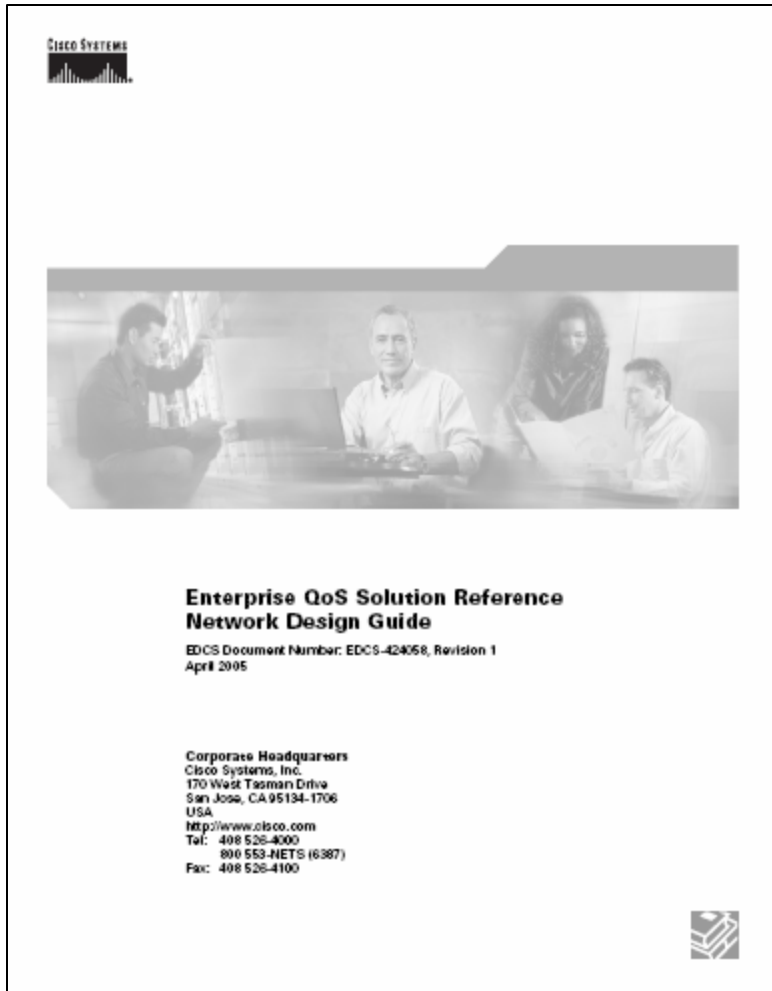
- **Control Plane Policing (C6500 IOS)**

<http://www.cisco.com/univercd/cc/td/doc/product/lan/cat6000/122sx/swcg/dos.htm>

References

Enterprise QoS Solution Reference Network Design Guide

Cisco.com



<http://www.cisco.com/go/srnd>

QoS Design Overview
Campus QoS Design
WAN QoS Design
Branch QoS Design
MPLS VPN (CE) QoS Design

Recommended Reading

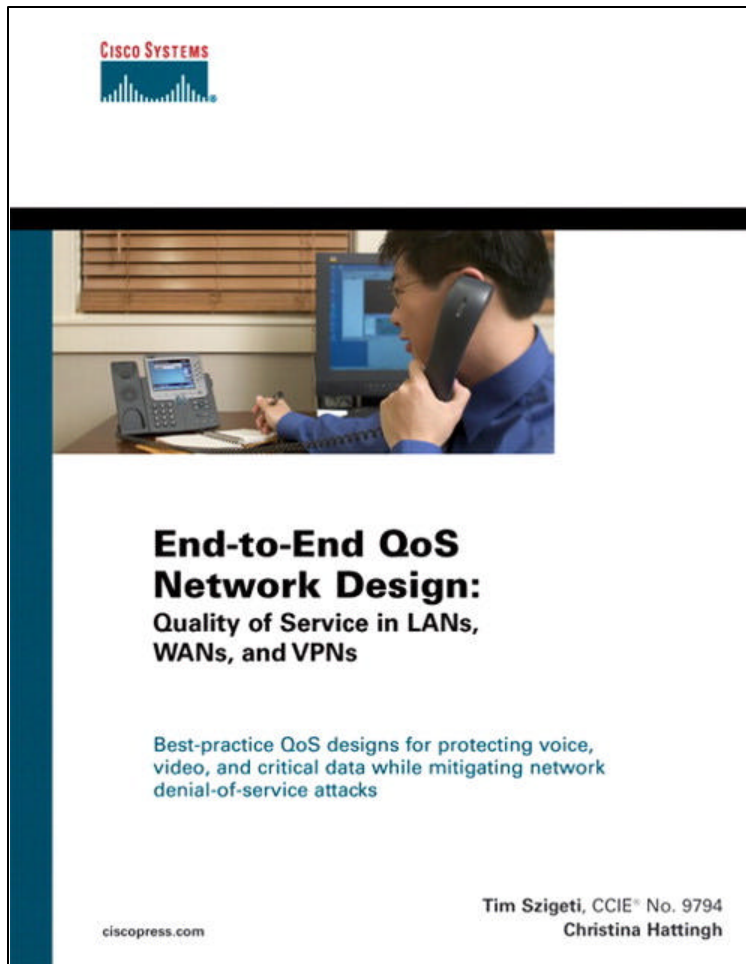


Recommended Reading

Cisco Press Book: End-to-End QoS Design

Cisco.com

<http://www.ciscopress.com/title/1587051761>



ISBN: 1587051761
Publish Date: Nov 9/04

LAN

- Catalyst 2950
- Catalyst 3550
- Catalyst 2970/3560/3750
- Catalyst 4500
- Catalyst 6500

WAN/Branch

- Leased Lines
- Frame Relay
- ATM
- ATM-to-FR SIW
- ISDN
- NBAR for Worm Policing

VPN

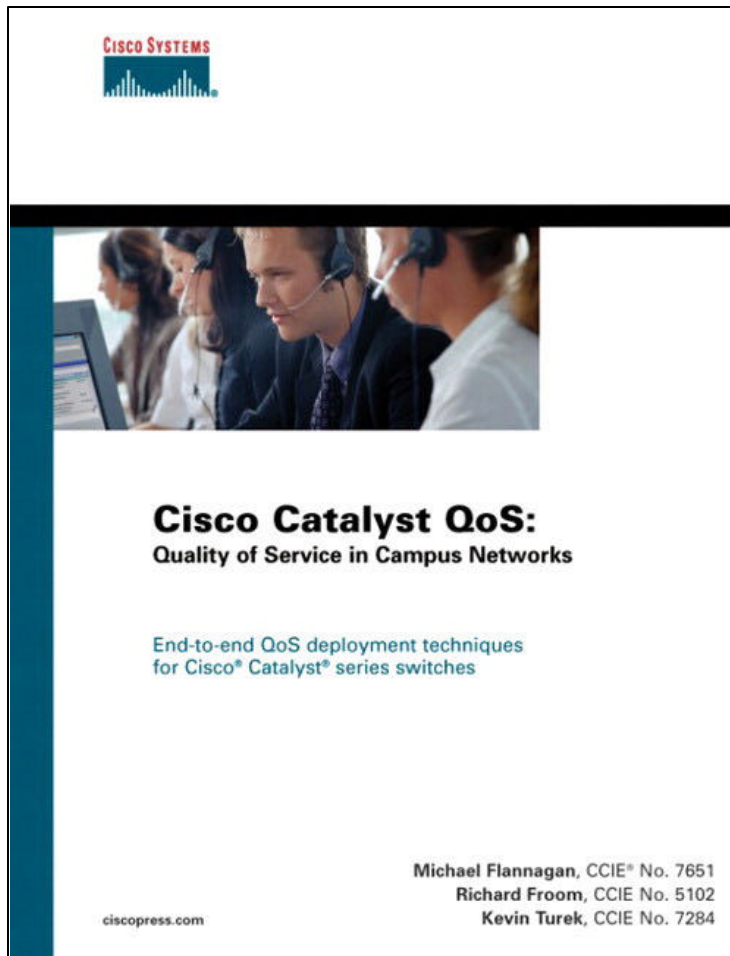
- MPLS (for Enterprise Subscribers)
- MPLS (for Service Providers)
- IPSec (Site-to-Site)
- IPSec (Teleworker)

Recommended Reading

Cisco Press Book: Catalyst QoS Design

Cisco.com

<http://www.ciscopress.com/title/1587051206>



ISBN: 15870511206
Publish Date: June 2003

- **Modular QoS CLI**
- **2900XL and 3500XL**
- **4000 Supervisor I and II**
- **2948G and 2980G**
- **5000**
- **2950 and 3550**
- **4500 Supervisor III and IV**
- **2948G-L3 and 4908G-L3**
- **6500 Supervisor I/ IA/ II**
 - **Architecture**
 - **MSFC and FlexWAN QoS**

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Muchas gracias.

Session ID: RST – 2501

Campus QoS Design

CISCO SYSTEMS



Appendix



Cisco Catalyst 2950 QoS Design

IP Phone + PC + Scavenger (Basic) Model Example



Cisco.com

```
CAT2950(config)#mls qos map cos-dscp 0 8 16 24 32 46 48 56      ! Maps CoS 5 to EF
CAT2950(config)#
CAT2950(config)#class-map VVLAN-ANY
CAT2950(config-cmap)# match access-group name VVLAN-ANY
CAT2950(config-cmap)#class-map DVLAN-ANY
CAT2950(config-cmap)# match access-group name DVLAN-ANY
CAT2950(config-cmap)#exit
CAT2950(config)#
CAT2950(config)#policy-map IPPHONE+PC
CAT2950(config-pmap)# class VVLAN-ANY
CAT2950(config-pmap-c)# police 1000000 8192 exceed-action drop  ! Excess VoIP dropped
CAT2950(config-pmap-c)# class DVLAN-ANY
CAT2950(config-pmap-c)# set ip dscp 0
CAT2950(config-pmap-c)# police 5000000 8192 exceed-action dscp 8 ! Excess Data remarked
CAT2950(config-pmap-c)#exit
CAT2950(config-pmap)#exit
CAT2950(config)#
CAT2950(config)#
CAT2950(config)#interface range FastEthernet0/1 - 48
CAT2950(config-if)# switchport access vlan 10
CAT2950(config-if)# switchport voice vlan 110
CAT2950(config-if)# mls qos trust device cisco-phone          ! Conditional trust
CAT2950(config-if)# mls qos trust cos                        ! Trust CoS from IP Phone
CAT2950(config-if)# service-policy input IPPHONE+PC          ! Policing policy
CAT2950(config-if)#exit
CAT2950(config)#
CAT2950(config)#ip access-list standard VVLAN-ANY
CAT2950(config-std-nacl)# permit 10.1.110.0 0.0.0.255        ! VVLAN subnet
CAT2950(config-std-nacl)#
CAT2950(config-std-nacl)#ip access-list standard DVLAN-ANY
CAT2950(config-std-nacl)# permit 10.1.10.0 0.0.0.255        ! DVLAN subnet
CAT2950(config-std-nacl)#end
CAT2950#
```

Cisco Catalyst 3550 QoS Design

Enabling QoS + Trusted Endpoint Example

Cisco.com

```
CAT3550#show mls qos
QoS is disabled
```

! By default QoS is disabled

```
CAT3550#configure terminal
```

Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.

```
CAT3550(config)#mls qos
```

! Enables QoS globally for the Cat3550

```
CAT3550(config)#exit
```

```
CAT3550#
```

```
CAT3550#show mls qos
```

```
QoS is enabled
```

! Verifies that QoS is enabled globally

```
CAT3550#
```

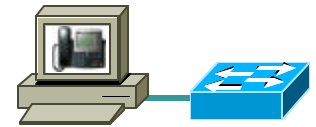
```
CAT3550(config)#interface range FastEthernet0/1 - 48
```

```
CAT3550(config-if)#mls qos trust dscp
```

! Trusted Endpoint Example

Cisco Catalyst 3550 QoS Design

PC + SoftPhone + Scavenger Model Example: Part 1

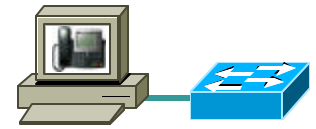


Cisco.com

```
CAT3550(config)#mls qos map policed-dscp 0 24 46 to 8
! Excess traffic marked 0 or CS3 or EF will be remarked to CS1
CAT3550(config)#
CAT3550(config)#class-map match-all SOFTPHONE-VOICE
CAT3550(config-cmap)# match access-group name SOFTPHONE-VOICE
CAT3550(config-cmap)#class-map match-all SOFTPHONE-SIGNALING
CAT3550(config-cmap)# match access-group name SOFTPHONE-SIGNALING
CAT3550(config-cmap)#exit
CAT3550(config)#
CAT3550(config)#policy-map SOFTPHONE-PC
CAT3550(config-pmap)#class SOFTPHONE-VOICE
CAT3550(config-pmap-c)# set ip dscp 46 ! VoIP is marked to DSCP EF
CAT3550(config-pmap-c)# police 128000 8000 exceed-action policed-dscp-transmit
! Out-of-profile SoftPhone VoIP is marked down to Scavenger (CS1)
CAT3550(config-pmap-c)#class SOFTPHONE-SIGNALING
CAT3550(config-pmap-c)# set ip dscp 24 ! Signaling is marked to DSCP CS3
CAT3550(config-pmap-c)# police 32000 8000 exceed-action policed-dscp-transmit
! Out-of-profile Signaling is marked down to Scavenger (CS1)
CAT3550(config-pmap-c)#class class-default
CAT3550(config-pmap-c)# set ip dscp 0
CAT3550(config-pmap-c)# police 5000000 8000 exceed-action policed-dscp-transmit
! Out-of-profile data traffic is marked down to Scavenger (CS1)
CAT3550(config-pmap-c)# exit
CAT3550(config-pmap)#exit
CAT3550(config)#
```

Cisco Catalyst 3550 QoS Design

PC + SoftPhone + Scavenger Model Example: Part 2



Cisco.com

```
CAT3550(config)#interface range FastEthernet0/1 - 48
CAT3550(config-if)# service-policy input SOFTPHONE-PC
CAT3550(config-if)#exit
CAT3550(config)#
CAT3550(config)#ip access-list extended SOFTPHONE-VOICE
CAT3550(config-ext-nacl)# permit udp any any range 16384 32767 ! VoIP ports
CAT3550(config-ext-nacl)#
CAT3550(config-ext-nacl)#ip access-list extended SOFTPHONE-SIGNALING
CAT3550(config-ext-nacl)# permit tcp any any range 2000 2002 ! SCCP ports
CAT3550(config-ext-nacl)#end
CAT3550#
```

Cisco Catalyst 3550 QoS Design

IP Phone + PC + Scavenger (Basic) Model Example: Part 1



Cisco.com

```
CAT3550(config)#mls qos map cos-dscp 0 8 16 24 32 46 48 56
! Modifies CoS-to-DSCP mapping to map CoS 5 to DSCP EF
CAT3550(config)#mls qos map policed-dscp 0 24 to 8
! Excess DVLAN & VVLAN traffic will be remarked to Scavenger (CS1)
CAT3550(config)#
CAT3550(config)#
CAT3550(config)#class-map match-all VOICE
CAT3550(config-cmap)# match ip dscp 46 ! DSCP EF (voice)
CAT3550(config-cmap)#class-map match-all CALL-SIGNALING
CAT3550(config-cmap)# match ip dscp 24 ! DSCP CS3 (new)
CAT3550(config-cmap)#
CAT3550(config-cmap)#class-map match-all VVLAN-VOICE
CAT3550(config-cmap)# match vlan 110 ! VLAN 110 is VVLAN
CAT3550(config-cmap)# match class-map VOICE ! Matches VVLAN DSCP EF
CAT3550(config-cmap)#
CAT3550(config-cmap)#class-map match-all VVLAN-CALL-SIGNALING
CAT3550(config-cmap)# match vlan 110 ! VLAN 110 is VVLAN
CAT3550(config-cmap)# match class-map CALL-SIGNALING !Matches VVLAN AF31/CS3
CAT3550(config-cmap)#
CAT3550(config-cmap)#class-map match-all ANY
CAT3550(config-cmap)# match access-group name ANY ! Workaround ACL
CAT3550(config-cmap)#
CAT3550(config-cmap)#class-map match-all VVLAN-ANY
CAT3550(config-cmap)# match vlan 110 ! VLAN 110 is VVLAN
CAT3550(config-cmap)# match class-map ANY ! Matches other VVLAN traffic
CAT3550(config-cmap)#
CAT3550(config-cmap)#class-map match-all DVLAN-ANY
CAT3550(config-cmap)# match vlan 10 ! VLAN 10 is DVLAN
CAT3550(config-cmap)# match class-map ANY ! Matches other DVLAN traffic
```

Cisco Catalyst 3550 QoS Design

IP Phone + PC + Scavenger (Basic) Model Example: Part 2



Cisco.com

```
CAT3550(config-cmap)#policy-map IPPHONE+PC-BASIC
CAT3550(config-pmap)#class VVLAN-VOICE
CAT3550(config-pmap-c)# set ip dscp 46 ! DSCP EF (Voice)
CAT3550(config-pmap-c)# police 128000 8000 exceed-action drop
! Only one voice call is permitted per switchport VVLAN
CAT3550(config-pmap-c)#class VVLAN-CALL-SIGNALING
CAT3550(config-pmap-c)# set ip dscp 24 ! DSCP CS3 (Call-Signaling)
CAT3550(config-pmap-c)# police 32000 8000 exceed-action policed-dscp-transmit
! Out-of-profile Call-Signaling is marked down to Scavenger (CS1)
CAT3550(config-pmap-c)#class VVLAN-ANY
CAT3550(config-pmap-c)# set ip dscp 0
CAT3550(config-pmap-c)# police 32000 8000 exceed-action policed-dscp-transmit
! Unauthorized VVLAN traffic is marked down to Scavenger (CS1)
CAT3550(config-pmap-c)#class DVLAN-ANY
CAT3550(config-pmap-c)# set ip dscp 0
CAT3550(config-pmap-c)# police 5000000 8000 exceed-action policed-dscp-transmit
! Out-of-profile data traffic is marked down to Scavenger (CS1)
CAT3550(config-pmap-c)# exit
CAT3550(config)#
CAT3550(config)#interface FastEthernet0/1
CAT3550(config-if)# switchport access vlan 10 ! DVLAN
CAT3550(config-if)# switchport voice vlan 110 ! VVLAN
CAT3550(config-if)# mls qos trust device cisco-phone ! Conditional Trust
CAT3550(config-if)# service-policy input IPPHONE+PC-BASIC
CAT3550(config-if)#exit
CAT3550(config)#
CAT3550(config)#ip access-list standard ANY ! Workaround ACL
CAT3550(config-std-nacl)# permit any
CAT3550(config-std-nacl)#end
CAT3550#
```

Cisco Catalyst 2970/3560/3750 QoS Design

Enabling QoS + Trusted Endpoint Example

Cisco.com

```
CAT2970#show mls qos
QoS is disabled
```

! By default QoS is disabled

```
CAT2970#configure terminal
```

Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.

```
CAT3550(config)#mls qos
```

! Enables QoS globally for

```
Cat2970/3560/3750
```

```
CAT3550(config)#exit
```

```
CAT3550#
```

```
CAT2970#show mls qos
```

```
QoS is enabled
```

! Verifies that QoS is enabled globally

```
CAT3550#
```

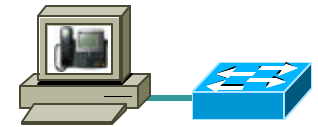
```
CAT2970(config)#interface range FastEthernet0/1 - 48
```

```
CAT2970(config-if)#mls qos trust dscp
```

! Trusted Endpoint Example

Cisco Catalyst 2970/3560/3750

PC + SoftPhone + Scavenger Model Example: Part 1

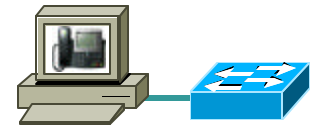


Cisco.com

```
CAT2970(config)#mls qos map policed-dscp 0 24 46 to 8
      ! Excess traffic marked 0 or CS3 or EF will be remarked to CS1
CAT2970(config)#
CAT2970(config)#class-map match-all SOFTPHONE-VOICE
CAT2970(config-cmap)# match access-group name SOFTPHONE-VOICE
CAT2970(config-cmap)#class-map match-all SOFTPHONE-SIGNALING
CAT2970(config-cmap)# match access-group name SOFTPHONE-SIGNALING
CAT2970(config-cmap)#exit
CAT2970(config)#
CAT2970(config)#policy-map SOFTPHONE-PC
CAT2970(config-pmap)#class SOFTPHONE-VOICE
CAT2970(config-pmap-c)# set ip dscp 46      ! Softphone VoIP is marked DSCP EF
CAT2970(config-pmap-c)# police 128000 8000 exceed-action policed-dscp-transmit
      ! Out-of-profile SoftPhone VoIP is marked down to Scavenger (CS1)
CAT2970(config-pmap-c)#class SOFTPHONE-SIGNALING
CAT2970(config-pmap-c)# set ip dscp 24      ! Call-Signaling is marked DSCP CS3
CAT2970(config-pmap-c)# police 32000 8000 exceed-action policed-dscp-transmit
      ! Out-of-profile SoftPhone Signaling is marked down to Scavenger (CS1)
CAT2970(config-pmap-c)#class class-default
CAT2970(config-pmap-c)# set ip dscp 0
CAT2970(config-pmap-c)# police 5000000 8000 exceed-action policed-dscp-transmit
      ! Out-of-profile data traffic is marked down to Scavenger (CS1)
CAT2970(config-pmap-c)# exit
CAT2970(config-pmap)#exit
CAT2970(config)#
```

Cisco Catalyst 2970/3560/3750

PC + SoftPhone + Scavenger Model Example: Part 2



Cisco.com

```
CAT2970(config)#interface GigabitEthernet0/1
CAT2970(config-if)# service-policy input SOFTPHONE-PC
CAT2970(config-if)#exit
CAT2970(config)#
CAT2970(config)#ip access-list extended SOFTPHONE-VOICE
CAT2970(config-ext-nacl)# permit udp any any range 16384 32767 ! VoIP ports
CAT2970(config-ext-nacl)#
CAT2970(config-ext-nacl)#ip access-list extended SOFTPHONE-SIGNALING
CAT2970(config-ext-nacl)# permit tcp any any range 2000 2002 ! SCCP ports
CAT2970(config-ext-nacl)#end
CAT2970#
```

Cisco Catalyst 2970/3560/3750

IP Phone + PC + Scavenger (Basic) Model Example: Part 1



Cisco.com

```
CAT2970(config)#mls qos map cos-dscp 0 8 16 24 32 46 48 56
! Modifies CoS-to-DSCP mapping to map CoS 5 to DSCP EF
CAT2970(config)#mls qos map policed-dscp 0 24 to 8
! Excess VVLAN & DVLAN traffic will be remarked to Scavenger (CS1)

CAT2970(config)#
CAT2970(config)#
CAT2970(config)#class-map match-all VVLAN-VOICE
CAT2970(config-cmap)# match access-group name VVLAN-VOICE
CAT2970(config-cmap)#
CAT2970(config-cmap)#class-map match-all VVLAN-CALL-SIGNALING
CAT2970(config-cmap)# match access-group name VVLAN-CALL-SIGNALING
CAT2970(config-cmap)#
CAT2970(config-cmap)#class-map match-all VVLAN-ANY
CAT2970(config-cmap)# match access-group name VVLAN-ANY
CAT2970(config-cmap)#
CAT2970(config-cmap)#
```


Cisco Catalyst 2970/3560/3750

IP Phone + PC + Scavenger (Basic) Model Example: Part 2



Cisco.com

```
CAT2970(config-cmap)#policy-map IPPHONE+PC-BASIC
CAT2970(config-pmap)#class VVLAN-VOICE
CAT2970(config-pmap-c)# set ip dscp 46                ! DSCP EF (Voice)
CAT2970(config-pmap-c)# police 128000 8000 exceed-action drop
                ! Only one voice call is permitted per switchport VVLAN
CAT2970(config-pmap-c)#class VVLAN-CALL-SIGNALING
CAT2970(config-pmap-c)# set ip dscp 24                ! DSCP CS3 (Call-Signaling)
CAT2970(config-pmap-c)# police 32000 8000 exceed-action policed-dscp-transmit
                ! Out-of-profile Call-Signaling is marked down to Scavenger (CS1)
CAT2970(config-pmap-c)#class VVLAN-ANY
CAT2970(config-pmap-c)# set ip dscp 0
CAT2970(config-pmap-c)# police 32000 8000 exceed-action policed-dscp-transmit
                ! Unauthorized VVLAN traffic is marked down to Scavenger (CS1)
CAT2970(config-pmap-c)#class class-default
CAT2970(config-pmap-c)# set ip dscp 0
CAT2970(config-pmap-c)# police 5000000 8000 exceed-action policed-dscp-transmit
                ! Out-of-profile data traffic is marked down to Scavenger (CS1)
CAT2970(config-pmap-c)# exit
CAT2970(config-pmap)#exit
CAT2970(config)#
```

Cisco Catalyst 2970/3560/3750

IP Phone + PC + Scavenger (Basic) Model Example: Part 3



Cisco.com

```
CAT2970(config)#interface GigabitEthernet0/1
CAT2970(config-if)# switchport access vlan 10                ! DVLAN
CAT2970(config-if)# switchport voice vlan 110               ! VVLAN
CAT2970(config-if)# mls qos trust device cisco-phone        ! Conditional Trust
CAT2970(config-if)# service-policy input IPPHONE+PC-BASIC
CAT2970(config-if)#exit
CAT2970(config)#
CAT2970(config)#
CAT2970(config)#ip access-list extended VVLAN-VOICE
CAT2970(config-ext-nacl)#permit udp 10.1.110.0 0.0.0.255
    any range 16384 32767 dscp ef
    ! Voice is matched by VVLAN subnet and DSCP EF
CAT2970(config-ext-nacl)#exit
CAT2970(config)#
CAT2970(config)#ip access-list extended VVLAN-CALL-SIGNALING
CAT2970(config-ext-nacl)#permit tcp 10.1.110.0 0.0.0.255
    any range 2000 2002 dscp cs3
    ! Call-Signaling is matched by VVLAN subnet and DSCP CS3
CAT2970(config-ext-nacl)#exit
CAT2970(config)#
CAT2970(config)#ip access-list extended VVLAN-ANY
CAT2970(config-ext-nacl)# permit ip 10.1.110.0 0.0.0.255 any
    ! Matches all other traffic sourced from the VVLAN subnet
CAT2970(config-ext-nacl)#end
CAT2970#
```

Cisco Catalyst 4500 QoS Design

Enabling QoS + Trusted Endpoint Example

Cisco.com

```
CAT4500#show qos
QoS is disabled globally           ! By default QoS is disabled
IP header DSCP rewrite is enabled
```

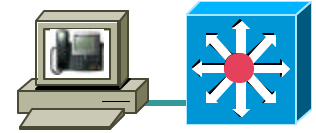
```
CAT4500#conf term
Enter configuration commands, one per line.  End with CNTL/Z.
CAT4500(config)#qos                ! Enables QoS globally for the Cat4500
CAT4500(config)#end
CAT4500#
```

```
CAT4500#show qos
QoS is enabled globally           ! Verifies that QoS is enabled globally
IP header DSCP rewrite is enabled
CAT4500#
```

```
CAT4500(config)#interface FastEthernet2/1
CAT4500(config-if)# qos trust dscp ! Trusted Endpoint Example
CAT4500(config-if)#end
CAT4500#
```

Cisco Catalyst 4500 QoS Design

PC + SoftPhone + Scavenger Model: Part 1

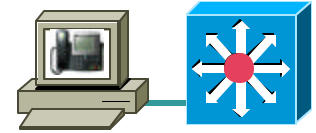


Cisco.com

```
CAT4500-SUP4(config)#qos map dscp policed 0 24 46 to dscp 8
    ! Excess traffic marked 0 or CS3 or EF will be remarked to CS1
CAT4500-SUP4(config)#
CAT4500-SUP4(config)#class-map match-all SOFTPHONE-SIGNALING
CAT4500-SUP4(config-cmap)# match access-group name SOFTPHONE-SIGNALING
CAT4500-SUP4(config-cmap)#class-map match-all SOFTPHONE-VOICE
CAT4500-SUP4(config-cmap)# match access-group name SOFTPHONE-VOICE
CAT4500-SUP4(config-cmap)#exit
CAT4500-SUP4(config)#
CAT4500-SUP4(config)#policy-map SOFTPHONE-PC
CAT4500-SUP4(config-pmap)# class SOFTPHONE-VOICE
CAT4500-SUP4(config-pmap-c)# set ip dscp ef                ! VoIP is marked to DSCP EF
CAT4500-SUP4(config-pmap-c)# police 128 kbps 8000 byte exceed-action
    policed-dscp-transmit
    ! Out-of-profile SoftPhone VoIP is marked down to Scavenger (CS1)
CAT4500-SUP4(config-pmap-c)#class SOFTPHONE-SIGNALING
CAT4500-SUP4(config-pmap-c)# set ip dscp cs3                ! Signaling is marked DSCP CS3
    ! SoftPhone Call-Signaling is marked to DSCP CS3
CAT4500-SUP4(config-pmap-c)# police 32 kbps 8000 byte exceed-action
    policed-dscp-transmit
    ! Out-of-profile Signaling traffic is marked down to Scavenger (CS1)
CAT4500-SUP4(config-pmap-c)#class class-default
CAT4500-SUP4(config-pmap-c)# set ip dscp default
CAT4500-SUP4(config-pmap-c)# police 5 mbps 8000 byte exceed-action
    policed-dscp-transmit
    ! Out-of-profile data traffic is marked down to Scavenger (CS1)
CAT4500-SUP4(config-pmap-c)#exit
```

Cisco Catalyst 4500 QoS Design

PC + SoftPhone + Scavenger Model Example: Part 2



Cisco.com

```
CAT4500-SUP4(config)#interface FastEthernet2/1
CAT4500-SUP4(config-if)# service-policy input SOFTPHONE-PC
CAT4500-SUP4(config-if)#exit
CAT4500-SUP4(config)#
CAT4500-SUP4(config)#ip access-list extended SOFTPHONE-VOICE
CAT4500-SUP4(config-ext-nacl)# permit udp any any range 16384 32767      ! VoIP
CAT4500-SUP4(config-ext-nacl)#
CAT4500-SUP4(config-ext-nacl)#ip access-list extended SOFTPHONE-SIGNALING
CAT4500-SUP4(config-ext-nacl)# permit tcp any any range 2000 2002      ! SCCP
CAT4500-SUP4(config-ext-nacl)#end
CAT4500-SUP4#
```

Cisco Catalyst 4500 QoS Design

IP Phone + PC + Scavenger (Basic) Model Example: Part 1



Cisco.com

```
CAT4500-SUP4(config)#qos map cos 5 to dscp 46
    ! Modifies CoS-to-DSCP mapping to map CoS 5 to DSCP EF
CAT4500-SUP4(config)#qos map dscp policed 0 24 to dscp 8
    ! Excess DVLAN & VVLAN traffic will be marked down to Scavenger (CS1)
CAT4500-SUP4(config)#
CAT4500-SUP4(config)#
CAT4500-SUP4(config)#class-map match-all VVLAN-VOICE
CAT4500-SUP4(config-cmap)#  match access-group name VVLAN-VOICE
CAT4500-SUP4(config-cmap)#
CAT4500-SUP4(config-cmap)#class-map match-all VVLAN-CALL-SIGNALING
CAT4500-SUP4(config-cmap)#  match access-group name VVLAN-CALL-SIGNALING
CAT4500-SUP4(config-cmap)#
CAT4500-SUP4(config-cmap)#class-map match-all VVLAN-ANY
CAT4500-SUP4(config-cmap)#  match access-group name VVLAN-ANY
CAT4500-SUP4(config-cmap)#
```

Cisco Catalyst 4500 QoS Design

IP Phone + PC + Scavenger (Basic) Model Example: Part 2



Cisco.com

```
CAT4500-SUP4(config-cmap)#policy-map IPPHONE+PC-BASIC
CAT4500-SUP4(config-pmap)#class VVLAN-VOICE
CAT4500-SUP4(config-pmap-c)# set ip dscp 46                ! DSCP EF (Voice)
CAT4500-SUP4(config-pmap-c)# police 128 kbps 8000 byte exceed-action drop
                        ! Only one voice call is permitted per switchport VVLAN
CAT4500-SUP4(config-pmap-c)#class VVLAN-CALL-SIGNALING
CAT4500-SUP4(config-pmap-c)# set ip dscp 24                ! DSCP CS3 (Call-Signaling)
CAT4500-SUP4(config-pmap-c)# police 32 kbps 8000 byte exceed-action
                        policed-dscp-transmit
                        ! Out-of-profile Call-Signaling is marked down to Scavenger (CS1)
CAT4500-SUP4(config-pmap-c)#class VVLAN-ANY
CAT4500-SUP4(config-pmap-c)# set ip dscp 0
CAT4500-SUP4(config-pmap-c)# police 32 kbps 8000 byte exceed-action
                        policed-dscp-transmit
                        ! Unauthorized VVLAN traffic is marked down to Scavenger (CS1)
CAT4500-SUP4(config-pmap-c)#class class-default
CAT4500-SUP4(config-pmap-c)# set ip dscp 0
CAT4500-SUP4(config-pmap-c)# police 5 mbps 8000 byte exceed-action
                        policed-dscp-transmit
                        ! Out-of-profile data traffic is marked down to Scavenger (CS1)
CAT4500-SUP4(config-pmap-c)# exit
CAT4500-SUP4(config-pmap)#exit
CAT4500-SUP4(config)#
```

Cisco Catalyst 4500 QoS Design

IP Phone + PC + Scavenger (Basic) Model Example: Part 3



Cisco.com

```
CAT4500-SUP4(config)#interface FastEthernet2/1
CAT4500-SUP4(config-if)# switchport access vlan 10           ! DVLAN
CAT4500-SUP4(config-if)# switchport voice vlan 110         ! VVLAN
CAT4500-SUP4(config-if)# qos trust device cisco-phone      ! Conditional Trust
CAT4500-SUP4(config-if)# service-policy input IPPHONE+PC-BASIC
CAT4500-SUP4(config-if)#exit
CAT4500-SUP4(config)#
CAT4500-SUP4(config)#
CAT4500-SUP4(config)#ip access-list extended VVLAN-VOICE
CAT4500-SUP4(config-ext-nacl)# permit udp 10.1.110.0 0.0.0.255 any
                        range 16384 32767
                        ! Voice is matched by VVLAN subnet and UDP port-range
CAT4500-SUP4(config-ext-nacl)#exit
CAT4500-SUP4(config)#
CAT4500-SUP4(config)#ip access-list extended VVLAN-CALL-SIGNALING
CAT4500-SUP4(config-ext-nacl)# permit tcp 10.1.110.0 0.0.0.255 any
                        range 2000 2002
                        ! Call-Signaling is matched by VVLAN subnet and TCP port-range
CAT4500-SUP4(config-ext-nacl)#exit
CAT4500-SUP4(config)#
CAT4500-SUP4(config)#ip access-list extended VVLAN-ANY
CAT4500-SUP4(config-ext-nacl)# permit ip 10.1.110.0 0.0.0.255 any
                        ! Matches all other traffic sourced from the VVLAN subnet
CAT4500-SUP4(config-ext-nacl)#end
CAT4500-SUP4#
```


Cisco Catalyst 6500 QoS Design

Globally Enabling QoS in Cisco Catalyst OS and Cisco IOS

Cisco.com

```
CAT6500-PFC2-CATOS> (enable) set qos enable
QoS is enabled.
CAT6500-PFC2-CATOS> (enable)
CAT6500-PFC2-CATOS> (enable) show qos status
QoS is enabled on this switch.
CAT6500-PFC2-CATOS> (enable)
```

```
CAT6500-PFC2-IOS(config)# mls qos
CAT6500-PFC2-IOS(config)#end
CAT6500-PFC2-IOS#
CAT6500-PFC2-IOS# show mls qos
  QoS is enabled globally
  Microflow policing is enabled globally
  Vlan or Portchannel(Multi-Earl) policies supported: Yes
  ----- Module [2] -----
  QoS global counters:
    Total packets: 65
    IP shortcut packets: 0
    Packets dropped by policing: 0
    IP packets with TOS changed by policing: 0
    IP packets with COS changed by policing: 0
    Non-IP packets with COS changed by policing: 0
CAT6500-PFC2-IOS#
```

Cisco Catalyst 6500 QoS Design

Trusted Endpoint Examples (Cisco Catalyst OS and Cisco IOS)

Cisco.com

CatOS Trust:

```
CAT6500-PFC2-CATOS> (enable) set port qos 3/1 trust trust-dscp
Port 3/1 qos set to trust-dscp.
CAT6500-PFC2-CATOS> (enable)
```

Trust Workaround for 2Q2T non-GigabitEthernet Linecards:

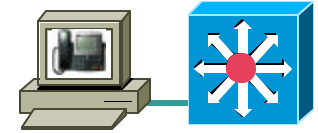
```
CAT6500-PFC2-CATOS> (enable) set qos acl ip TRUST-DSCP trust-dscp any
TRUST-DSCP editbuffer modified. Use 'commit' command to apply changes.
CAT6500-PFC2-CATOS> (enable) commit qos acl TRUST-DSCP
QoS ACL 'TRUST-DSCP' successfully committed.
CAT6500-PFC2-CATOS> (enable)
CAT6500-PFC2-CATOS> (enable) set qos acl map TRUST-DSCP 4/1
```

IOS Trust:

```
CAT6500-PFC2-IOS(config)#interface FastEthernet3/1
CAT6500-PFC2-IOS(config-if)#mls qos trust dscp
```

Cisco Catalyst 6500 QoS Design

PC + SoftPhone + Scavenger Model – CatOS Example



Cisco.com

```
CAT6500-PFC2-CATOS> (enable) set qos policed-dscp-map 0,24,46:8
! Excess traffic marked DSCP 0 or CS3 or EF will be remarked to CS1
CAT6500-PFC2-CATOS> (enable)
CAT6500-PFC2-CATOS> (enable) set qos policer aggregate SOFTPHONE-VOICE
rate 128 burst 8000 policed-dscp
! Defines the policer for SoftPhone VoIP traffic
CAT6500-PFC2-CATOS> (enable) set qos policer aggregate SOFTPHONE-SIGNALING
rate 32 burst 8000 policed-dscp
! Defines the policer for SoftPhone Call-Signaling traffic
CAT6500-PFC2-CATOS> (enable) set qos policer aggregate PC-DATA
rate 5000 burst 8000 policed-dscp
! Defines the policer for PC Data traffic
CAT6500-PFC2-CATOS> (enable)
CAT6500-PFC2-CATOS> (enable) set qos acl ip SOFTPHONE-PC dscp 46
aggregate SOFTPHONE-VOICE udp any any range 16384 32767
! Binds ACL to policer and marks in-profile SoftPhone VoIP to DSCP EF
CAT6500-PFC2-CATOS> (enable) set qos acl ip SOFTPHONE-PC dscp 24
aggregate SOFTPHONE-SIGNALING tcp any any range 2000 2002
! Binds ACL to policer marks in-profile Call-Signaling to DSCP CS3
CAT6500-PFC2-CATOS> (enable) set qos acl ip SOFTPHONE-PC dscp 0
aggregate PC-DATA any
! Binds ACL to policer and marks in-profile PC Data traffic to DSCP 0
CAT6500-PFC2-CATOS> (enable)
CAT6500-PFC2-CATOS> (enable) commit qos acl SOFTPHONE-PC
! Commits ACL to PFC memory
CAT6500-PFC2-CATOS> (enable) set port qos 3/1 trust untrusted
! Sets the port trust state to untrusted
CAT6500-PFC2-CATOS> (enable) set qos acl map SOFTPHONE-PC 3/1
! Attaches ACL to switch port
CAT6500-PFC2-CATOS> (enable)
```

Cisco Catalyst 6500 QoS Design

IP Phone + PC + Scavenger (Basic) Model - CatOS Ex: Part 1



Cisco.com

```
CAT6500-PFC2-CATOS> (enable) set qos cos-dscp-map 0 8 16 24 32 46 48 56
! Modifies default CoS-DSCP mapping so that CoS 5 is mapped to DSCP EF
CAT6500-PFC2-CATOS> (enable) set qos policed-dscp-map 0,24:8
! Excess traffic marked DSCP 0 or CS3 is remarked to CS1
CAT6500-PFC2-CATOS> (enable)

CAT6500-PFC2-CATOS> (enable) set qos policer aggregate VVLAN-VOICE
rate 128 burst 8000 drop
! Defines the policer for IP Phone VoIP traffic
CAT6500-PFC2-CATOS> (enable) set qos policer aggregate VVLAN-SIGNALING
rate 32 burst 8000 policed-dscp
! Defines the policer for IP Phone Call-Signaling traffic
CAT6500-PFC2-CATOS> (enable) set qos policer aggregate VVLAN-ANY
rate 32 burst 8000 policed-dscp
! Defines the policer for any other traffic sourced from the VVLAN
CAT6500-PFC2-CATOS> (enable) set qos policer aggregate PC-DATA
rate 5000 burst 8000 policed-dscp
! Defines the policer for PC Data traffic
CAT6500-PFC2-CATOS> (enable)
```

Cisco Catalyst 6500 QoS Design

IP Phone + PC + Scavenger (Basic) Model - CatOS Ex: Part 2



Cisco.com

```
CAT6500-PFC2-CATOS> (enable) set qos acl ip IPPHONE-PC-BASIC dscp 46
    aggregate VVLAN-VOICE udp 10.1.110.0 0.0.0.255 any range 16384 32767
    ! Binds ACL to policer and marks in-profile VVLAN VoIP to DSCP EF
CAT6500-PFC2-CATOS> (enable) set qos acl ip IPPHONE-PC-BASIC dscp 24
    aggregate VVLAN-SIGNALING tcp 10.1.110.0 0.0.0.255 any range 2000 2002
    ! Binds ACL to policer marks in-profile VVLAN Call-Signaling to DSCP CS3
CAT6500-PFC2-CATOS> (enable) set qos acl ip IPPHONE-PC-BASIC dscp 0
    aggregate VVLAN-ANY 10.1.110.0 0.0.0.255
    ! Binds ACL to policer and marks all other VVLAN traffic to DSCP 0
CAT6500-PFC2-CATOS> (enable) set qos acl ip IPPHONE-PC-BASIC dscp 0
    aggregate PC-DATA any
    ! Binds ACL to policer and marks in-profile PC Data traffic to DSCP 0
CAT6500-PFC2-CATOS> (enable)

CAT6500-PFC2-CATOS> (enable) commit qos acl IPPHONE-PC-BASIC
    ! Commits ACL to PFC memory
CAT6500-PFC2-CATOS> (enable)
CAT6500-PFC2-CATOS> (enable) set port qos 3/1 trust-device ciscoipphone
    ! Conditional trust (for Cisco IP Phones only)
CAT6500-PFC2-CATOS> (enable) set qos acl map IPPHONE-PC-BASIC 3/1
    ! Attaches ACL to switch port
CAT6500-PFC2-CATOS> (enable)
```

Cisco Catalyst 6500 QoS Design

Queuing Design (1P2Q2T)

| Application | DSCP | CoS | 1P2Q2T |
|-----------------------|------|-------|----------------------------------|
| Network Control | - | CoS 7 | CoS 5 Q3 (30%) Priority Queue |
| Internetwork Control | CS6 | CoS 6 | |
| Voice | EF | CoS 5 | CoS 7 Q2T2 |
| Interactive Video | AF41 | CoS 4 | |
| Streaming Video | CS4 | CoS 4 | CoS 6 Q2T1 |
| Mission-Critical Data | AF31 | CoS 3 | |
| Call Signaling | CS3 | CoS 3 | CoS 4 Queue 2 (30%) |
| Transactional Data | AF21 | CoS 2 | |
| Network Management | CS2 | CoS 2 | CoS 3 Q1T2 |
| Bulk Data | AF11 | CoS 1 | |
| Scavenger | CS1 | CoS 1 | CoS 0 Queue 1 (40%) |
| Best Effort | 0 | 0 | |
| | | | CoS 1 Q1T1 |

Cisco Catalyst 6500 QoS Design

Queuing Design (1P2Q2T Cisco Catalyst OS)

Cisco.com

```
CAT6500-PFC2-CATOS> (enable) set qos txq-ratio lp2q2t 40 30 30
    ! Allocates buffers: 40% for Q1, 30% for Q2, 30% for Q3 (PQ)
CAT6500-PFC2-CATOS> (enable) set qos wrr lp2q2t 30 70
    ! Sets the WRR weights for 30:70 (Q1:Q2) bandwidth servicing
CAT6500-PFC2-CATOS> (enable)

CAT6500-PFC2-CATOS> (enable) set qos wred lp2q2t tx queue 1 40:80 80:100
    ! Sets Q1 WRED T1 to 40:80 to limit Scavenger/Bulk within Q1
    ! Sets Q1 WRED T2 to 80:100 for congestion-avoidance for Best Effort
CAT6500-PFC2-CATOS> (enable) set qos wred lp2q2t tx queue 2 70:80 80:100
    ! Sets Q2 WRED T1 to 70:80 to provide congestion-avoidance
    ! Sets Q2 WRED T2 to 80:100 to force room for Network Control traffic
CAT6500-PFC2-CATOS> (enable)

CAT6500-PFC2-CATOS> (enable) set qos map lp2q2t tx 1 1 cos 1
    ! Maps Scavenger/Bulk to Q1 WRED Threshold 1
CAT6500-PFC2-CATOS> (enable) set qos map lp2q2t tx 1 2 cos 0
    ! Maps Best Effort to Q1 WRED Threshold 2
CAT6500-PFC2-CATOS> (enable) set qos map lp2q2t tx 2 1 cos 2,3,4
    ! Maps CoS 2,3,4 to Q2 WRED Threshold 1
CAT6500-PFC2-CATOS> (enable) set qos map lp2q2t tx 2 2 cos 6,7
    ! Maps Network/Internetwork Control to Q2 WRED Threshold 2
CAT6500-PFC2-CATOS> (enable) set qos map lp2q2t tx 3 1 cos 5
    ! Maps VoIP to PQ
CAT6500-PFC2-CATOS> (enable)
```

Cisco Catalyst 6500 QoS Design

Queuing Design (1P2Q2T: Cisco IOS): Part 1

Cisco.com

```
CAT6500-PFC3-IOS(config)#interface range GigabitEthernet4/1 - 8
CAT6500-PFC3(config-if-range)# wrr-queue queue-limit 40 30
    ! Sets the buffer allocations to 40% for Q1 and 30% for Q2
    ! Indirectly sets PQ (Q3) size to equal Q2 (which is set to 30%)
CAT6500-PFC3(config-if-range)# wrr-queue bandwidth 30 70
    ! Sets the WRR weights for 30:70 (Q1:Q2) bandwidth servicing
CAT6500-PFC3(config-if-range)#

CAT6500-PFC3(config-if-range)# wrr-queue random-detect min-threshold 1 40 80
    ! Sets Min WRED Thresholds for Q1T1 and Q1T2 to 40 and 80, respectively
CAT6500-PFC3(config-if-range)# wrr-queue random-detect max-threshold 1 80 100
    ! Sets Max WRED Thresholds for Q1T1 and Q1T2 to 80 and 100, respectively

CAT6500-PFC3(config-if-range)# wrr-queue random-detect min-threshold 2 70 80
    ! Sets Min WRED Thresholds for Q2T1 and Q2T2 to 70 and 80, respectively
CAT6500-PFC3(config-if-range)# wrr-queue random-detect max-threshold 2 80 100
    ! Sets Max WRED Thresholds for Q2T1 and Q2T2 to 80 and 100, respectively
```


Cisco Catalyst 6500 QoS Design

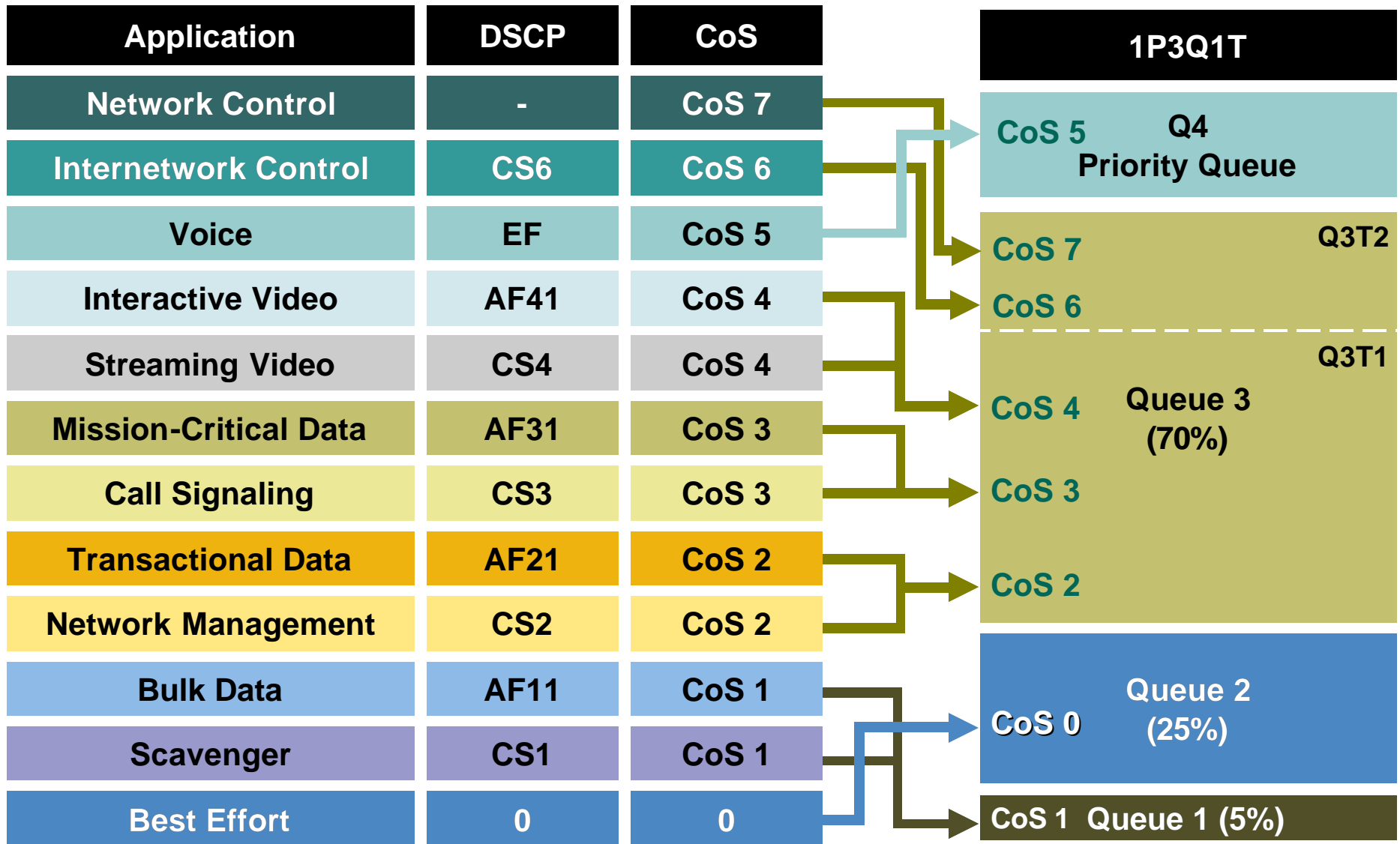
Queuing Design (1P2Q2T: Cisco IOS): Part 2

```
CAT6500-PFC3(config-if-range)# wrr-queue cos-map 1 1 1
    ! Maps Scavenger/Bulk to Q1 WRED Threshold 1
CAT6500-PFC3(config-if-range)# wrr-queue cos-map 1 2 0
    ! Maps Best Effort to Q1 WRED Threshold 2
CAT6500-PFC3(config-if-range)# wrr-queue cos-map 2 1 2 3 4
    ! Maps CoS 2,3,4 to Q2 WRED Threshold 1
CAT6500-PFC3(config-if-range)# wrr-queue cos-map 2 2 6 7
    ! Maps Network/Internetwork Control to Q2 WRED Threshold 2
CAT6500-PFC3(config-if-range)# priority-queue cos-map 1 5
    ! Maps VoIP to PQ
CAT6500-PFC3(config-if-range)#end
CAT6500-PFC3-IOS#
```

Cisco Catalyst 6500 QoS Design

Queuing Design (1P3Q1T: Cisco Catalyst OS Supports 1P3Q2T)

Cisco.com



Cisco Catalyst 6500 QoS Design

Queuing Design (1P3Q1T: Cisco Catalyst OS)

Cisco.com

```
CAT6500-PFC2-CATOS> (enable) set qos wrr lp3qlt 5 25 70
    ! Sets the WRR weights for 5:25:70 (Q1:Q2:Q3) bandwidth servicing
CAT6500-PFC2-CATOS> (enable)
CAT6500-PFC2-CATOS> (enable) set qos wred lp3qlt tx queue 1 80:100
    ! Sets Q1 WRED T1 to 80:100 for Scavenger/Bulk queue
CAT6500-PFC2-CATOS> (enable) set qos wred lp3qlt tx queue 2 80:100
    ! Sets Q2 WRED T1 to 80:100 for Best Effort queue
CAT6500-PFC2-CATOS> (enable) set qos wred lp3qlt tx queue 3 70:80
    ! Sets Q3 WRED T1 to 70:80 for congestion-avoidance for CoS 2,3,4
    ! and to force room (via tail-drop) for Network Control traffic
CAT6500-PFC2-CATOS> (enable)
```

```
CAT6500-PFC2-CATOS> (enable) set qos map lp3qlt tx 1 1 cos 1
    ! Maps Scavenger/Bulk to Q1 WRED Threshold 1 (80:100)
CAT6500-PFC2-CATOS> (enable) set qos map lp3qlt tx 2 1 cos 0
    ! Maps Best Effort to Q2 WRED Threshold 1 (80:100)
CAT6500-PFC2-CATOS> (enable) set qos map lp3qlt tx 3 1 cos 2,3,4
    ! Maps CoS 2,3,4 to Q3 WRED Threshold 1 (70:80)
CAT6500-PFC2-CATOS> (enable) set qos map lp3qlt tx 3 cos 6,7
    ! Maps Network/Internetwork Control to Q3 Tail (100%)
CAT6500-PFC2-CATOS> (enable) set qos map lp3qlt tx 4 cos 5
    ! Maps VoIP to PQ (Q4)
CAT6500-PFC2-CATOS> (enable)
```

Cisco Catalyst 6500 QoS Design

Queuing Design (1P3Q1T: Cisco IOS): Part 1

```
CAT6500-PFC3-IOS(config)# interface range FastEthernet3/1 - 48
CAT6500-PFC3-IOS(config-if)# wrr-queue bandwidth 5 25 70
    ! Sets the WRR weights for 5:25:70 (Q1:Q2:Q3) bandwidth servicing
CAT6500-PFC3-IOS(config-if)#
CAT6500-PFC3-IOS(config-if)#
CAT6500-PFC3(config-if-range)# wrr-queue random-detect 1 ! Enables WRED on Q1
CAT6500-PFC3(config-if-range)# wrr-queue random-detect 2 ! Enables WRED on Q2
CAT6500-PFC3(config-if-range)# wrr-queue random-detect 3 ! Enables WRED on Q3
CAT6500-PFC3-IOS(config-if)#
CAT6500-PFC3-IOS(config-if)# wrr-queue random-detect min-threshold 1 80
    ! Sets Min WRED Threshold for Q1T1 to 80%
CAT6500-PFC3-IOS(config-if)# wrr-queue random-detect max-threshold 1 100
    ! Sets Max WRED Threshold for Q1T1 to 100%
CAT6500-PFC3-IOS(config-if)#

CAT6500-PFC3-IOS(config-if)# wrr-queue random-detect min-threshold 2 80
    ! Sets Min WRED Threshold for Q2T1 to 80%
CAT6500-PFC3-IOS(config-if)# wrr-queue random-detect max-threshold 2 100
    ! Sets Max WRED Threshold for Q2T1 to 100%
CAT6500-PFC3-IOS(config-if)#

CAT6500-PFC3-IOS(config-if)# wrr-queue random-detect min-threshold 3 80
    ! Sets Min WRED Threshold for Q3T1 to 80%
CAT6500-PFC3-IOS(config-if)# wrr-queue random-detect max-threshold 3 100
    ! Sets Max WRED Threshold for Q3T1 to 100%
CAT6500-PFC3-IOS(config-if)#
```

Cisco Catalyst 6500 QoS Design

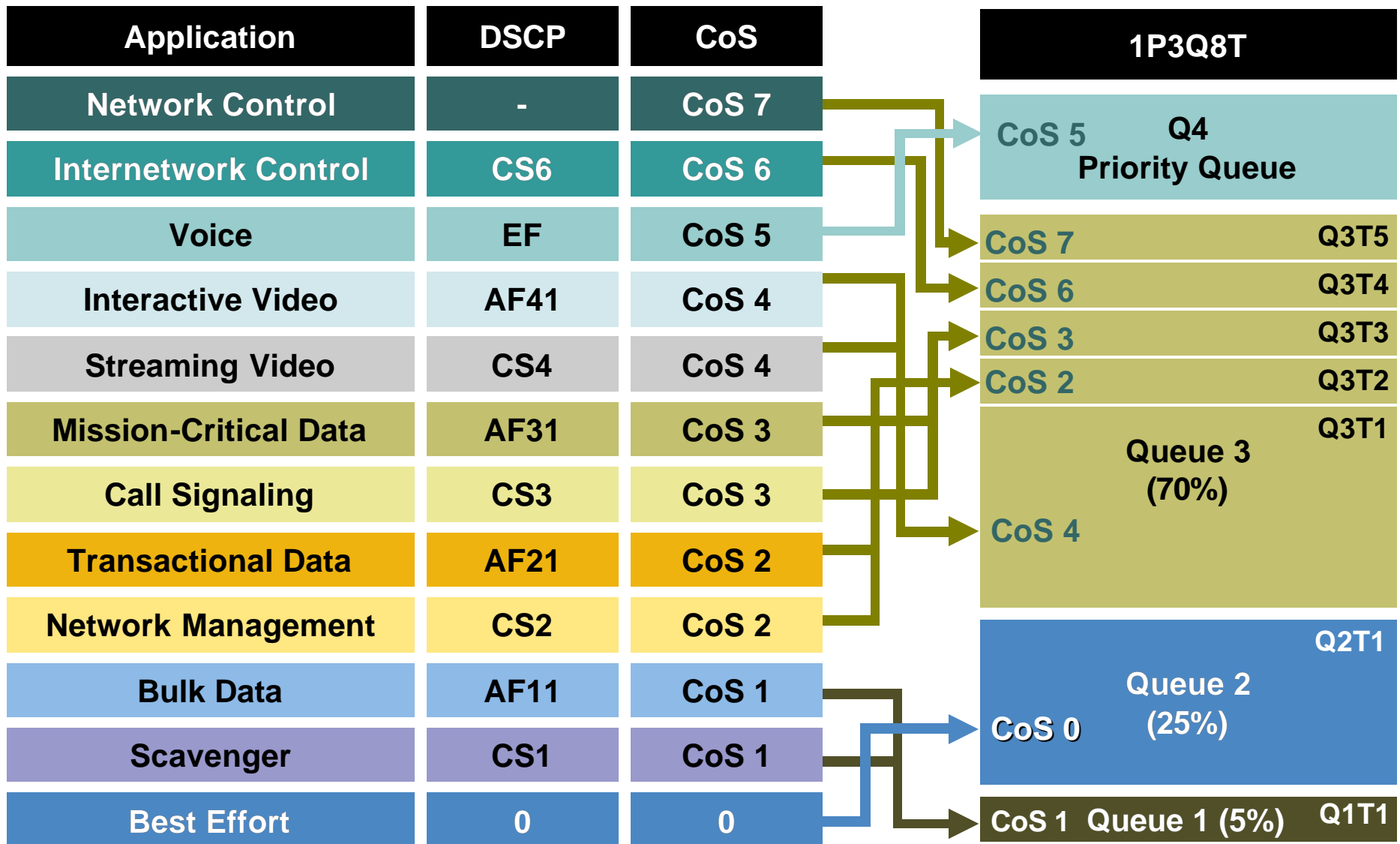
Queuing Design (1P3Q1T: Cisco IOS): Part 2

Cisco.com

```
CAT6500-PFC3-IOS(config-if)# wrr-queue cos-map 1 1 1
    ! Maps Scavenger/Bulk to Q1 WRED Threshold 1 (80:100)
CAT6500-PFC3-IOS(config-if)# wrr-queue cos-map 2 1 0
    ! Maps Best Effort to Q2 WRED Threshold 1 (80:100)
CAT6500-PFC3-IOS(config-if)# wrr-queue cos-map 3 1 2 3 4 6 7
    ! Maps CoS 2,3,4,6 and 7 to Q3 WRED Threshold 1 (80:100)
CAT6500-PFC3-IOS(config-if)# priority-queue cos-map 1 5
    ! Maps VoIP to PQ (Q4)
CAT6500-PFC3-IOS(config-if)#end
CAT6500-PFC3-IOS#
```

Cisco Catalyst 6500 QoS Design

Queuing Design (1P3Q8T)



Cisco Catalyst 6500 QoS Design

Queuing Design (1P3Q8T: Cisco Catalyst OS): Part 1

Cisco.com

```
CAT6500-PFC3-CATOS> (enable) set qos txq-ratio lp3q8t 5 25 40 30
! Allocates 5% for Q1, 25% for Q2, 40% for Q3 and 30% for Q4 (PQ)
CAT6500-PFC3-CATOS> (enable) set qos wrr lp3q8t 5 25 70
! Sets the WRR weights for 5:25:70 (Q1:Q2:Q3) bandwidth servicing
```

```
CAT6500-PFC3-CATOS> (enable) set qos wred lp3q8t tx queue 1 80:100 100:100
100:100 100:100 100:100 100:100 100:100 100:100
! Sets Q1 WRED T1 to 80:100 and all other Q1 WRED Thresholds to 100:100
```

```
CAT6500-PFC3-CATOS> (enable) set qos wred lp3q8t tx queue 2 80:100 100:100
100:100 100:100 100:100 100:100 100:100 100:100
! Sets Q2 WRED T1 to 80:100 and all other Q2 WRED Thresholds to 100:100
```

```
CAT6500-PFC3-CATOS> (enable) set qos wred lp3q8t tx queue 3 50:60 60:70 70:80
80:90 90:100 100:100 100:100 100:100
! Sets Q3 WRED T1 to 50:60, Q3T2 to 60:70, Q3T3 to 70:80,
! Q3T4 to 80:90, Q3T5 to 90:100
! and the other two Q3 WRED Thresholds to 100:100
```

Cisco Catalyst 6500 QoS Design

Queuing Design (1P3Q8T: Cisco Catalyst OS): Part 2

Cisco.com

```
CAT6500-PFC3-CATOS> (enable) set qos map 1p3q8t tx 1 1 cos 1
    ! Maps Scavenger/Bulk to Q1 WRED Threshold 1
CAT6500-PFC3-CATOS> (enable) set qos map 1p3q8t tx 2 1 cos 0
    ! Maps Best Effort to Q2 WRED Threshold 1
CAT6500-PFC3-CATOS> (enable) set qos map 1p3q8t tx 3 1 cos 4
    ! Maps Video to Q3 WRED Threshold 1
CAT6500-PFC3-CATOS> (enable) set qos map 1p3q8t tx 3 2 cos 2
    ! Maps Net-Mgmt and Transactional Data to Q3 WRED T2
CAT6500-PFC3-CATOS> (enable) set qos map 1p3q8t tx 3 3 cos 3
    ! Maps Call-Signaling and Mission-Critical Data to Q3 WRED T3
CAT6500-PFC3-CATOS> (enable) set qos map 1p3q8t tx 3 4 cos 6
    ! Maps Internetwork-Control (IP Routing) to Q3 WRED T4
CAT6500-PFC3-CATOS> (enable) set qos map 1p3q8t tx 3 5 cos 7
    ! Maps Network-Control (Spanning Tree) to Q3 WRED T5
CAT6500-PFC3-CATOS> (enable) set qos map 1p3q8t tx 4 cos 5
    ! Maps VoIP to the PQ (Q4)
CAT6500-PFC3-CATOS> (enable)
```


Cisco Catalyst 6500 QoS Design

Queuing Design (1P3Q8T: Cisco IOS): Part 1

Cisco.com

```
CAT6500-PFC3-IOS(config)# interface range GigabitEthernet1/1 - 48
CAT6500-PFC3-IOS(config-if)# wrr-queue queue-limit 5 25 40
    ! Allocates 5% for Q1, 25% for Q2 and 40% for Q3
CAT6500-PFC3-IOS(config-if)# wrr-queue bandwidth 5 25 70
    ! Sets the WRR weights for 5:25:70 (Q1:Q2:Q3) bandwidth servicing
```

```
CAT6500-PFC3(config-if-range)# wrr-queue random-detect 1      ! Enables WRED on Q1
CAT6500-PFC3(config-if-range)# wrr-queue random-detect 2      ! Enables WRED on Q2
CAT6500-PFC3(config-if-range)# wrr-queue random-detect 3      ! Enables WRED on Q3
CAT6500-PFC3-IOS(config-if)#
```

```
CAT6500-PFC3-IOS(config-if)# wrr-queue random-detect min-threshold 1 80
    100 100 100 100 100 100 100
    ! Sets Min WRED Threshold for Q1T1 to 80% and all others to 100%
CAT6500-PFC3-IOS(config-if)# wrr-queue random-detect max-threshold 1 100
    100 100 100 100 100 100 100
    ! Sets Max WRED Threshold for Q1T1 to 100% and all others to 100%
CAT6500-PFC3-IOS(config-if)#
```

```
CAT6500-PFC3-IOS(config-if)# wrr-queue random-detect min-threshold 2 80
    100 100 100 100 100 100 100
    ! Sets Min WRED Threshold for Q2T1 to 80% and all others to 100%
CAT6500-PFC3-IOS(config-if)# wrr-queue random-detect max-threshold 2 100
    100 100 100 100 100 100 100
    ! Sets Max WRED Threshold for Q2T1 to 100% and all others to 100%
```

Cisco Catalyst 6500 QoS Design

Queuing Design (1P3Q8T: Cisco IOS): Part 2

```
CAT6500-PFC3-IOS(config-if)# wrr-queue random-detect min-threshold 3 50
60 70 80 90 100 100 100
! Sets Min WRED Threshold for Q3T1 to 50%, Q3T2 to 60%, Q3T3 to 70%
! Q3T4 to 80%, Q3T5 to 90% and all others to 100%
CAT6500-PFC3-IOS(config-if)# wrr-queue random-detect max-threshold 3 60
70 80 90 100 100 100 100
! Sets Max WRED Threshold for Q3T1 to 60%, Q3T2 to 70%, Q3T3 to 80%
! Q3T4 to 90%, Q3T5 to 100% and all others to 100%

CAT6500-PFC3-IOS(config-if)# wrr-queue cos-map 1 1 1
! Maps Scavenger/Bulk to Q1 WRED Threshold 1
CAT6500-PFC3-IOS(config-if)# wrr-queue cos-map 2 1 0
! Maps Best Effort to Q2 WRED Threshold 1
CAT6500-PFC3-IOS(config-if)# wrr-queue cos-map 3 1 4
! Maps Video to Q3 WRED Threshold 1
CAT6500-PFC3-IOS(config-if)# wrr-queue cos-map 3 2 2
! Maps Net-Mgmt and Transactional Data to Q3 WRED T2
CAT6500-PFC3-IOS(config-if)# wrr-queue cos-map 3 3 3
! Maps Call-Signaling and Mission-Critical Data to Q3 WRED T3
CAT6500-PFC3-IOS(config-if)# wrr-queue cos-map 3 4 6
! Maps Internetwork-Control (IP Routing) to Q3 WRED T4
CAT6500-PFC3-IOS(config-if)# wrr-queue cos-map 3 5 7
! Maps Network-Control (Spanning Tree) to Q3 WRED T5
CAT6500-PFC3-IOS(config-if)# priority-queue cos-map 1 5
! Maps VoIP to the PQ (Q4)
CAT6500-PFC3-IOS(config-if)#end
CAT6500-PFC3-IOS#
```

Cisco Catalyst 6500 QoS Design

Queuing Design (1P7Q8T)

Cisco.com

| Application | DSCP | CoS | 1P7Q8T | | |
|-----------------------|------|-------|--------|----------|------|
| Network Control | - | CoS 7 | CoS 5 | Q8 (PQ) | |
| Interwork Control | CS6 | CoS 6 | CoS 7 | Q7 (5%) | Q7T1 |
| Voice | EF | CoS 5 | CoS 6 | Q6 (5%) | Q6T1 |
| Interactive Video | AF41 | CoS 4 | CoS 3 | Q5 (20%) | Q5T1 |
| Streaming Video | CS4 | CoS 4 | CoS 3 | Q5 (20%) | Q5T1 |
| Mission-Critical Data | AF31 | CoS 3 | CoS 2 | Q4 (20%) | Q4T1 |
| Call Signaling | CS3 | CoS 3 | CoS 2 | Q4 (20%) | Q4T1 |
| Transactional Data | AF21 | CoS 2 | CoS 4 | Q3 (20%) | Q3T1 |
| Network Management | CS2 | CoS 2 | CoS 4 | Q3 (20%) | Q3T1 |
| Bulk Data | AF11 | CoS 1 | CoS 0 | Q2 (25%) | Q2T1 |
| Scavenger | CS1 | CoS 1 | CoS 0 | Q2 (25%) | Q2T1 |
| Best Effort | 0 | 0 | CoS 1 | Q1 (5%) | Q1T1 |

Cisco Catalyst 6500 QoS Design

Queuing Design (1P7Q8T: Cisco Catalyst OS): Part 1

Cisco.com

```
CAT6500-PFC3-CATOS> (enable) set qos txq-ratio lp7q8t 5 25 10 10 10 5 5 30
! Allocates 5% to Q1, 25% to Q2, 10% to Q3, 10% to Q4,
! Allocates 10% to Q5, 5% to Q6, 5% to Q7 and 30% to the PQ (Q8)
CAT6500-PFC3-CATOS> (enable) set qos wrr lp7q8t 5 25 20 20 20 5 5
! Sets the WRR weights for 5:25:20:20:20:5:5 (Q1 through Q7)

CAT6500-PFC3-CATOS> (enable) set qos wred lp7q8t tx queue 1 80:100 100:100
100:100 100:100 100:100 100:100 100:100 100:100
! Sets Q1 WRED T1 to 80:100 and all other Q1 WRED Thresholds to 100:100
CAT6500-PFC3-CATOS> (enable) set qos wred lp7q8t tx queue 2 80:100 100:100
100:100 100:100 100:100 100:100 100:100 100:100
! Sets Q2 WRED T1 to 80:100 and all other Q2 WRED Thresholds to 100:100
CAT6500-PFC3-CATOS> (enable) set qos wred lp7q8t tx queue 3 80:100 100:100
100:100 100:100 100:100 100:100 100:100 100:100
! Sets Q3 WRED T1 to 80:100 and all other Q3 WRED Thresholds to 100:100
CAT6500-PFC3-CATOS> (enable) set qos wred lp7q8t tx queue 4 80:100 100:100
100:100 100:100 100:100 100:100 100:100 100:100
! Sets Q4 WRED T1 to 80:100 and all other Q4 WRED Thresholds to 100:100
CAT6500-PFC3-CATOS> (enable) set qos wred lp7q8t tx queue 5 80:100 100:100
100:100 100:100 100:100 100:100 100:100 100:100
! Sets Q5 WRED T1 to 80:100 and all other Q5 WRED Thresholds to 100:100
CAT6500-PFC3-CATOS> (enable) set qos wred lp7q8t tx queue 6 80:100 100:100
100:100 100:100 100:100 100:100 100:100 100:100
! Sets Q6 WRED T1 to 80:100 and all other Q6 WRED Thresholds to 100:100
CAT6500-PFC3-CATOS> (enable) set qos wred lp7q8t tx queue 7 80:100 100:100
100:100 100:100 100:100 100:100 100:100 100:100
! Sets Q7 WRED T1 to 80:100 and all other Q7 WRED Thresholds to 100:100
```

Cisco Catalyst 6500 QoS Design

Queuing Design (1P7Q8T: Cisco Catalyst OS): Part 2

Cisco.com

```
CAT6500-PFC3-CATOS> (enable) set qos map 1p7q8t tx 1 1 cos 1
    ! Maps Scavenger/Bulk to Q1 WRED Threshold 1
CAT6500-PFC3-CATOS> (enable) set qos map 1p7q8t tx 2 1 cos 0
    ! Maps Best Effort to Q2 WRED Threshold 1
CAT6500-PFC3-CATOS> (enable) set qos map 1p7q8t tx 3 1 cos 4
    ! Maps Video to Q3 WRED Threshold 1
CAT6500-PFC3-CATOS> (enable) set qos map 1p7q8t tx 4 1 cos 2
    ! Maps Net-Mgmt and Transactional Data to Q4 WRED T1
CAT6500-PFC3-CATOS> (enable) set qos map 1p7q8t tx 5 1 cos 3
    ! Maps Call-Signaling and Mission-Critical Data to Q5 WRED T1
CAT6500-PFC3-CATOS> (enable) set qos map 1p7q8t tx 6 1 cos 6
    ! Maps Internetwork-Control (IP Routing) to Q6 WRED T1
CAT6500-PFC3-CATOS> (enable) set qos map 1p7q8t tx 7 1 cos 7
    ! Maps Network-Control (Spanning Tree) to Q7 WRED T1
CAT6500-PFC3-CATOS> (enable) set qos map 1p7q8t tx 8 cos 5
    ! Maps VoIP to the PQ (Q4)
CAT6500-PFC3-CATOS> (enable)
```

Cisco Catalyst 6500 QoS Design

Queuing Design (1P7Q8T: Cisco IOS): Part 1

Cisco.com

```
CAT6500-PFC3-IOS(config)#interface range TenGigabitEthernet4/1 - 4
CAT6500-PFC3(config-if-range)# wrr-queue queue-limit 5 25 10 10 10 5 5
    ! Allocates 5% to Q1, 25% to Q2, 10% to Q3, 10% to Q4,
    ! Allocates 10% to Q5, 5% to Q6 and 5% to Q7
CAT6500-PFC3(config-if-range)# wrr-queue bandwidth 5 25 20 20 20 5 5
    ! Sets the WRR weights for 5:25:20:20:20:5:5 (Q1 through Q7)
```

```
CAT6500-PFC3(config-if-range)# wrr-queue random-detect 1      ! Enables WRED on Q1
CAT6500-PFC3(config-if-range)# wrr-queue random-detect 2      ! Enables WRED on Q2
CAT6500-PFC3(config-if-range)# wrr-queue random-detect 3      ! Enables WRED on Q3
CAT6500-PFC3(config-if-range)# wrr-queue random-detect 4      ! Enables WRED on Q4
CAT6500-PFC3(config-if-range)# wrr-queue random-detect 5      ! Enables WRED on Q5
CAT6500-PFC3(config-if-range)# wrr-queue random-detect 6      ! Enables WRED on Q6
CAT6500-PFC3(config-if-range)# wrr-queue random-detect 7      ! Enables WRED on Q7
```

Cisco Catalyst 6500 QoS Design

Queuing Design (1P7Q8T: Cisco IOS): Part 2

```
CAT6500-PFC3(config-if-range)# wrr-queue random-detect min-threshold 1 80
100 100 100 100 100 100 100
! Sets Min WRED Threshold for Q1T1 to 80% and all others to 100%
CAT6500-PFC3(config-if-range)# wrr-queue random-detect max-threshold 1 100
100 100 100 100 100 100 100
! Sets Max WRED Threshold for Q1T1 to 100% and all others to 100%

CAT6500-PFC3(config-if-range)# wrr-queue random-detect min-threshold 2 80
100 100 100 100 100 100 100
! Sets Min WRED Threshold for Q2T1 to 80% and all others to 100%
CAT6500-PFC3(config-if-range)# wrr-queue random-detect max-threshold 2 100
100 100 100 100 100 100 100
! Sets Max WRED Threshold for Q2T1 to 100% and all others to 100%

CAT6500-PFC3(config-if-range)# wrr-queue random-detect min-threshold 3 80
100 100 100 100 100 100 100
! Sets Min WRED Threshold for Q3T1 to 80% and all others to 100%
CAT6500-PFC3(config-if-range)# wrr-queue random-detect max-threshold 3 100
100 100 100 100 100 100 100
! Sets Max WRED Threshold for Q3T1 to 100% and all others to 100%

CAT6500-PFC3(config-if-range)# wrr-queue random-detect min-threshold 4 80
100 100 100 100 100 100 100
! Sets Min WRED Threshold for Q4T1 to 80% and all others to 100%
CAT6500-PFC3(config-if-range)# wrr-queue random-detect max-threshold 4 100
100 100 100 100 100 100 100
! Sets Max WRED Threshold for Q4T1 to 100% and all others to 100%
```

Cisco Catalyst 6500 QoS Design

Queuing Design (1P7Q8T: Cisco IOS): Part 3

```
CAT6500-PFC3(config-if-range)# wrr-queue random-detect min-threshold 5 80
100 100 100 100 100 100 100
! Sets Min WRED Threshold for Q5T1 to 80% and all others to 100%
CAT6500-PFC3(config-if-range)# wrr-queue random-detect max-threshold 5 100
100 100 100 100 100 100 100
! Sets Max WRED Threshold for Q5T1 to 100% and all others to 100%

CAT6500-PFC3(config-if-range)# wrr-queue random-detect min-threshold 6 80
100 100 100 100 100 100 100
! Sets Min WRED Threshold for Q6T1 to 80% and all others to 100%
CAT6500-PFC3(config-if-range)# wrr-queue random-detect max-threshold 6 100
100 100 100 100 100 100 100
! Sets Max WRED Threshold for Q6T1 to 100% and all others to 100%

CAT6500-PFC3(config-if-range)# wrr-queue random-detect min-threshold 7 80
100 100 100 100 100 100 100
! Sets Min WRED Threshold for Q7T1 to 80% and all others to 100%
CAT6500-PFC3(config-if-range)# wrr-queue random-detect max-threshold 7 100
100 100 100 100 100 100 100
! Sets Max WRED Threshold for Q7T1 to 100% and all others to 100%
```


Cisco Catalyst 6500 QoS Design

Queuing Design (1P7Q8T: Cisco IOS): Part 4

Cisco.com

```
CAT6500-PFC3(config-if-range)# wrr-queue cos-map 1 1 1
    ! Maps Scavenger/Bulk to Q1 WRED Threshold 1
CAT6500-PFC3(config-if-range)# wrr-queue cos-map 2 1 0
    ! Maps Best Effort to Q2 WRED Threshold 1
CAT6500-PFC3(config-if-range)# wrr-queue cos-map 3 1 4
    ! Maps Video to Q3 WRED Threshold 1
CAT6500-PFC3(config-if-range)# wrr-queue cos-map 4 1 2
    ! Maps Net-Mgmt and Transactional Data to Q4 WRED T1
CAT6500-PFC3(config-if-range)# wrr-queue cos-map 5 1 3
    ! Maps Call-Signaling and Mission-Critical Data to Q5 WRED T1
CAT6500-PFC3(config-if-range)# wrr-queue cos-map 6 1 6
    ! Maps Internetwork-Control (IP Routing) to Q6 WRED T1
CAT6500-PFC3(config-if-range)# wrr-queue cos-map 7 1 7
    ! Maps Network-Control (Spanning Tree) to Q7 WRED T1
CAT6500-PFC3(config-if-range)# priority-queue cos-map 1 5
    ! Maps VoIP to the PQ (Q4)
CAT6500-PFC3(config-if-range)#end
CAT6500-PFC3-IOS#
```